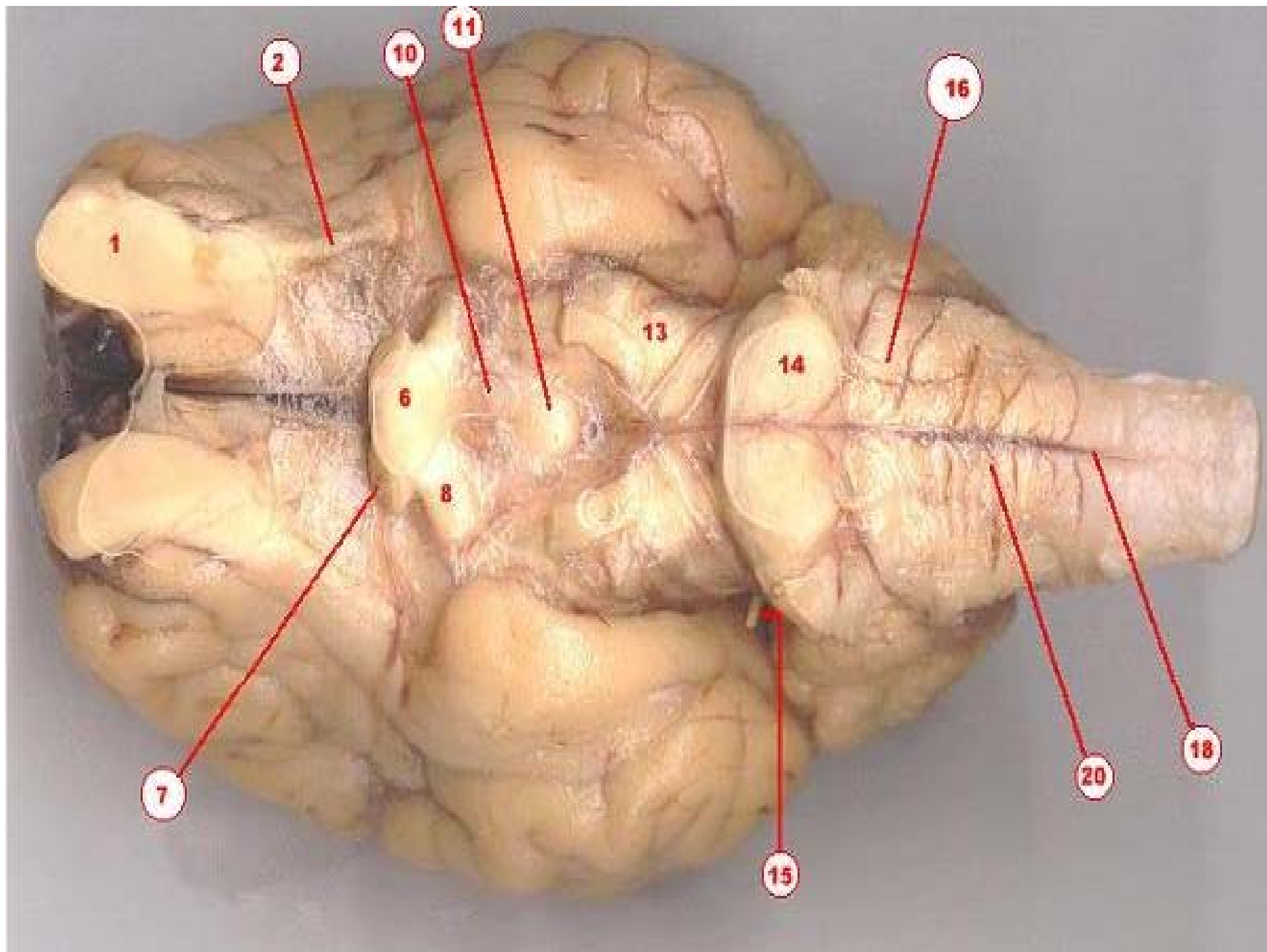
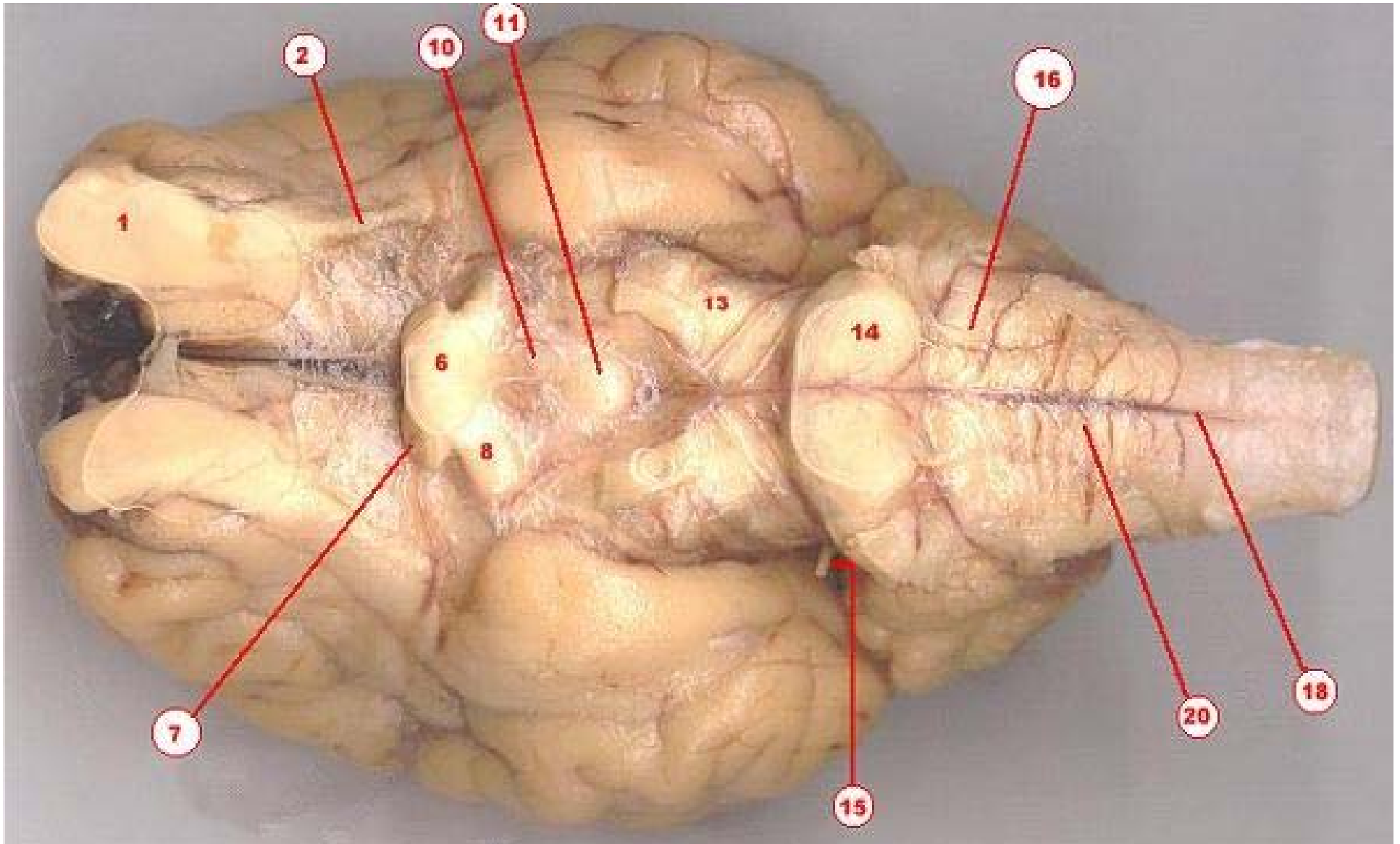


General lab review

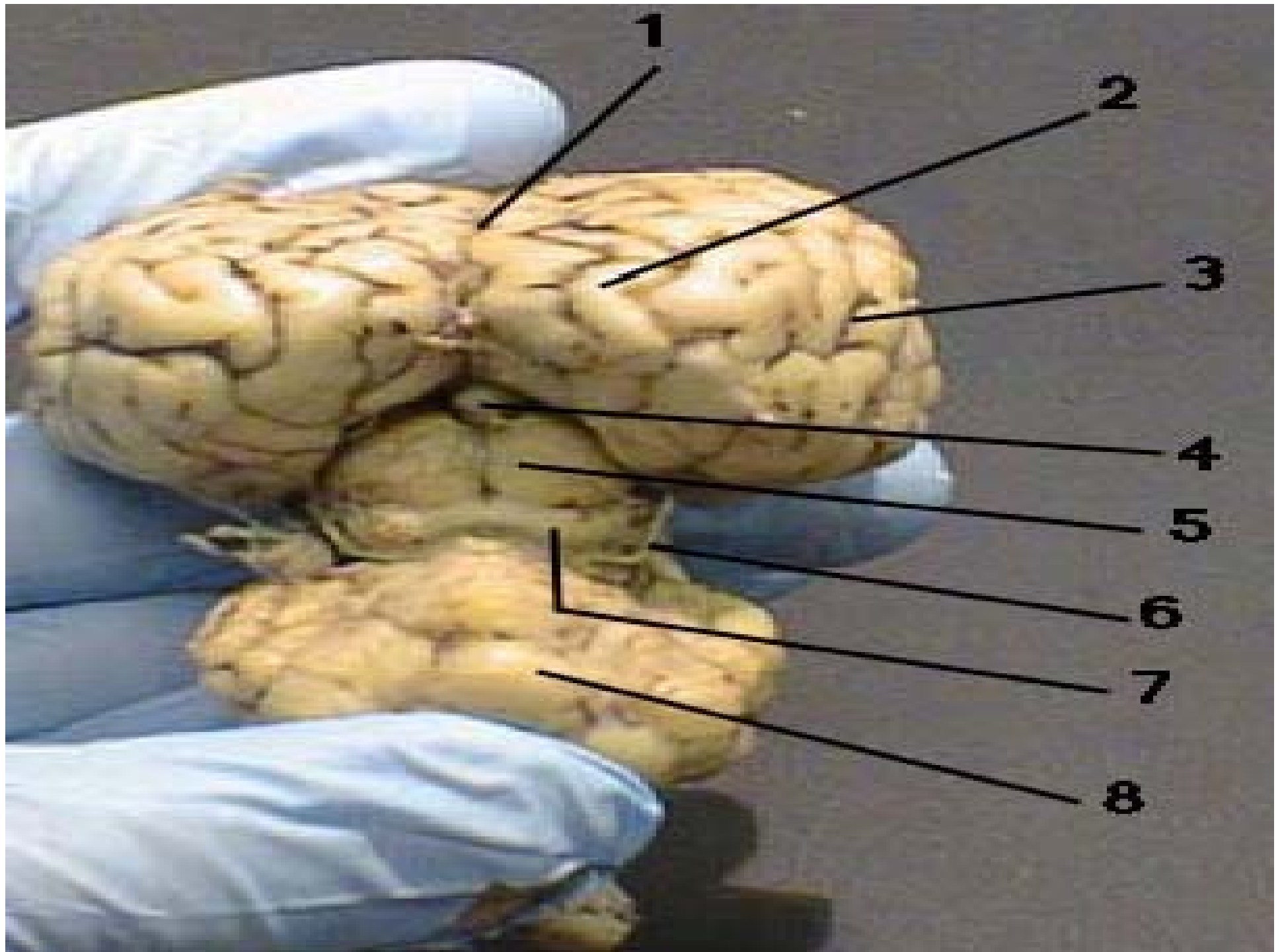


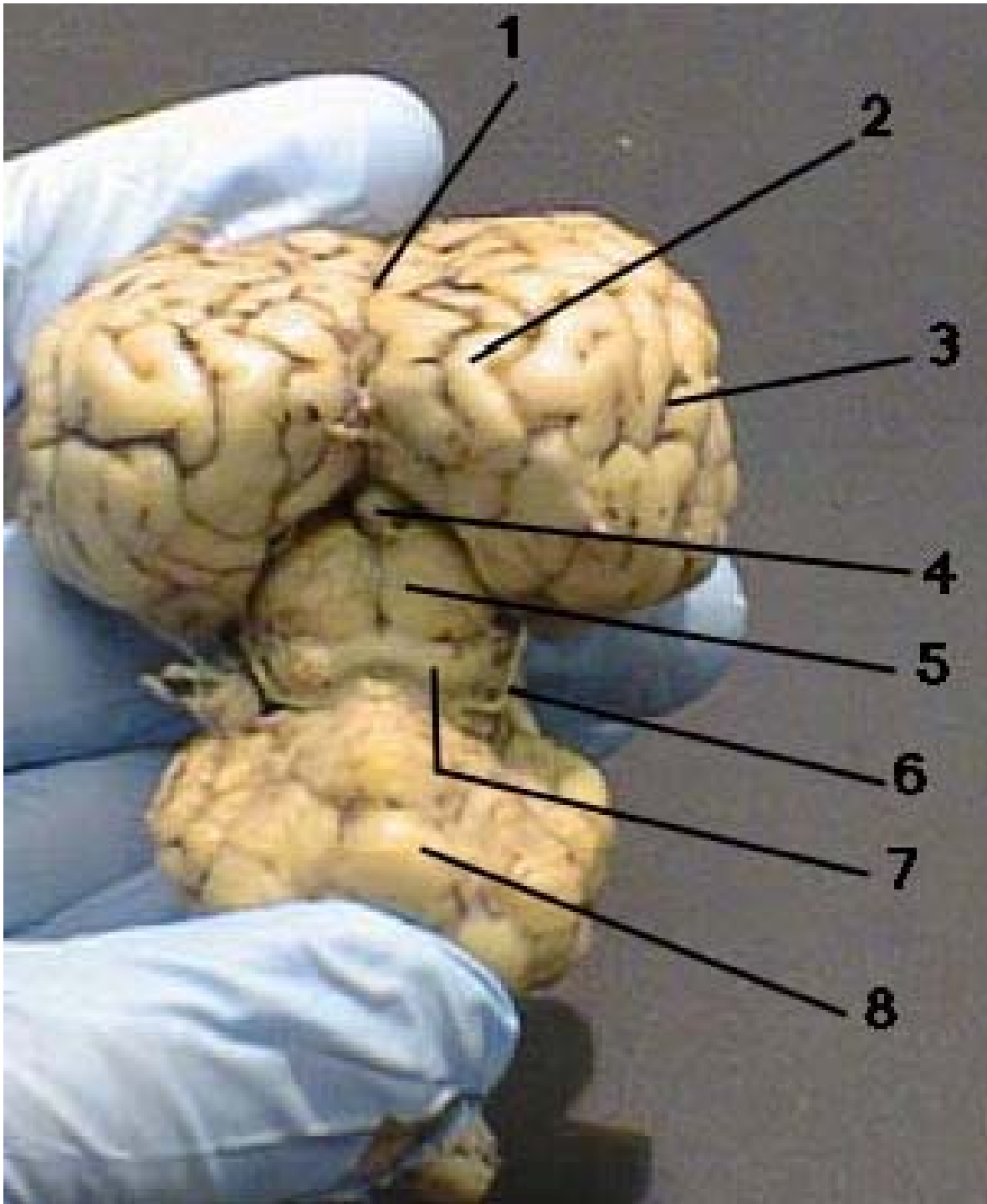
FCC



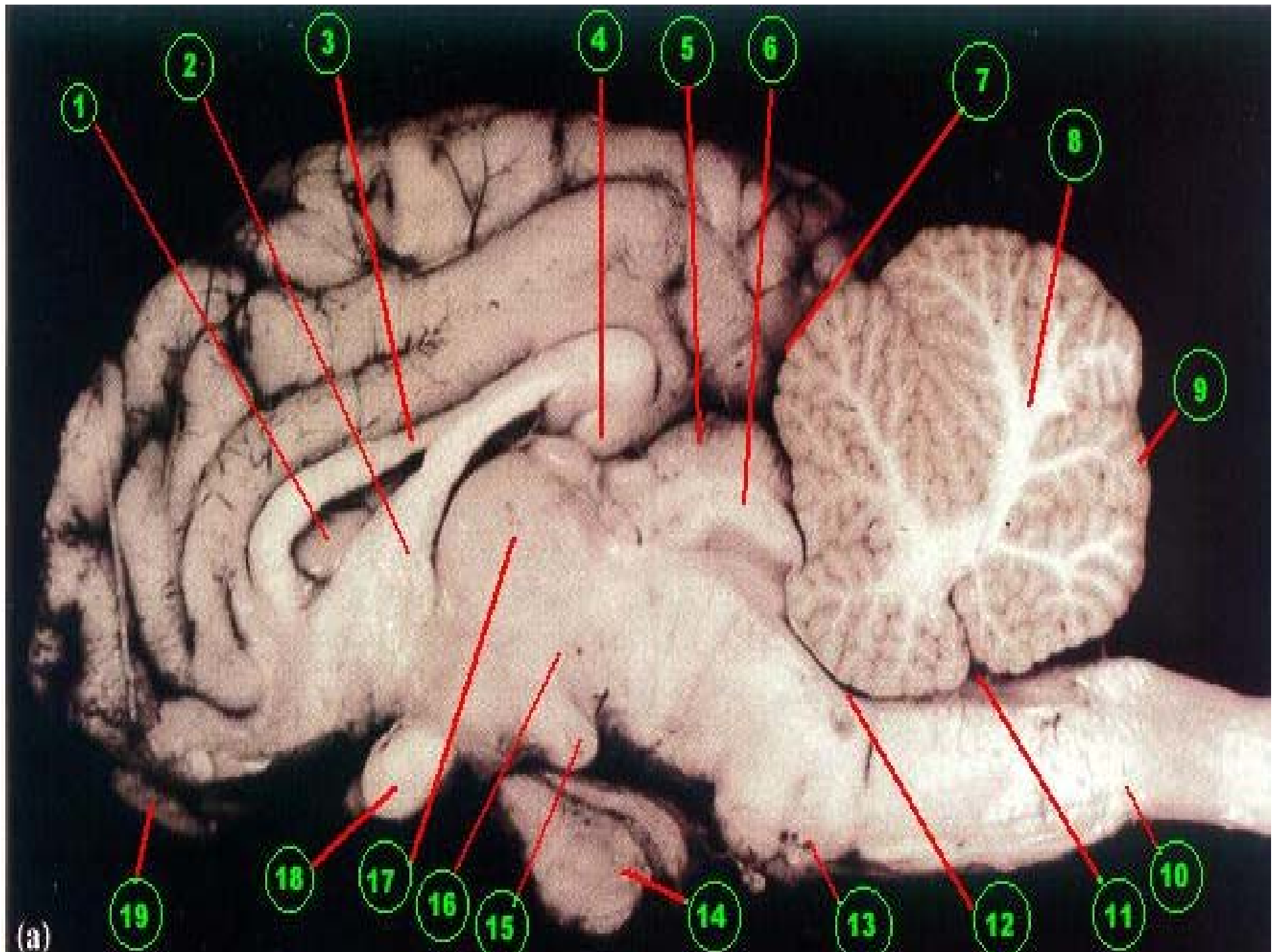


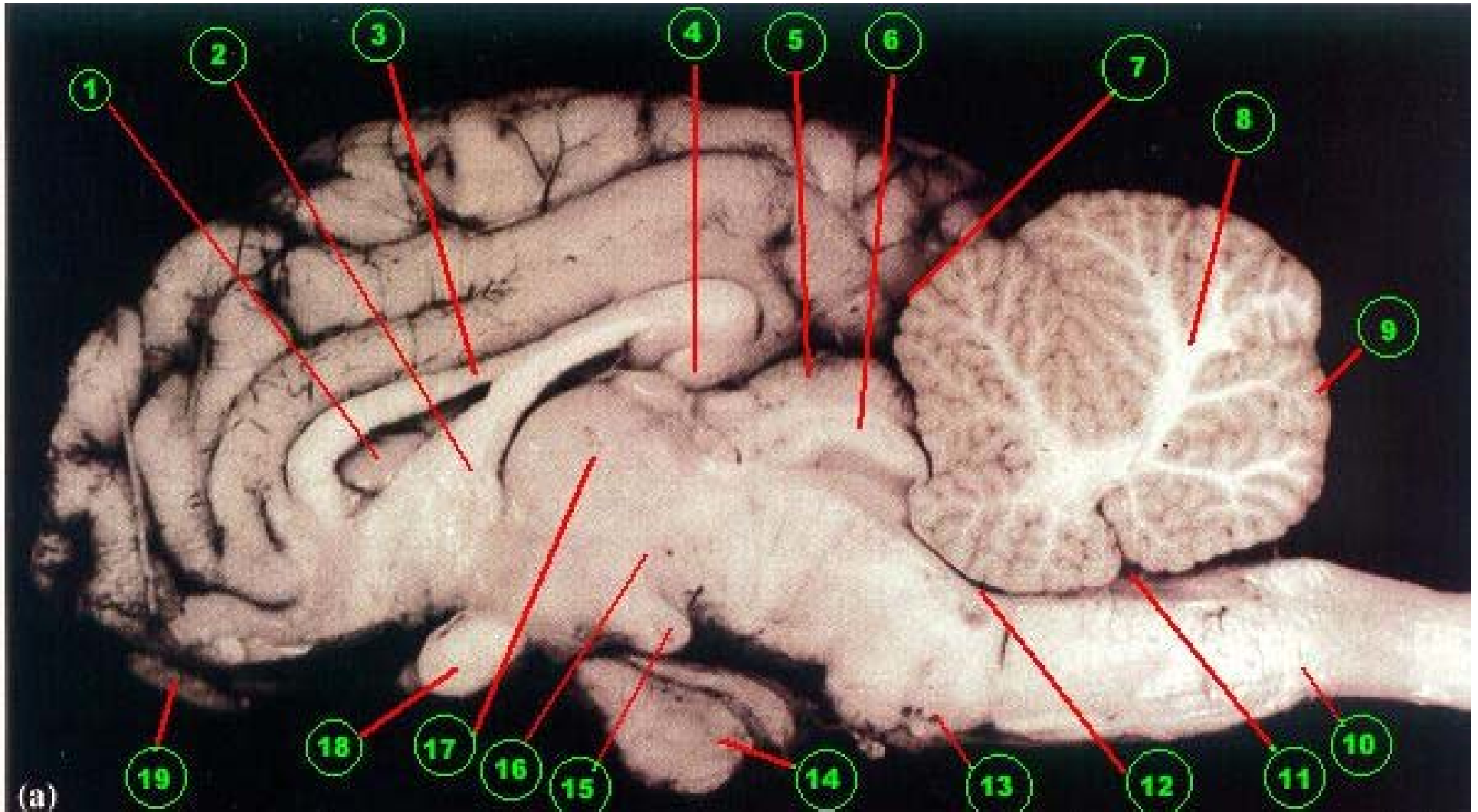
**1. olfactory bulb 11. mammillary body 2. olfactory tract 13. trigeminal nerve
6. optic chiasma 14. pons 7. optic nerve 15. trochlear nerve 8. optic tract
16. abducens nerve 10. opening where the infundibulum attaches 18.
spinal cord . 20. medulla oblongata**



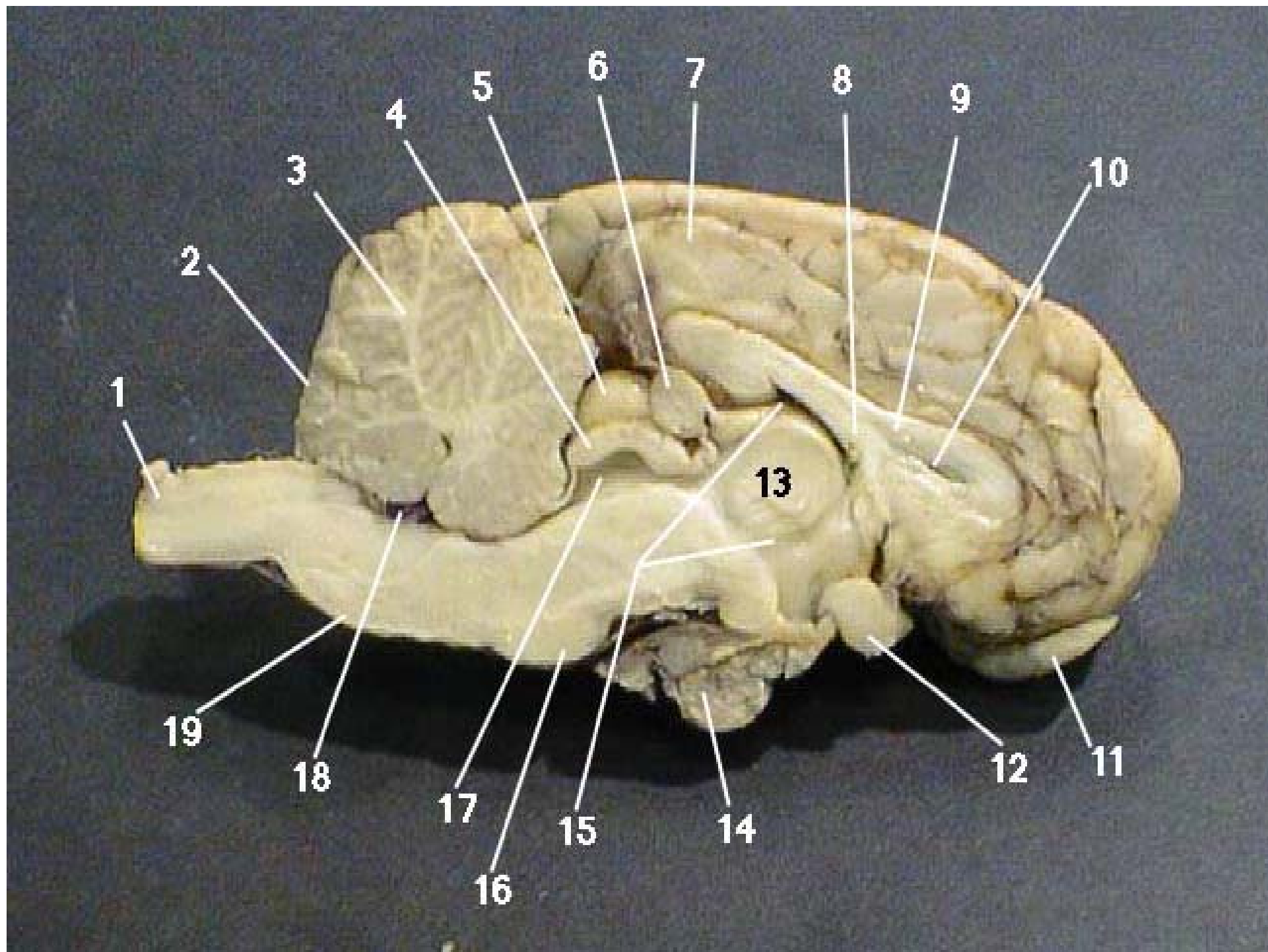


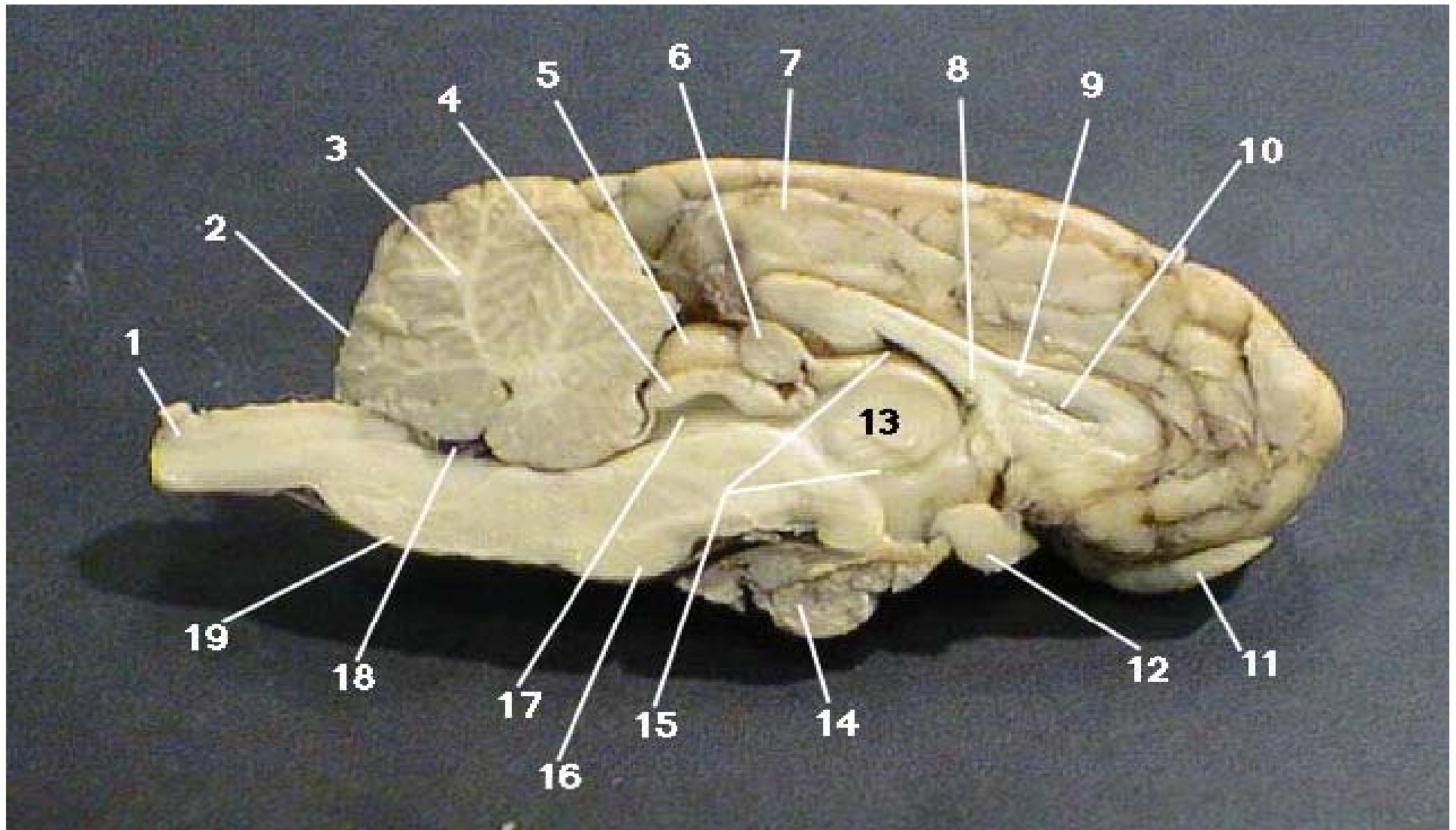
1. Longitudinal Cerebral Fissure 2. Cerebral Gyrus 3. Cerebral Sulcus 4. Pineal Gland 5. Superior Colliculus 6. Trochlear Nerve (IV) 7. Inferior Colliculus 8. Cerebellum



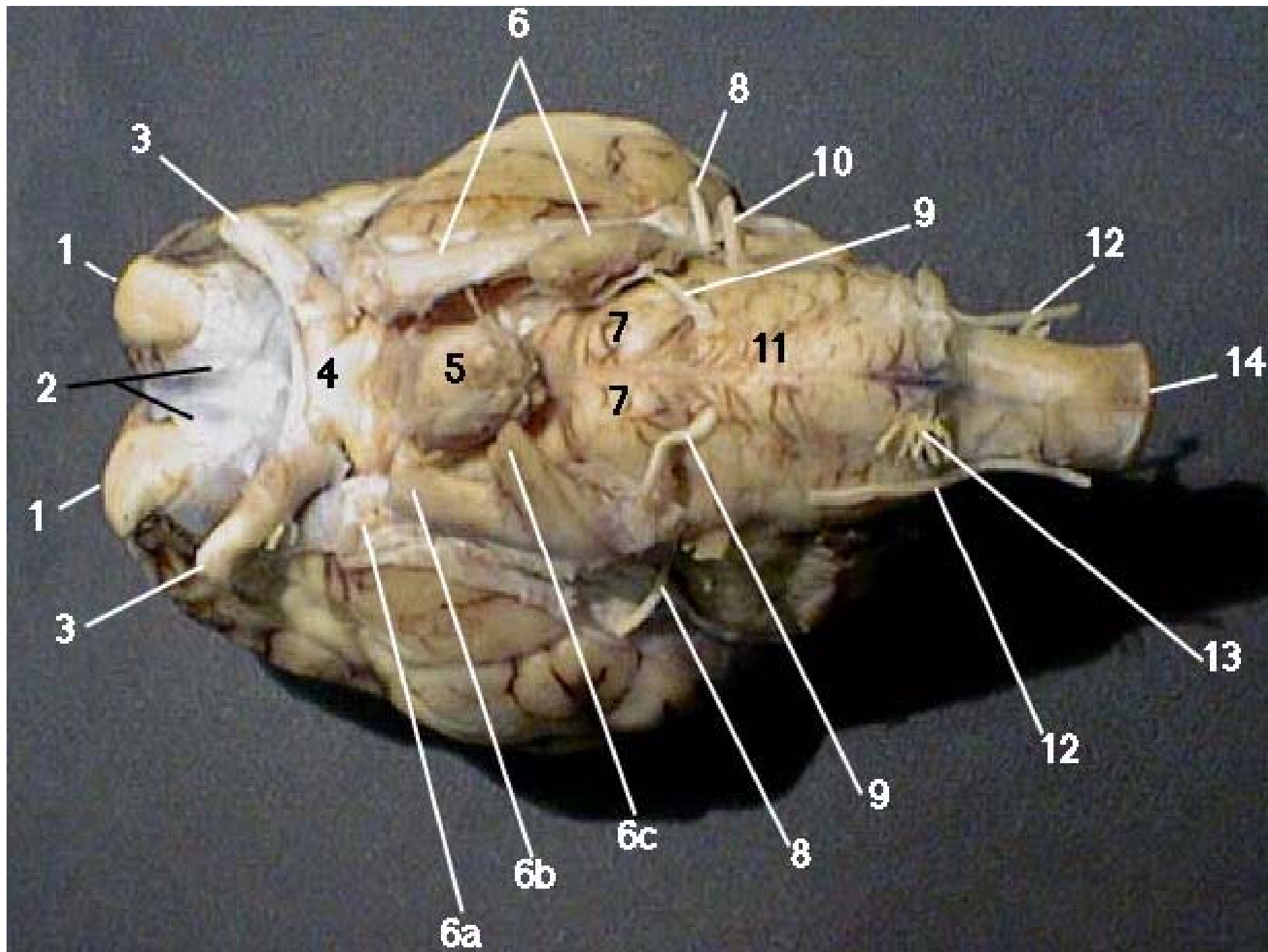


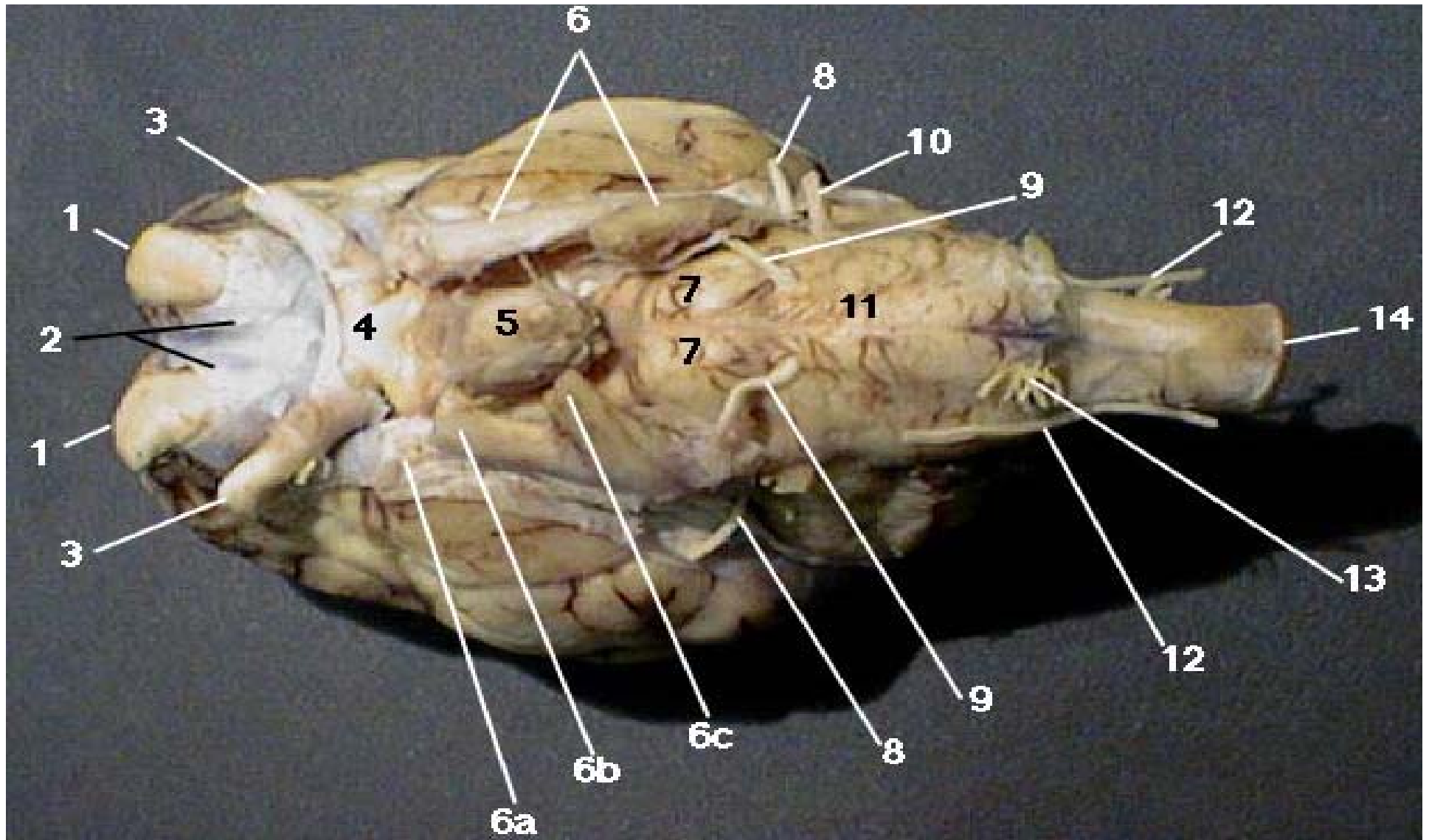
1. lateral ventricle 11. fourth ventricle 2. fornix 12. aqueduct 3. corpus callosum 13. pons 4. pineal body 14. pituitary gland 5. superior colliculi 15. mammillary body 6. inferior colliculi 16. hypothalamus 7. transverse fissure 17. thalamus 8. arbor vitae 18. optic chiasma 9. cerebellar cortex (grey matter) 19. olfactory bulb 10. medulla oblongata .



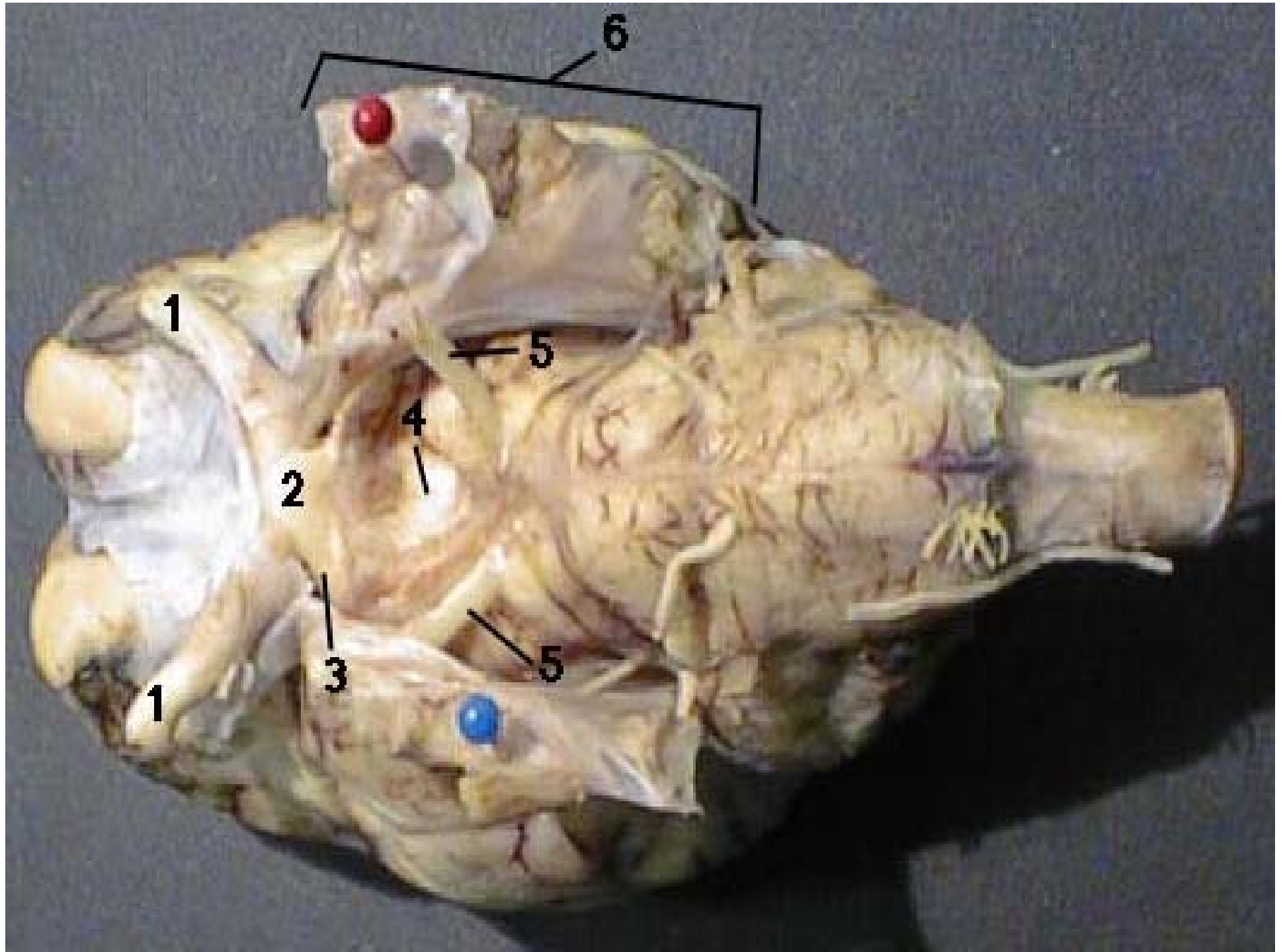


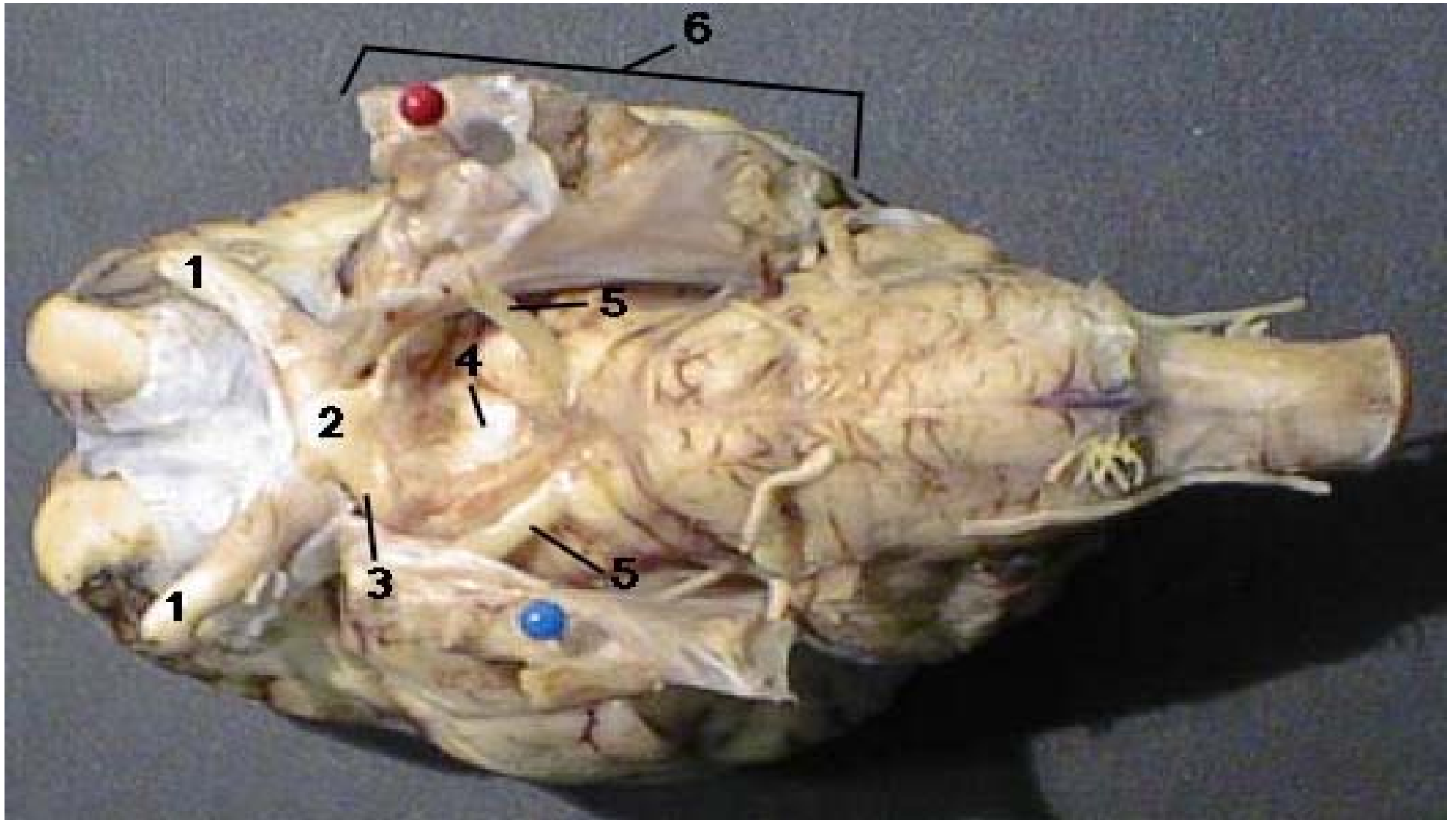
1. Spinal Cord 11. Olfactory Bulb 2. Cerebellum 12. Optic Chiasm 3. Arbor Vitae 13. Intermediate Mass (Thalamus) 4. Inferior Colliculus 14. Pituitary Gland 5. Superior Colliculus 15. Third Ventricle 6. Pineal Gland 16. Pons 7. Cerebrum 17. Cerebral Aqueduct of Sylvius 8. Fornix 18. Fourth Ventricle 9. Corpus Callosum 19. Medulla Oblongata 10. Lateral Ventricle



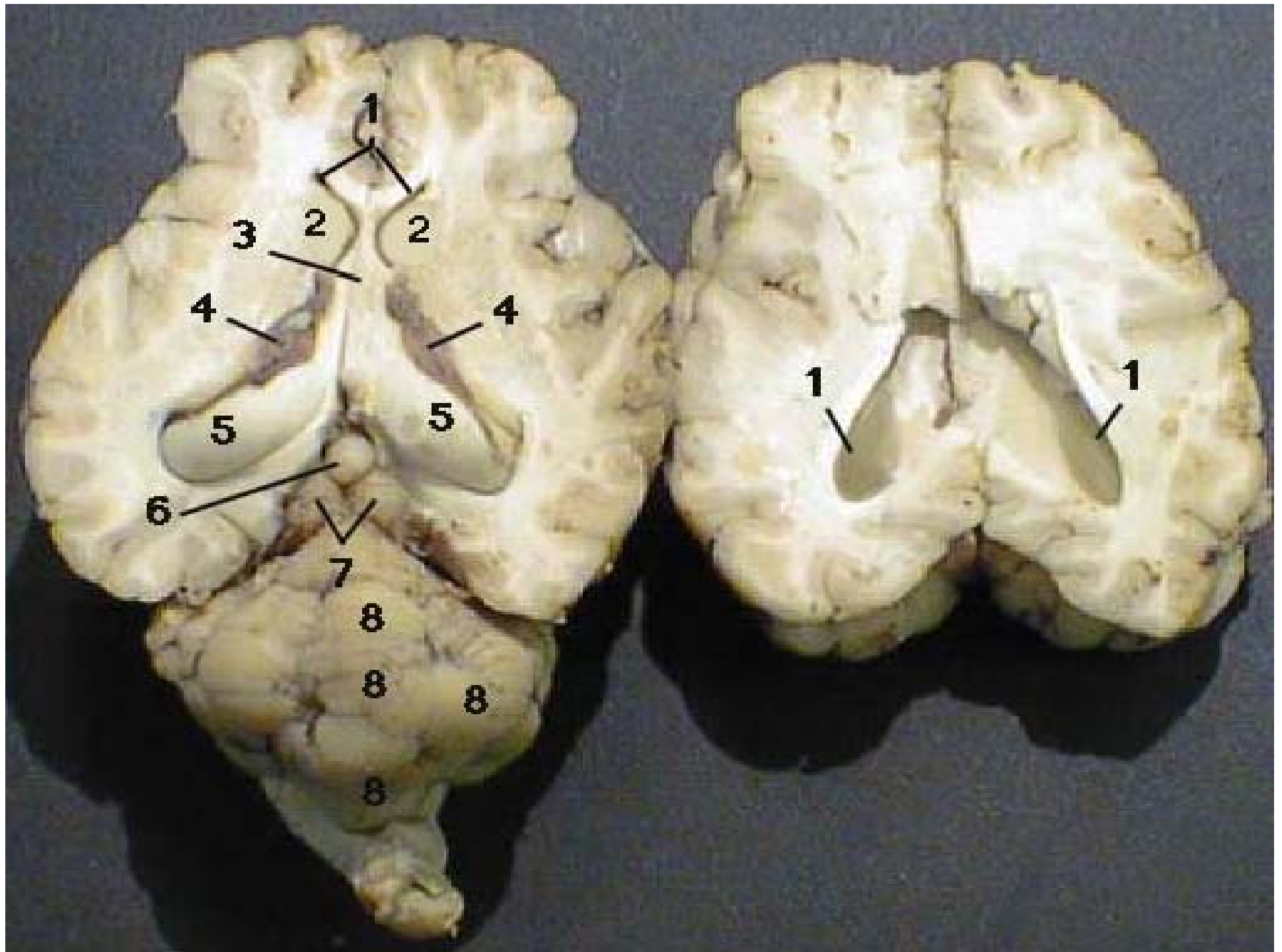


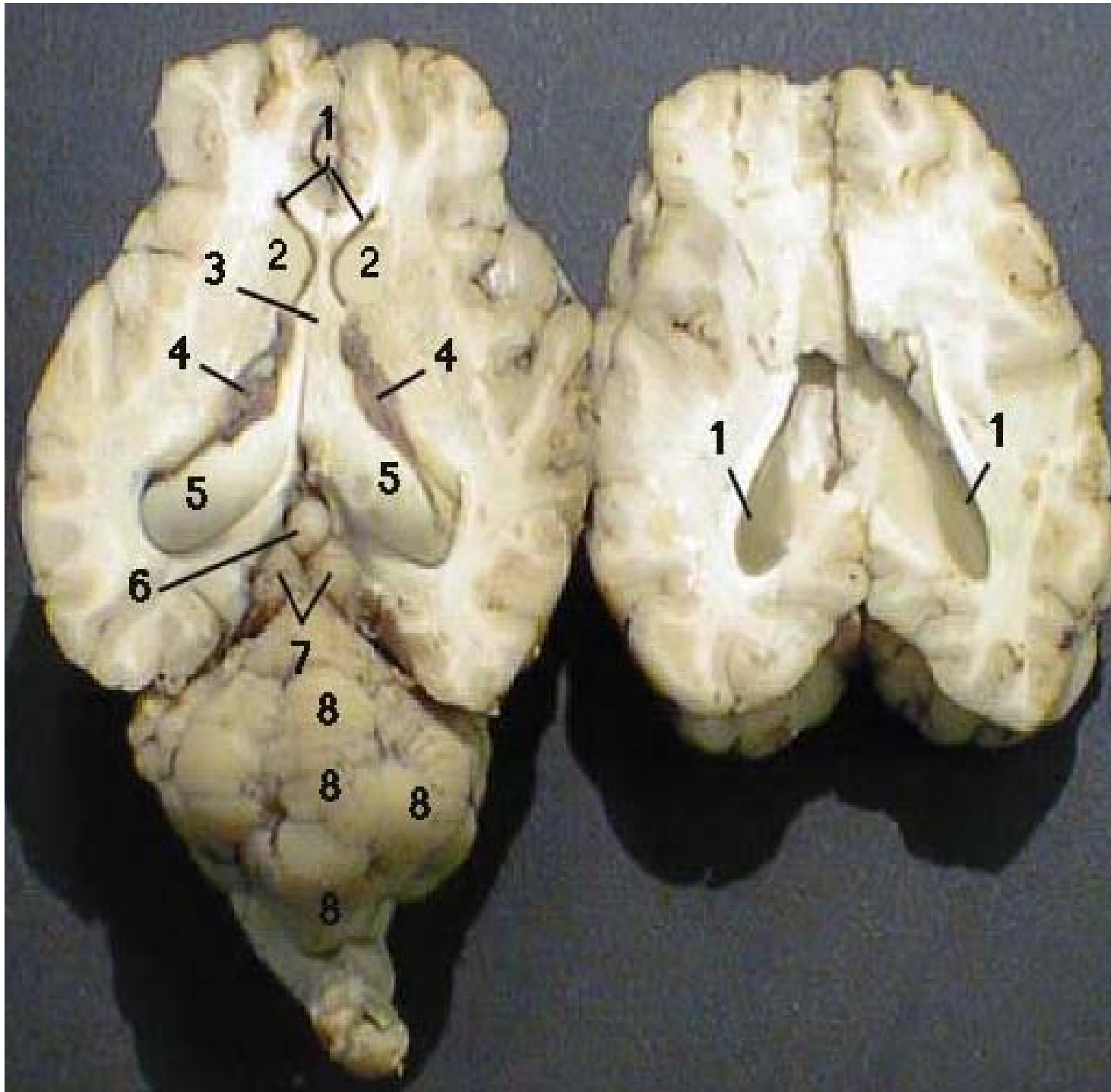
1. Olfactory Bulbs (I) 7. Pons 2. Dura Mater 8. Trochlear Nerve (IV) 3. Optic Nerve (II) 9. Abducens Nerve (VI) 4. Optic Chiasm 10. Facial Nerve (VII) 5. Pituitary Gland (Hypophysis) 11. Medulla Oblongata 6a. Trigeminal Nerve (V) - Ophthalmic Branch (V) 12. Spinal Accessory Nerve (XI) 6b. Trigeminal Nerve (V) - Maxillary Branch (V) 13. Hypoglossal Nerve (XII) 6c. Trigeminal Nerve (V) - Mandibular Branch (V) 14. Spinal



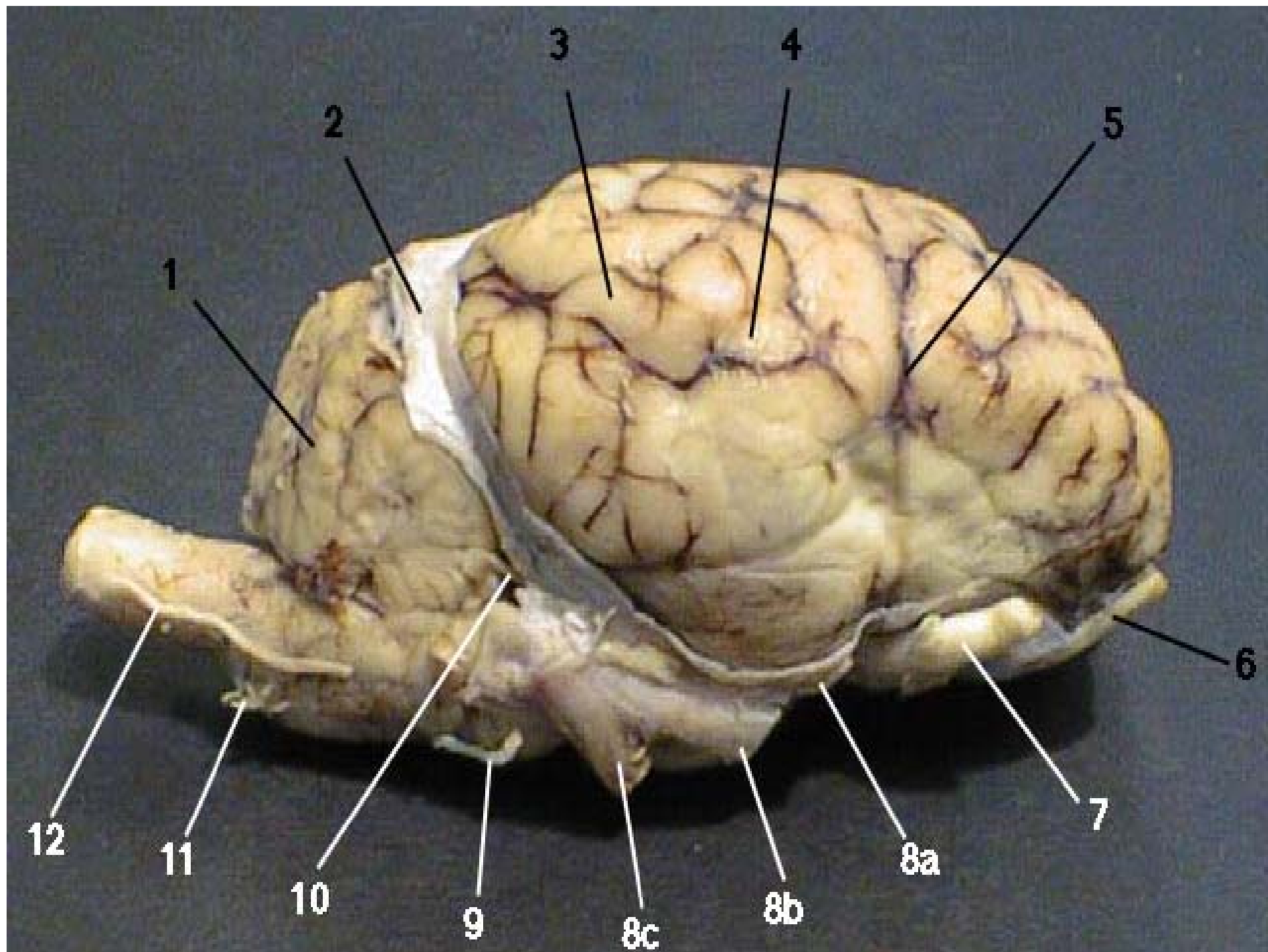


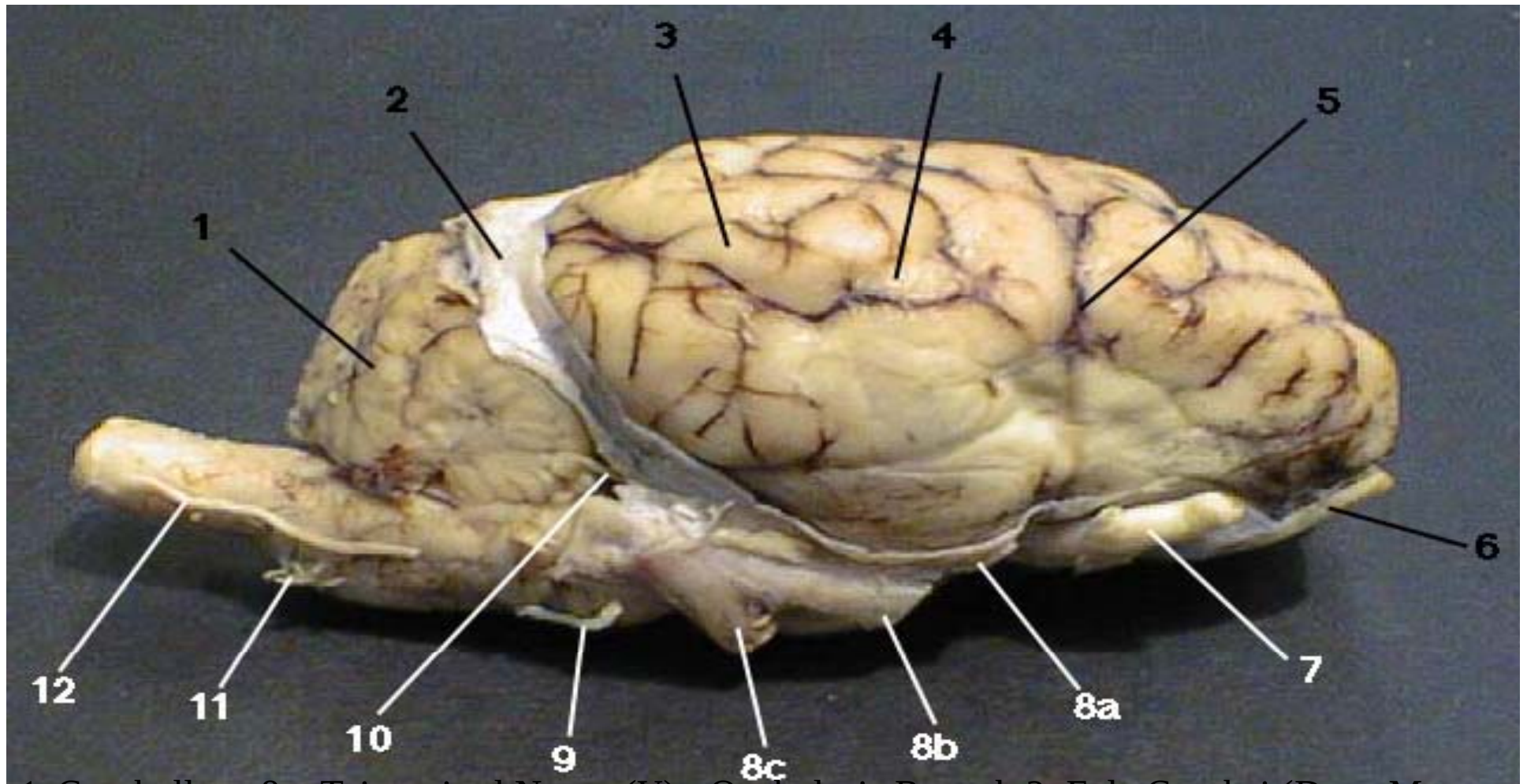
1. Optic Nerve (II) 2. Optic Chiasm 3. Optic Tract 4. Mammillary Body 5. Oculomotor Nerve (III) 6. Reflected Pituitary Gland & Trigeminal Nerve (V)



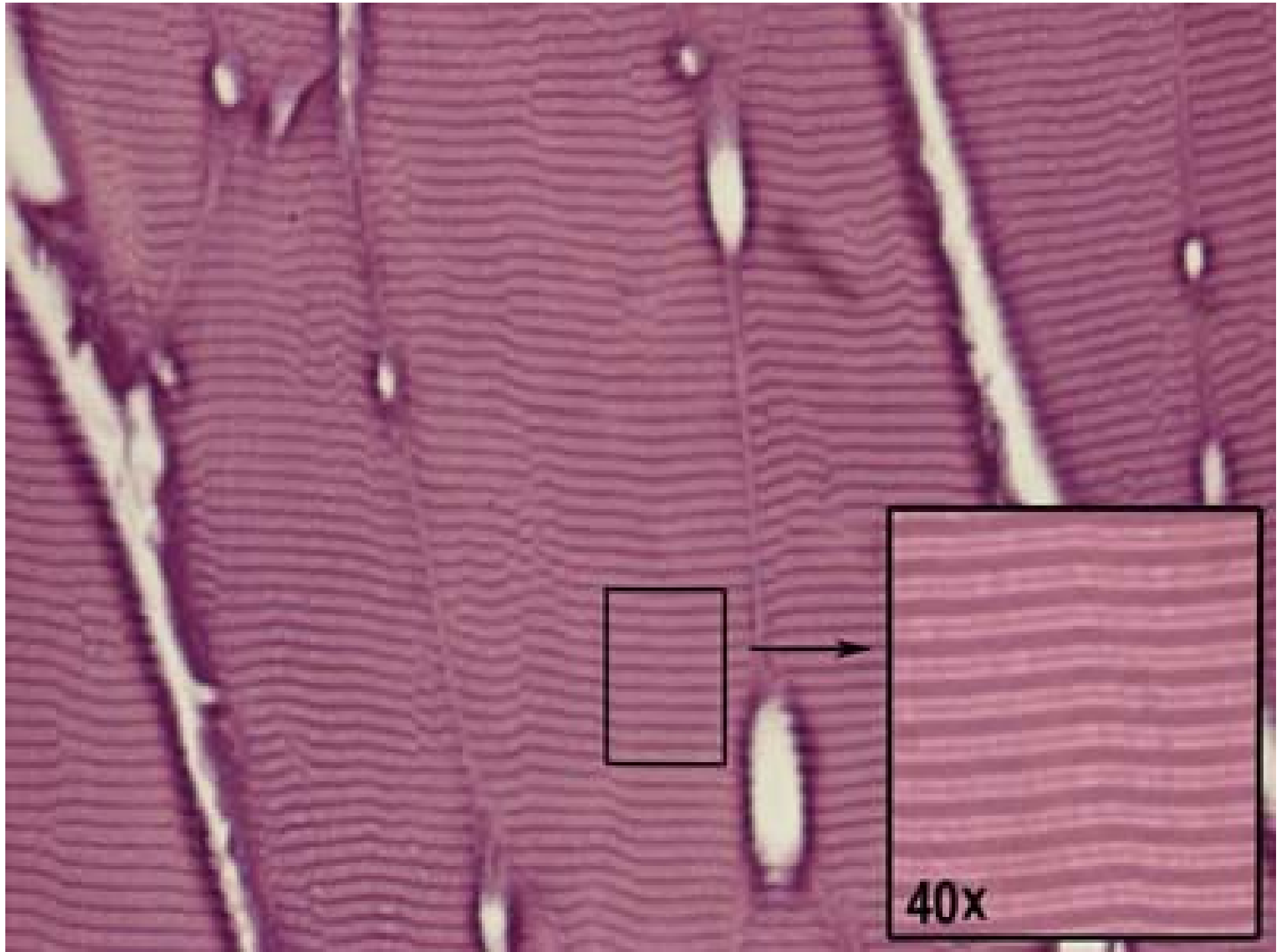


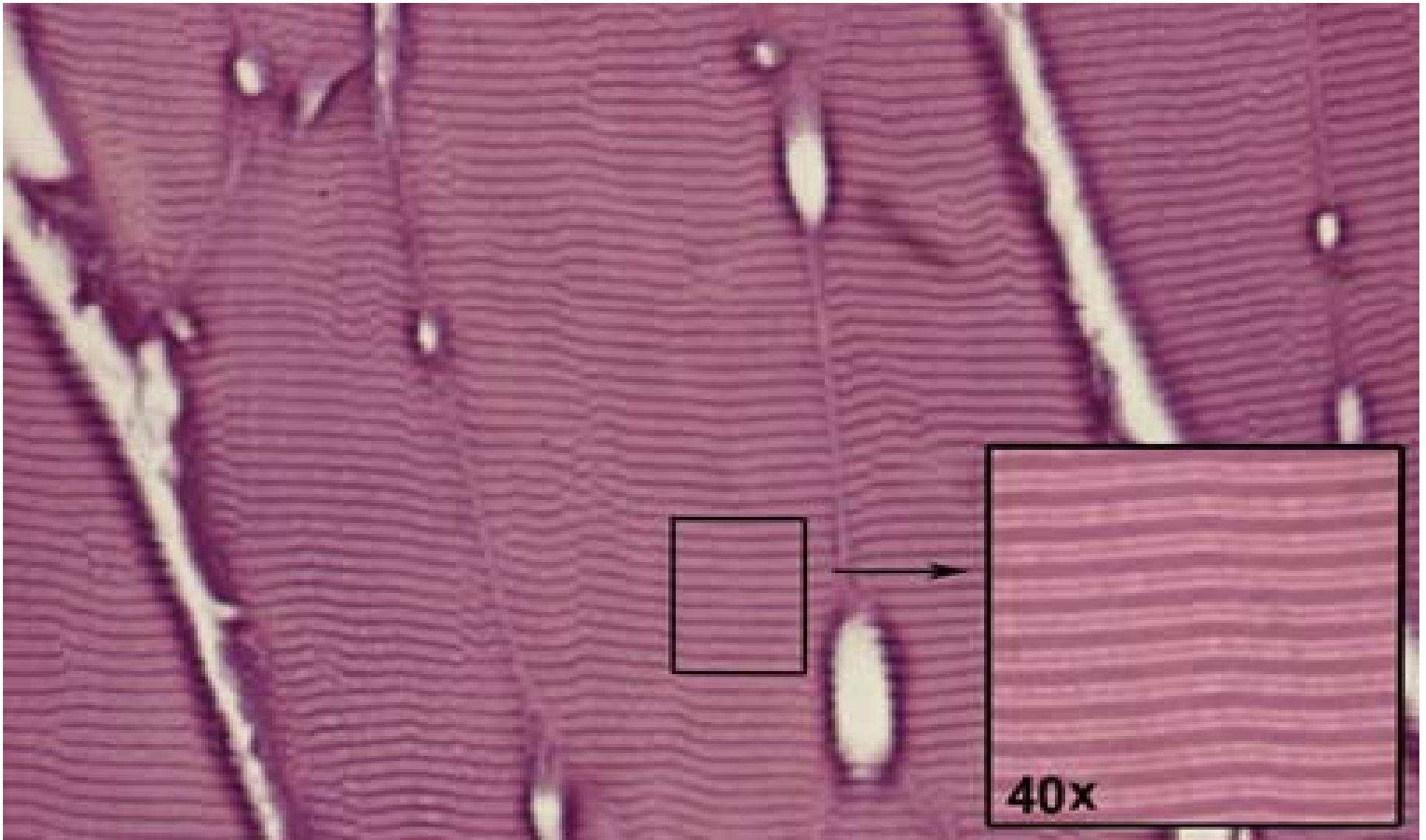
- 1. Lateral Ventricles
- 2. Caudate Nuclei
- 3. Pineal Gland
- 4. Choroid Plexus
- 5. Hippocampus
- 6. Fornix
- 7. Superior Colliculi
- 8. Vermis of Cerebellum





1. Cerebellum 8a. Trigeminal Nerve (V) - Ophthalmic Branch 2. Falx Cerebri (Dura Mater Shield) 8b. Trigeminal Nerve (V) - Maxillary Branch 3. Cerebral Gyrus 8c. Trigeminal Nerve (V) - Mandibular Branch 4. Arachnoid Mater 9. Abducens Nerve (VI) 5. Cerebral Sulcus 10. Trochlear Nerve (IV) 6. Olfactory Bulb (I) 11. Hypoglossal Nerve (XII) 7. Optic Nerve (II) 12. Spinal Accessory Nerve (XI)





At low magnification, identify both **A bands** and **I bands**. At 40x, identify **Z lines**.

Q2: What is the functional significance of each of these components?

Q3: What defines the extent of a sarcomere?

A BAND: THICK MYOSIN FILAMENTS.

I BAND: THIN ACTIN FILAMENTS.

Z BAND: A-ACTININ AND VINCULIN.

THE SARCOMERE IS

DEFINED BY SEQUENTIAL

Z BANDS.

MYOSIN AND ACTIN FILAMENTS

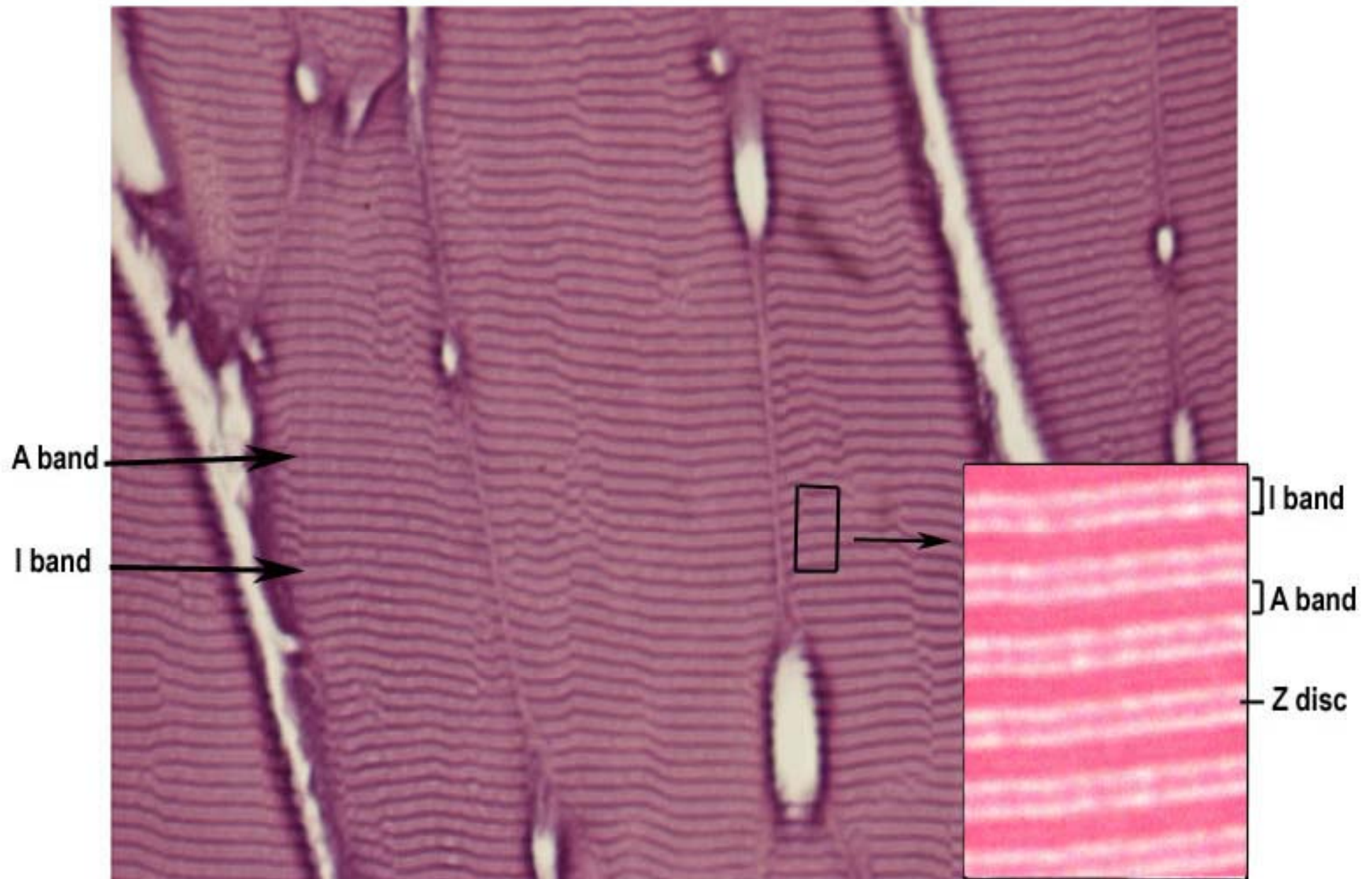
OVERLAP AT THE MARGINS OF THE A

BAND DURING CONTRACTION; THE

COMPONENTS AT THE Z BAND ANCHOR

THE ACTIN FILAMENTS.

Slide 118/skeletal muscle/ 20x



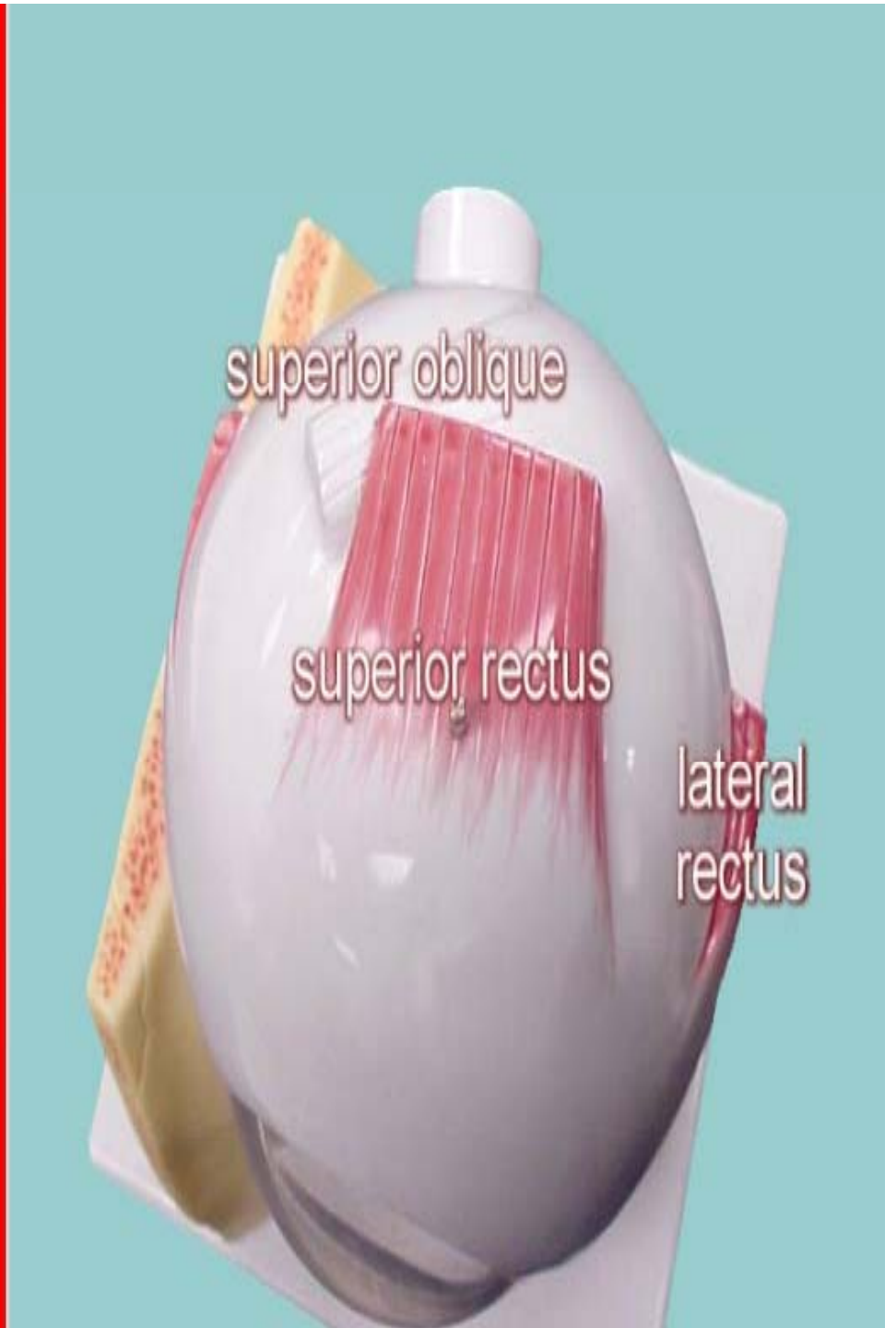
Z discs only become apparent at higher magnifications (see 40x insert). At 20x magnification, dark bands are the A bands, and the light bands are I bands (see *Wheater's p. 102*).

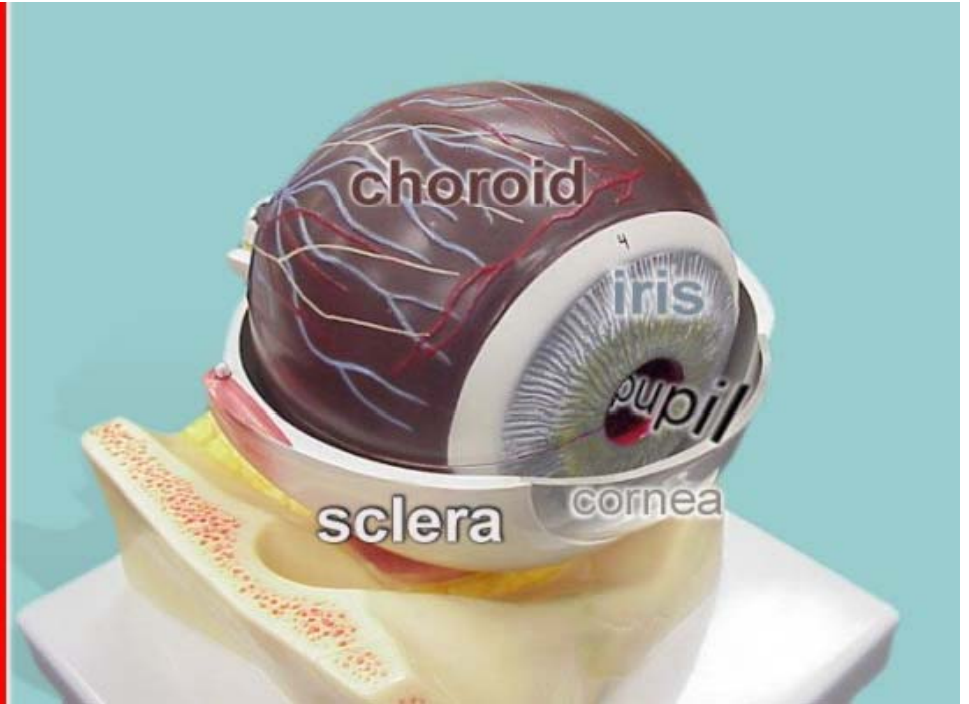
LEFT EYE:

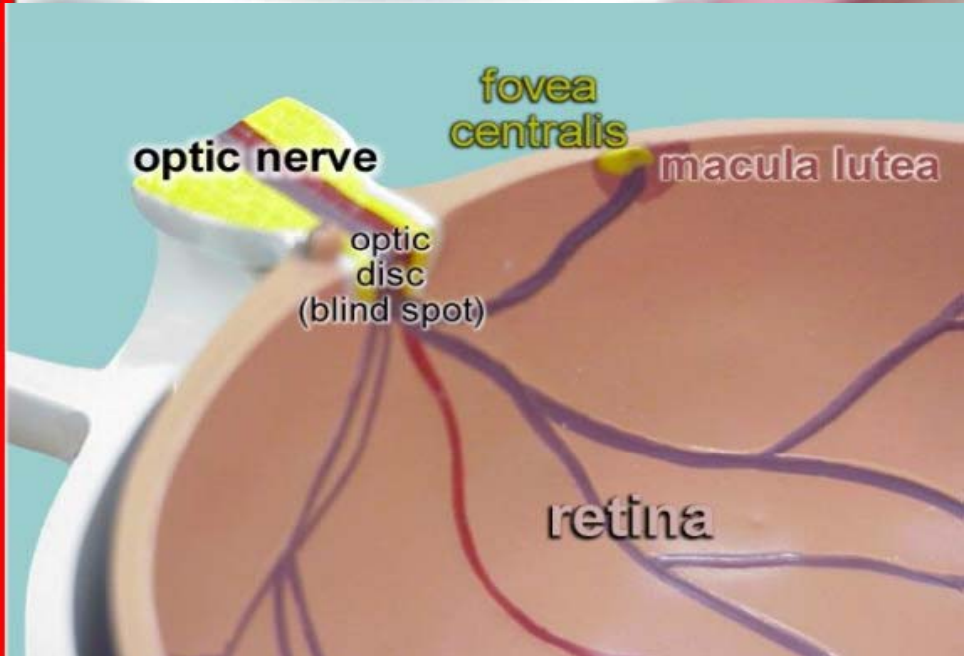
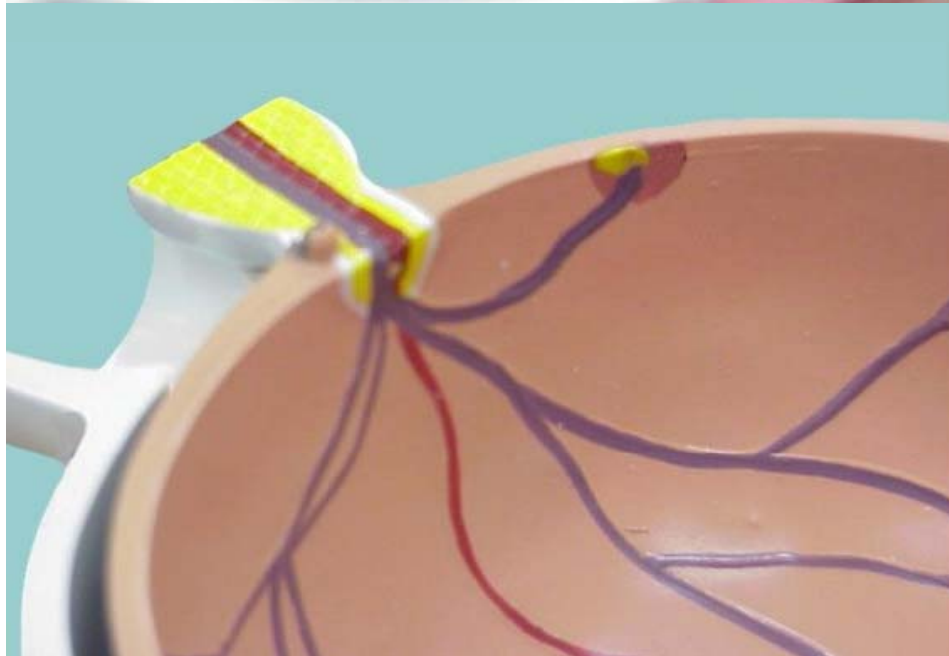
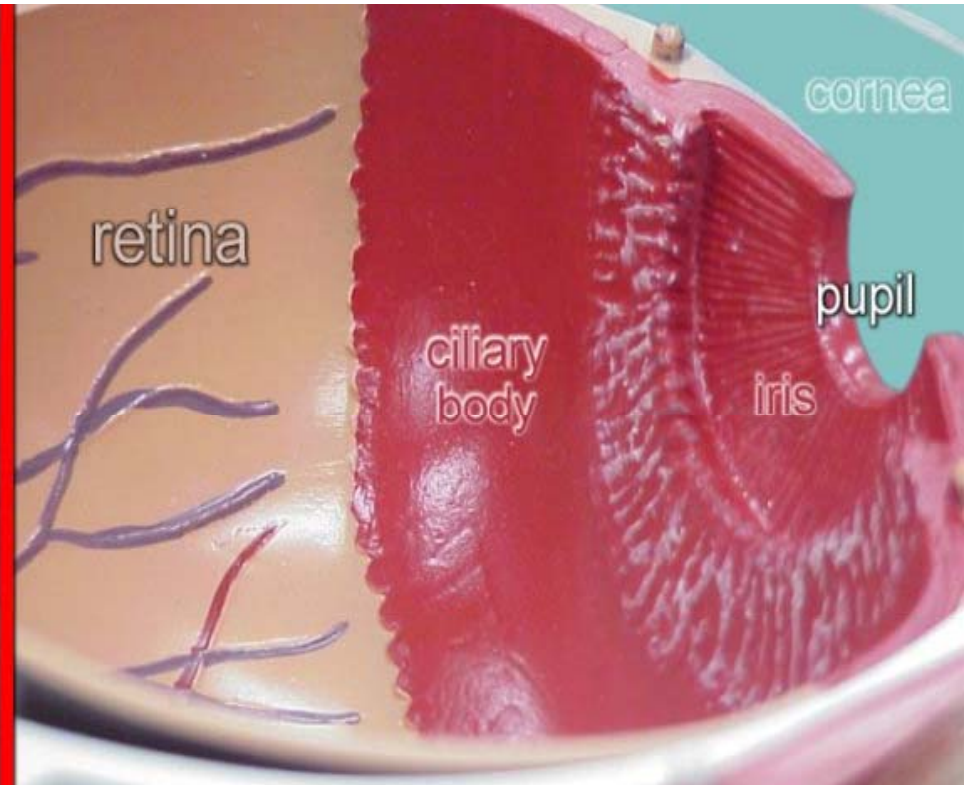
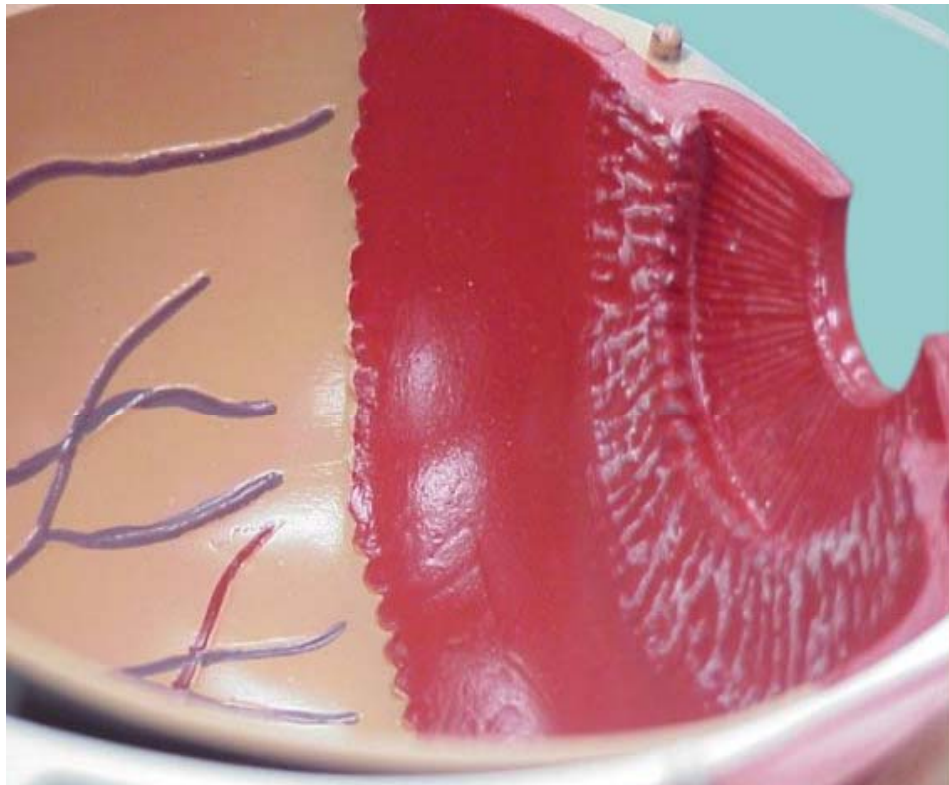


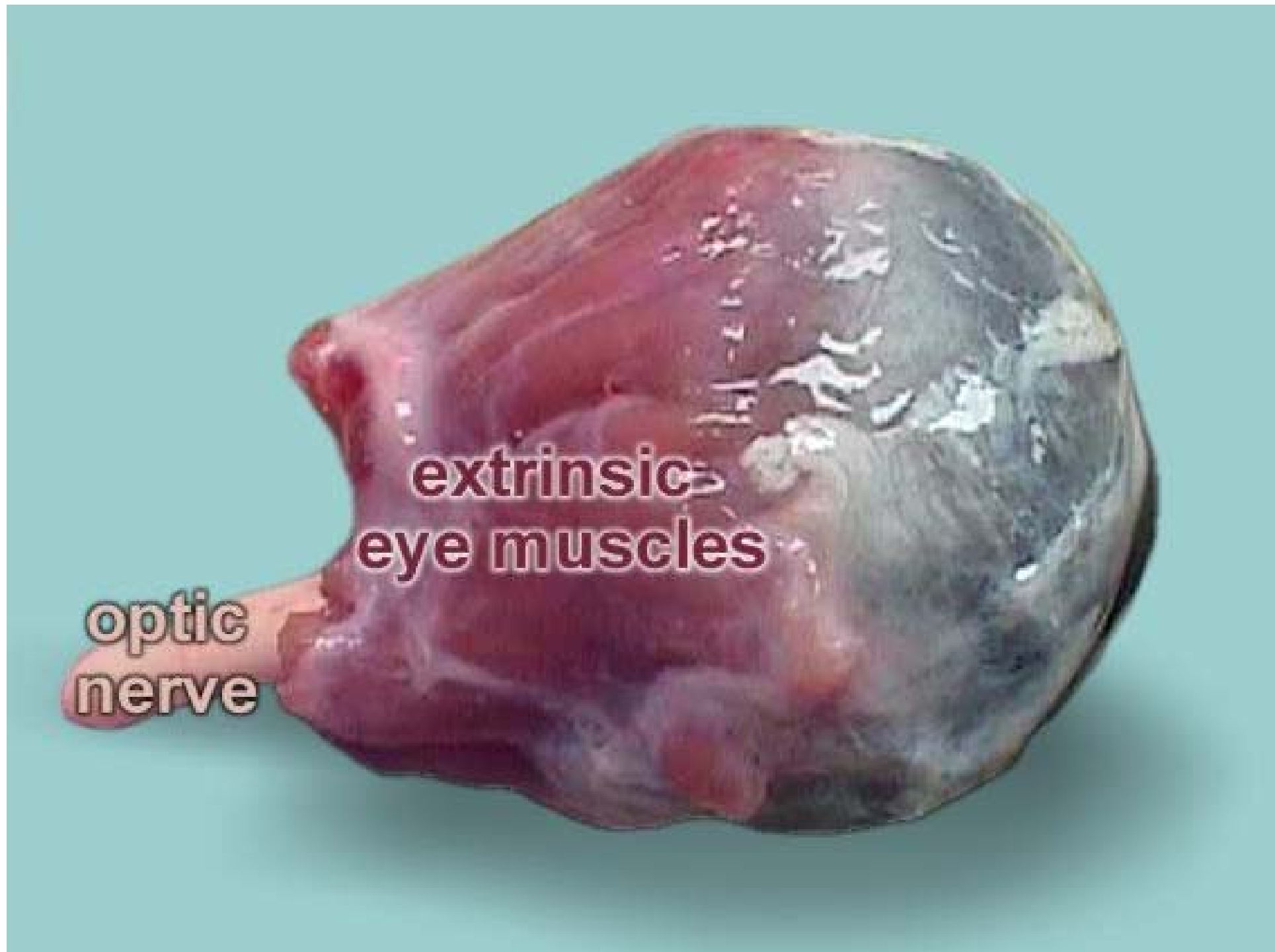






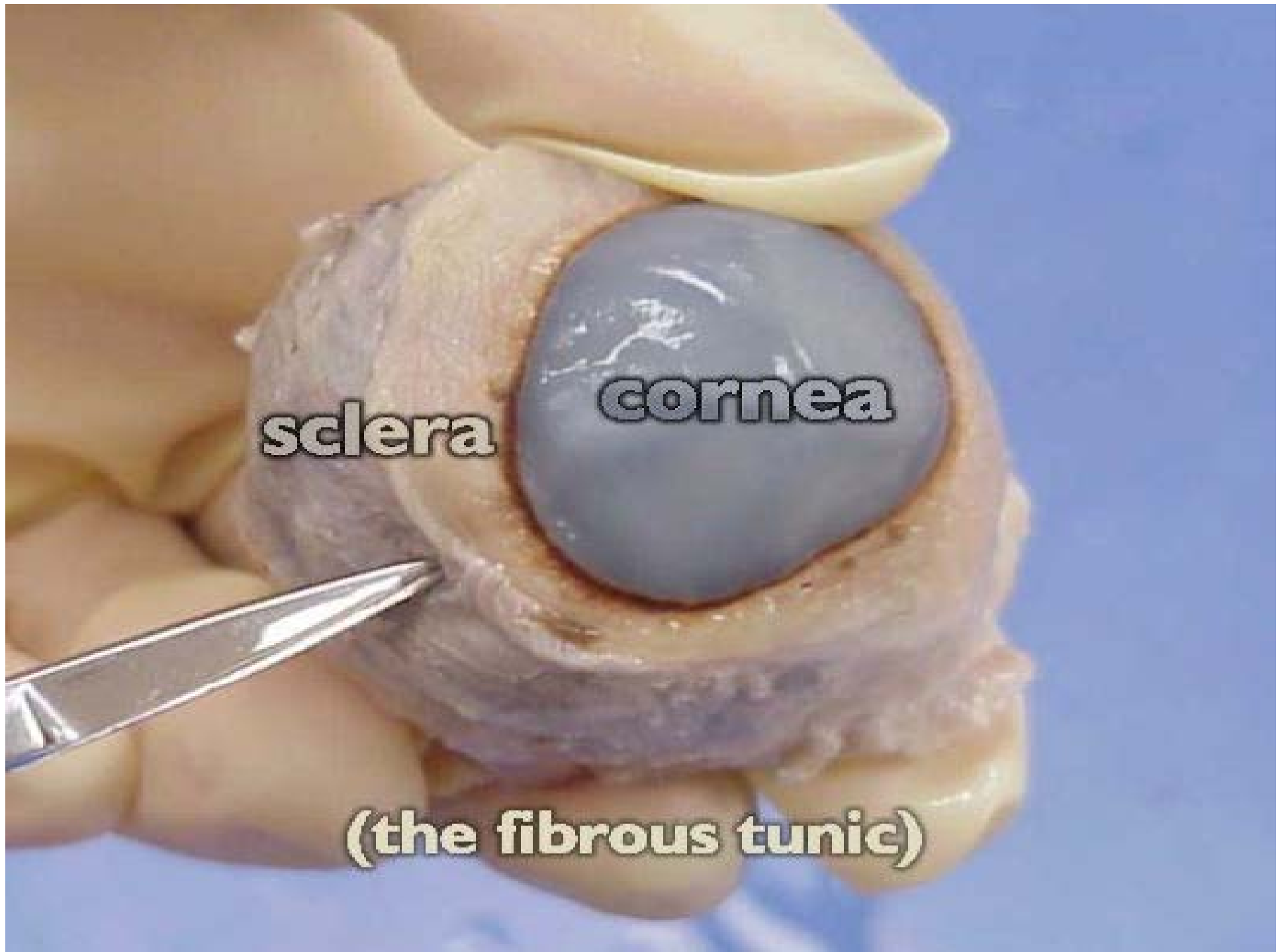






extrinsic
eye muscles

optic
nerve

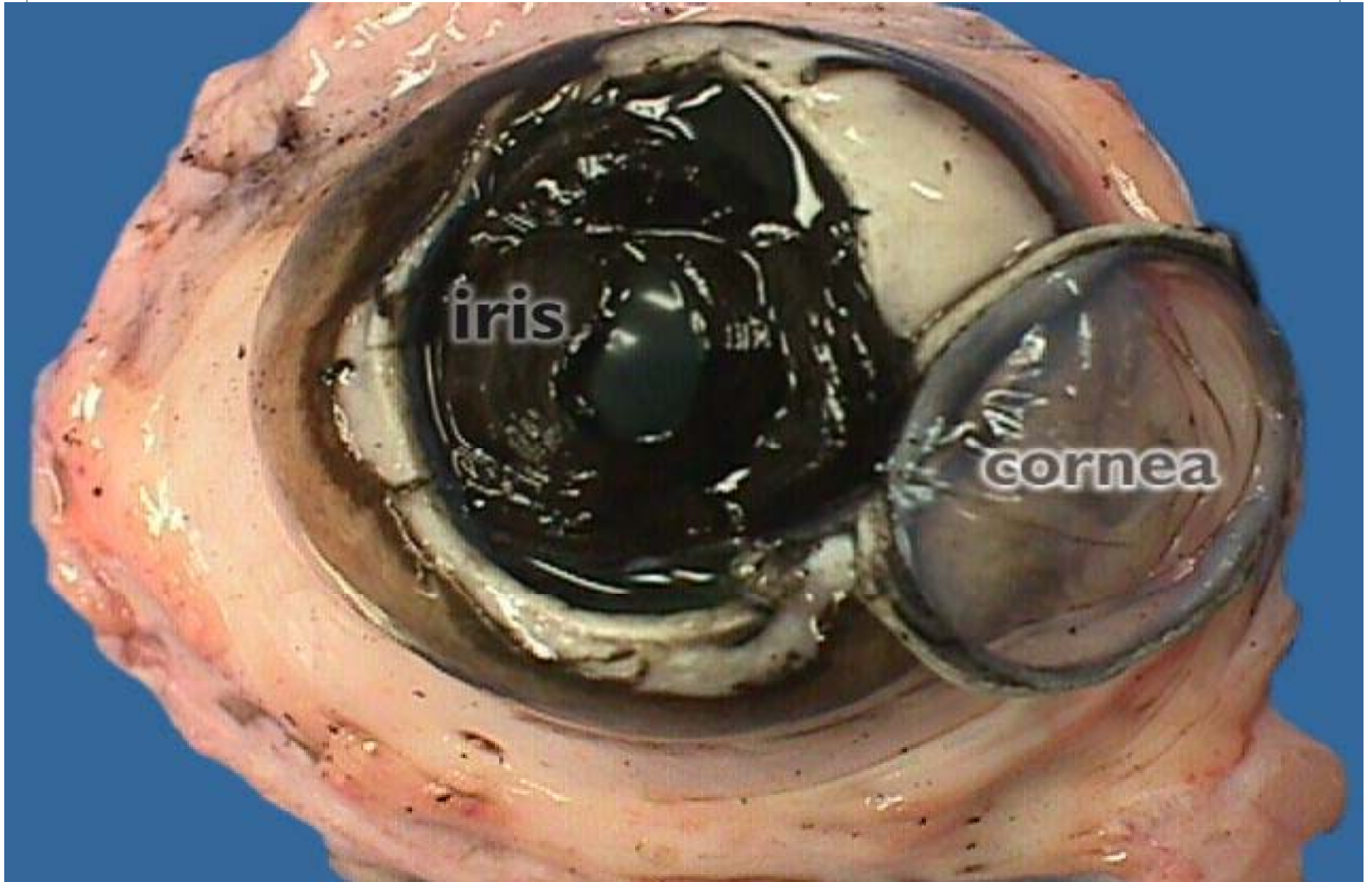


sclera

cornea

(the fibrous tunic)

ANTERIOR CHAMBER



POSTERIOR CHAMBER





This diagram illustrates the internal structure of a vertebrate eye. The outermost layer is the sclera, which is shown in a cross-section. Inside the sclera is the choroid, a layer of blood vessels. The iris is the colored part of the eye, and the pupil is the opening in the center. Behind the pupil is the lens, which is responsible for focusing light. The ciliary body is located at the back of the eye, near the optic nerve, and is responsible for producing and circulating aqueous humor. The diagram is labeled with 'ciliary body', 'pupil', and 'lens, in place behind iris'.

ciliary body

pupil

**lens, in place
behind iris**

ciliary body

iris

pupil





POSTERIOR CAVITY



Tapetum lucidum





retina,
attached

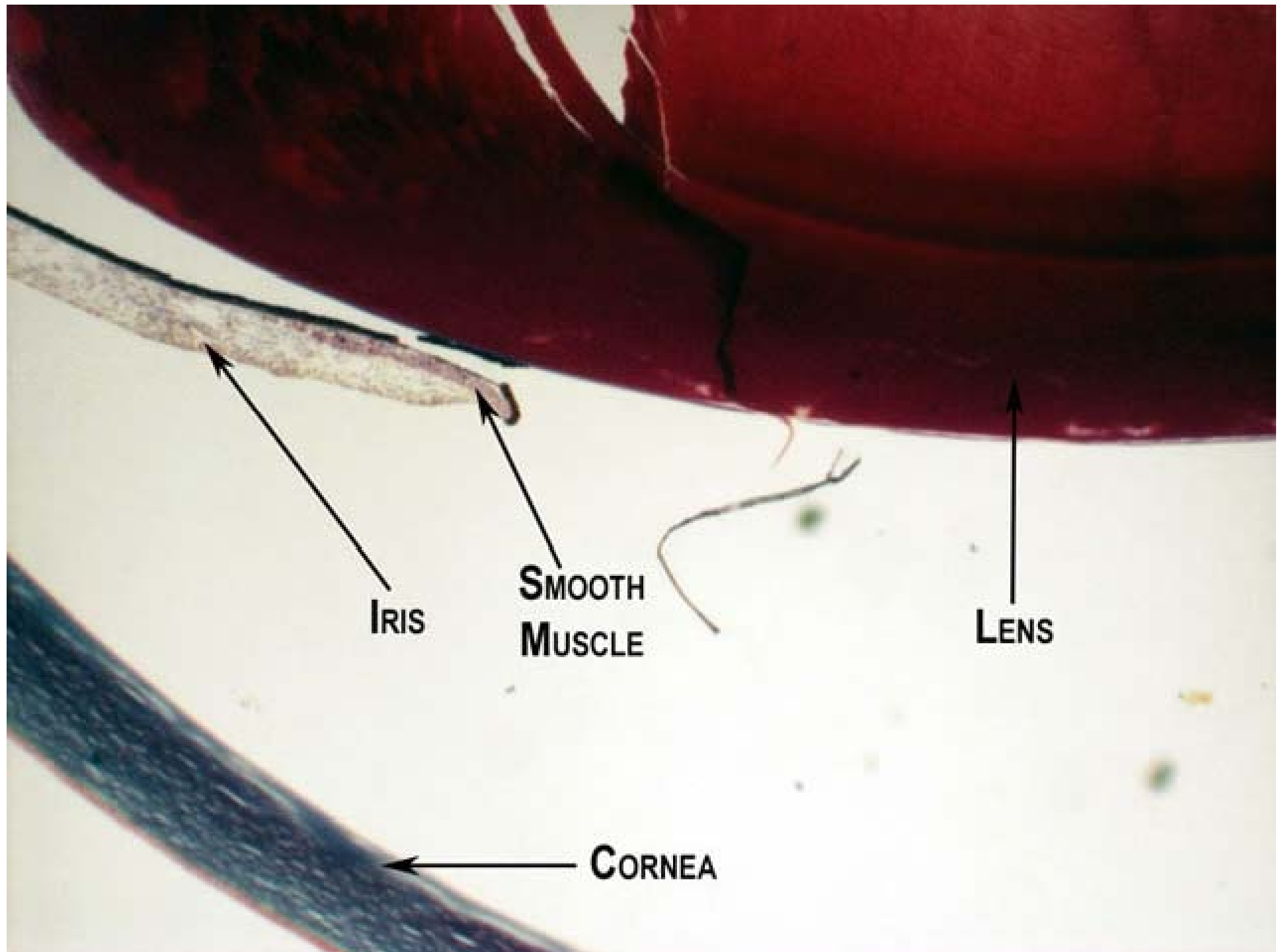


retina,
partial detachment

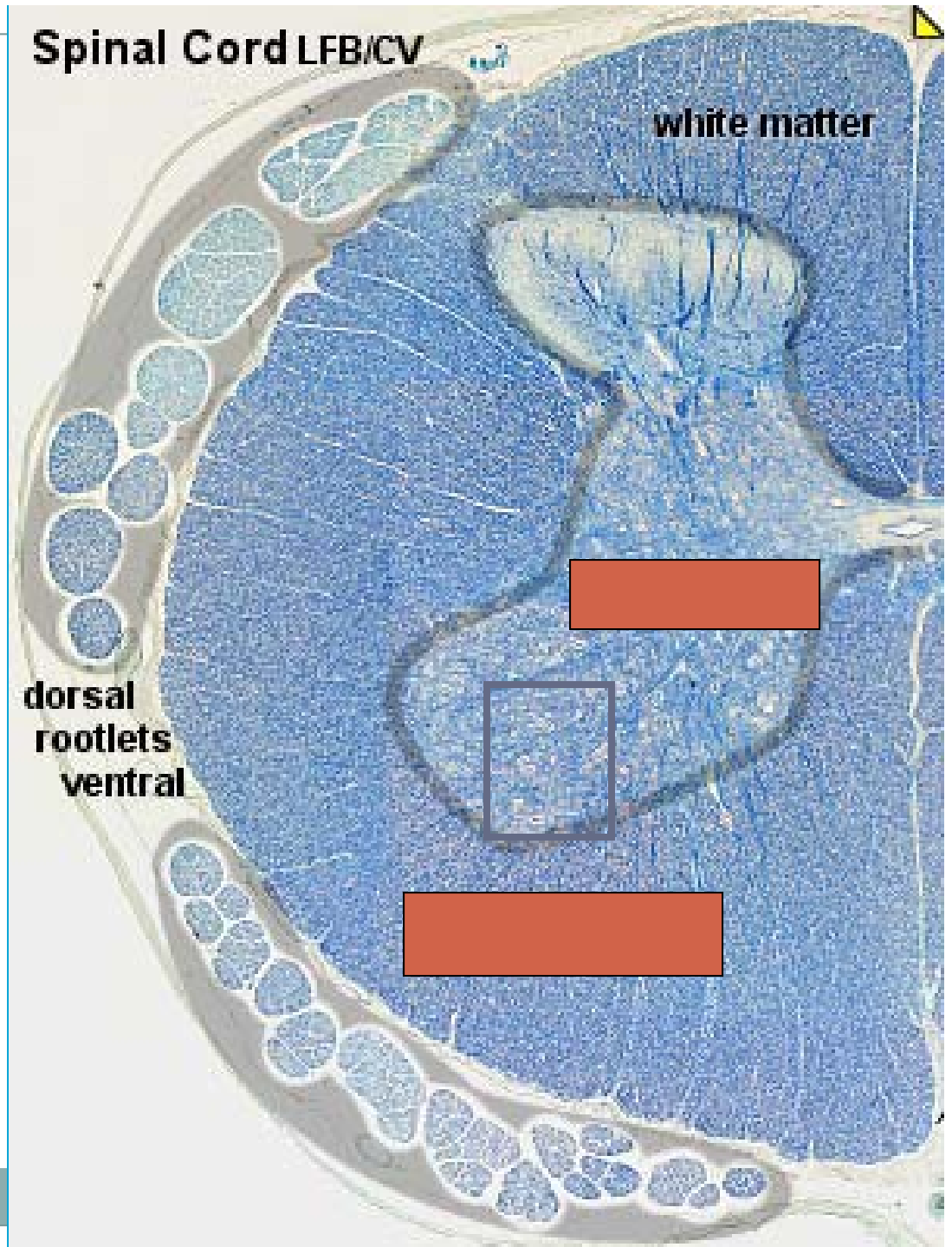
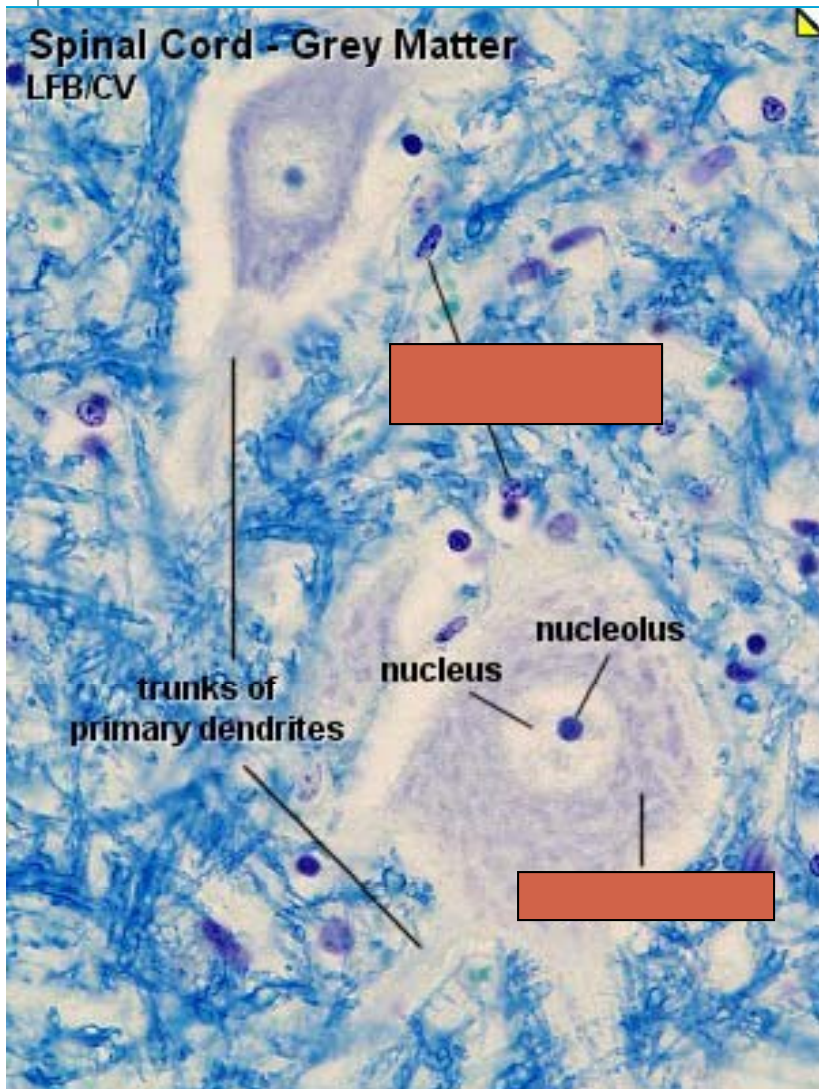


retina,
attachment at optic disc

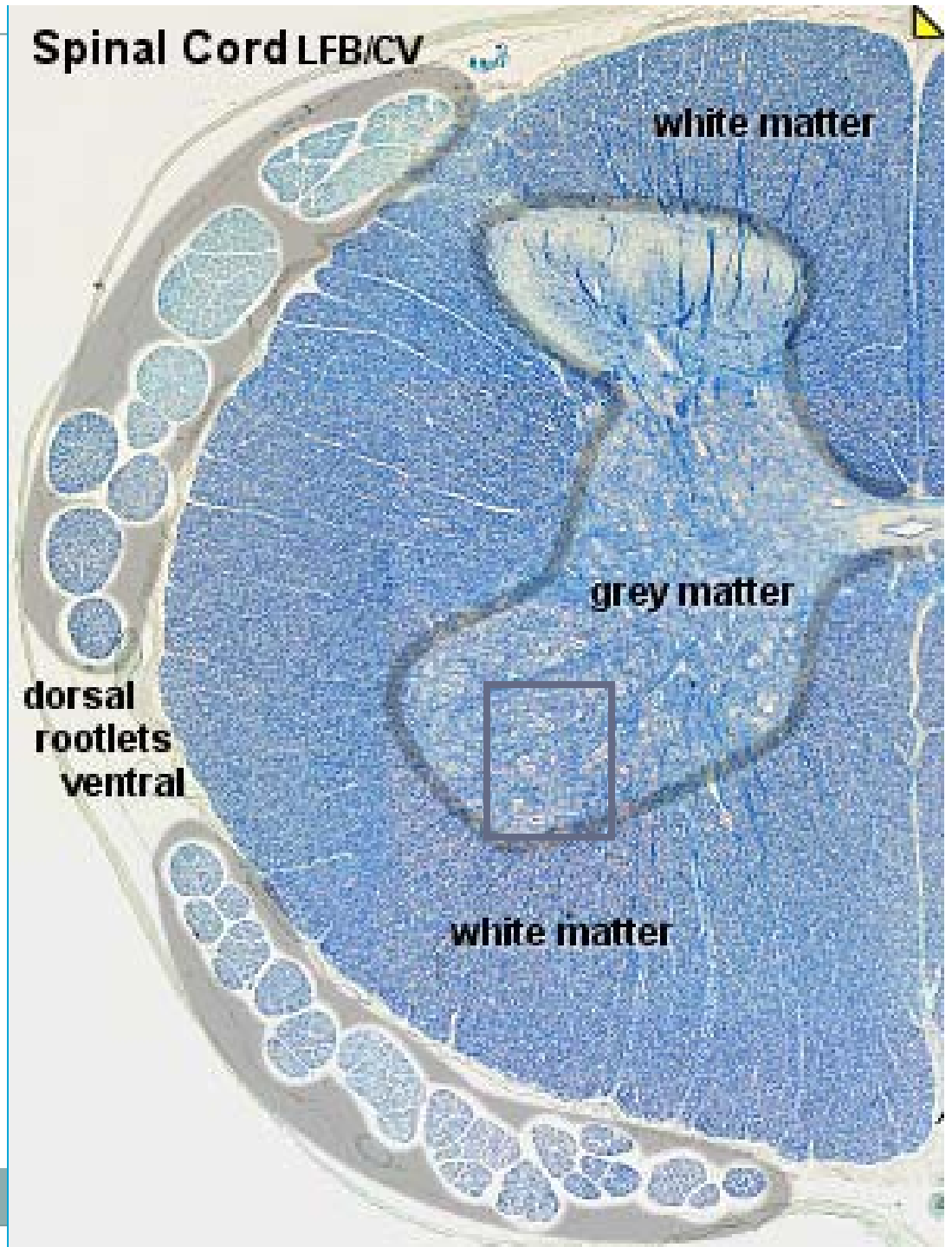
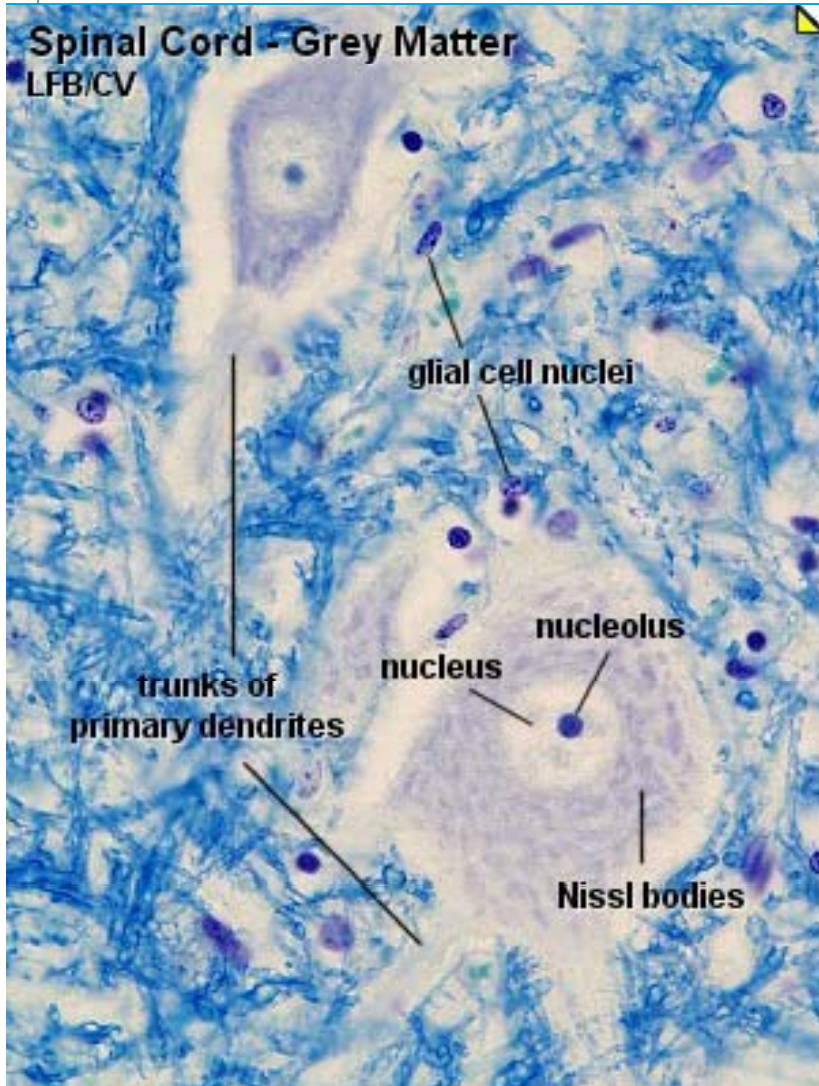




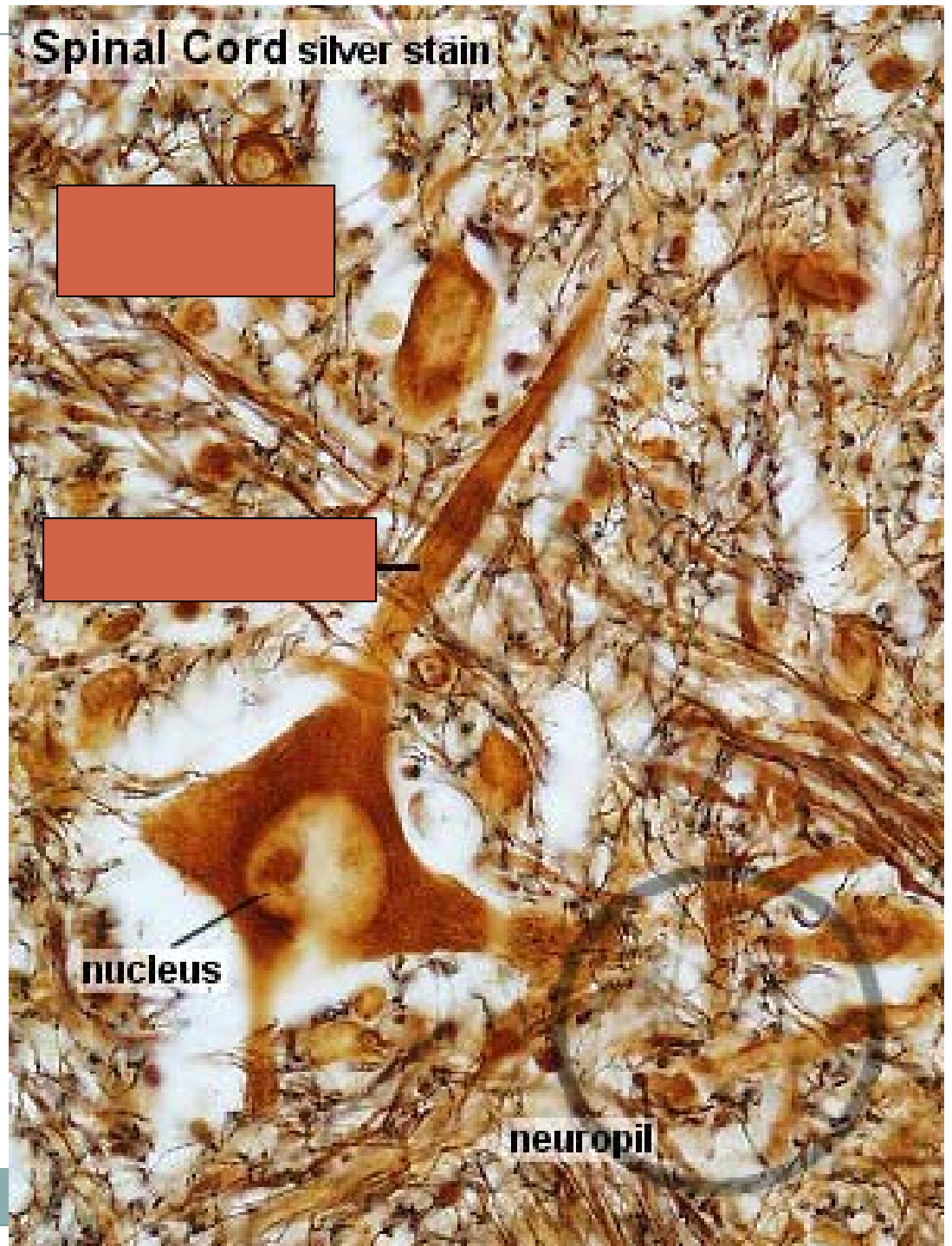
Neuronal Structure



Neuronal Structure

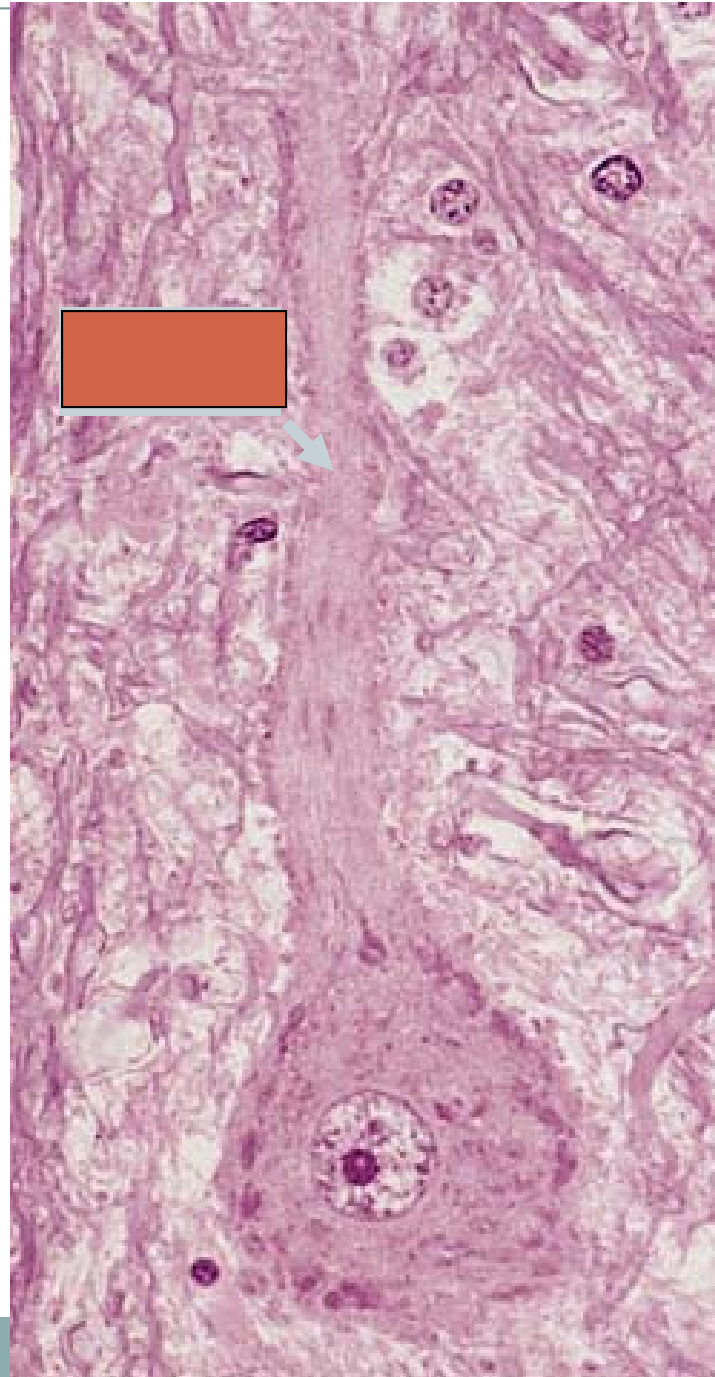


**Specialized
to receive
& integrate
stimuli**



**Specialized
to receive
& integrate
stimuli**

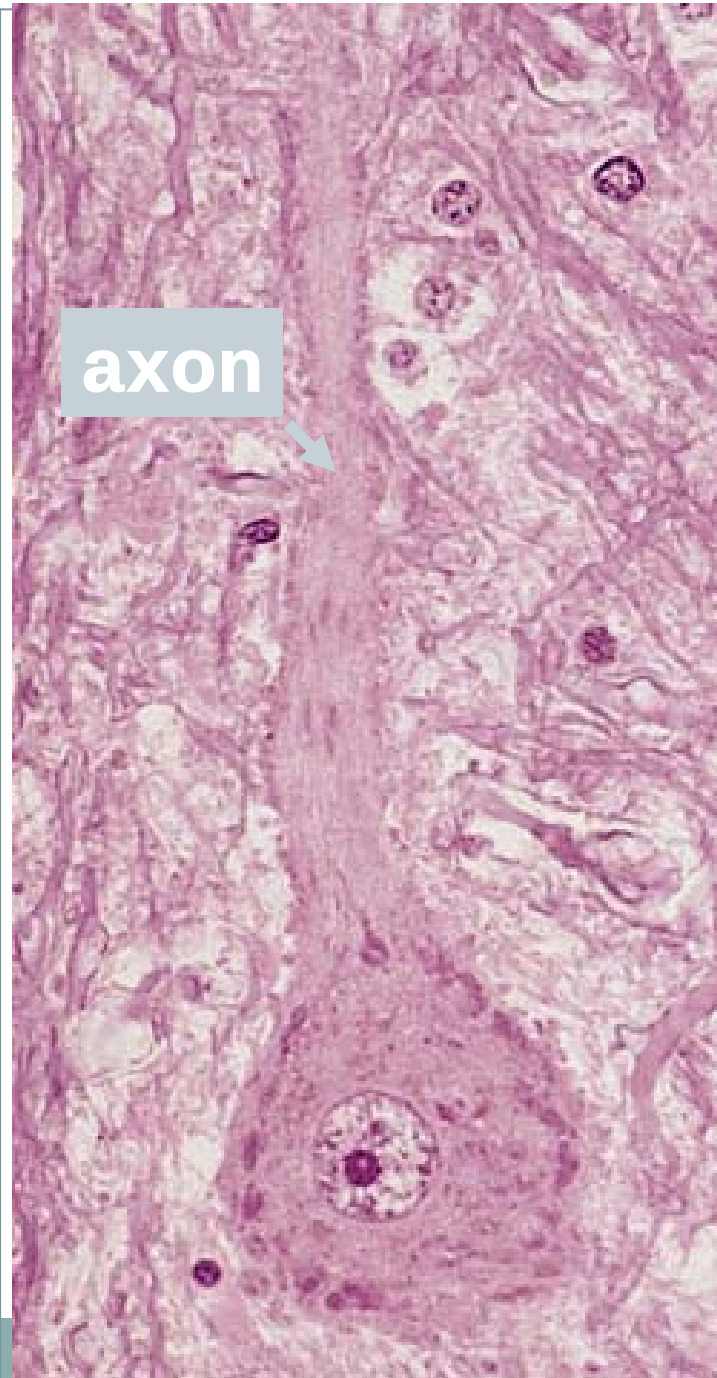




Single process

**Specialized to conduct impulses to other cells.
Speed of impulse conduction is related to axon diameter**

May receive excitatory or inhibitory stimuli from other neurons

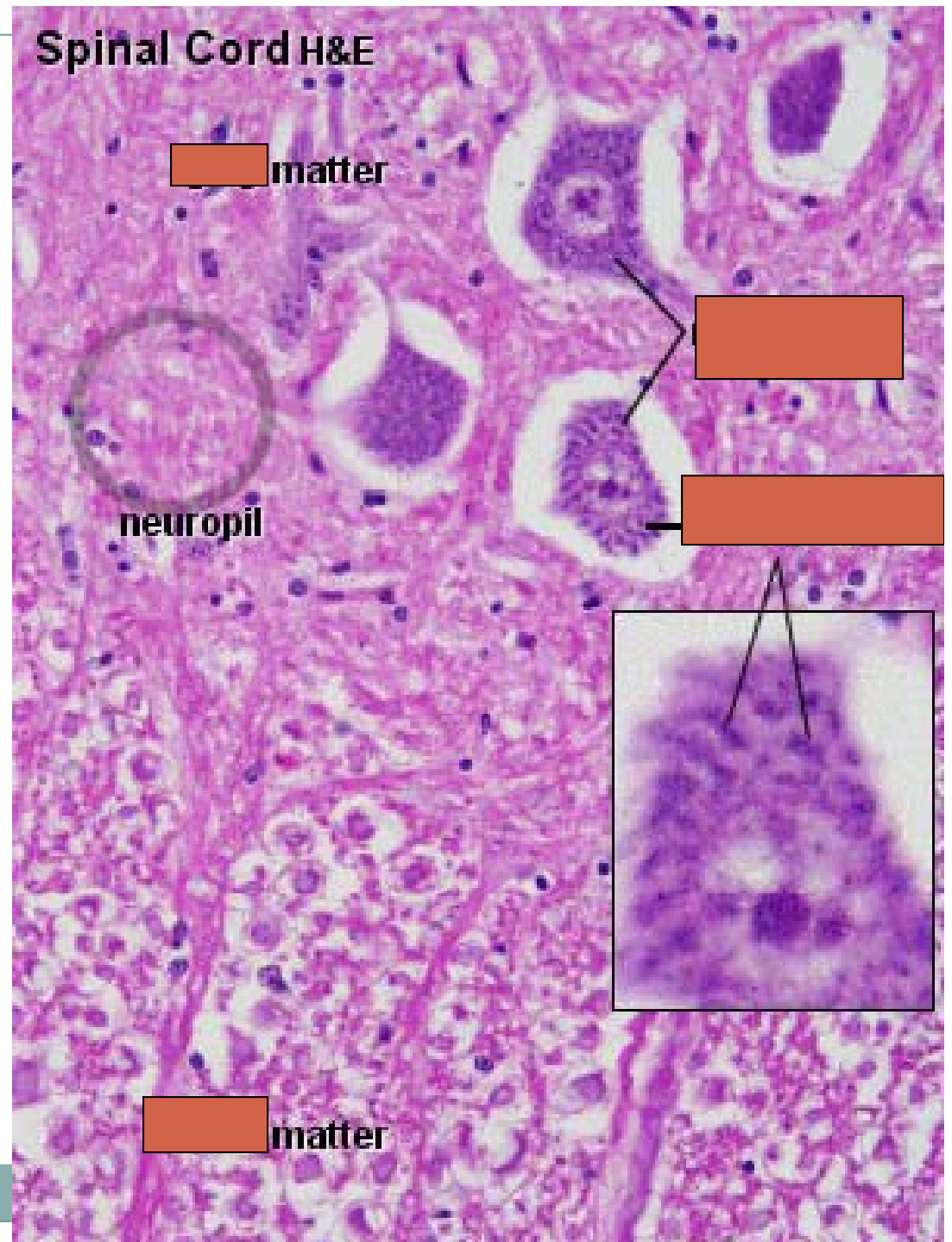


Single process

**Specialized to conduct impulses to other cells.
Speed of impulse conduction is related to axon diameter**

May receive excitatory or inhibitory stimuli from other neurons

Spinal Cord H&E



Spinal Cord H&E

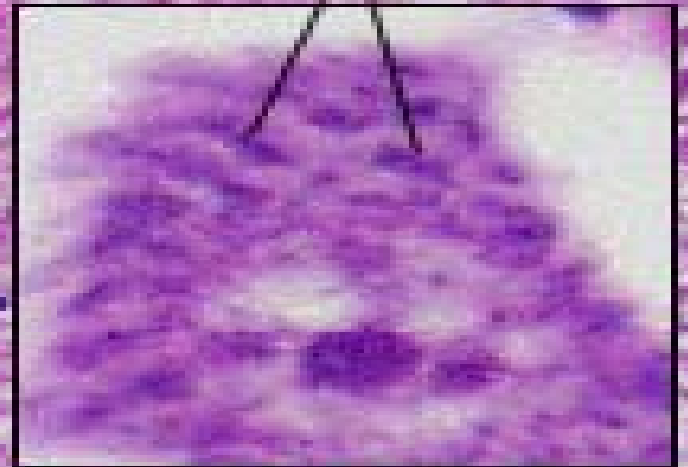
grey matter

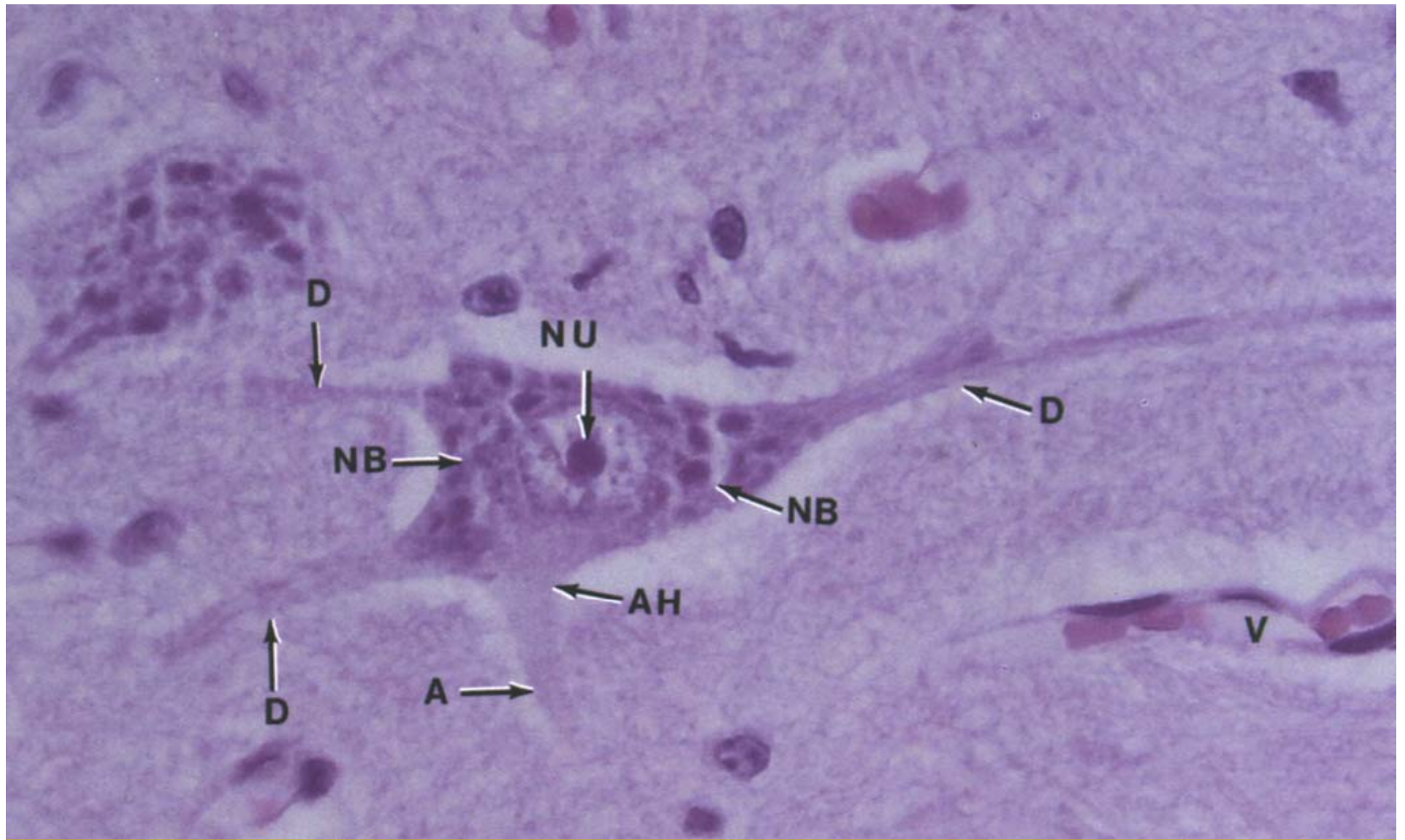
neurones

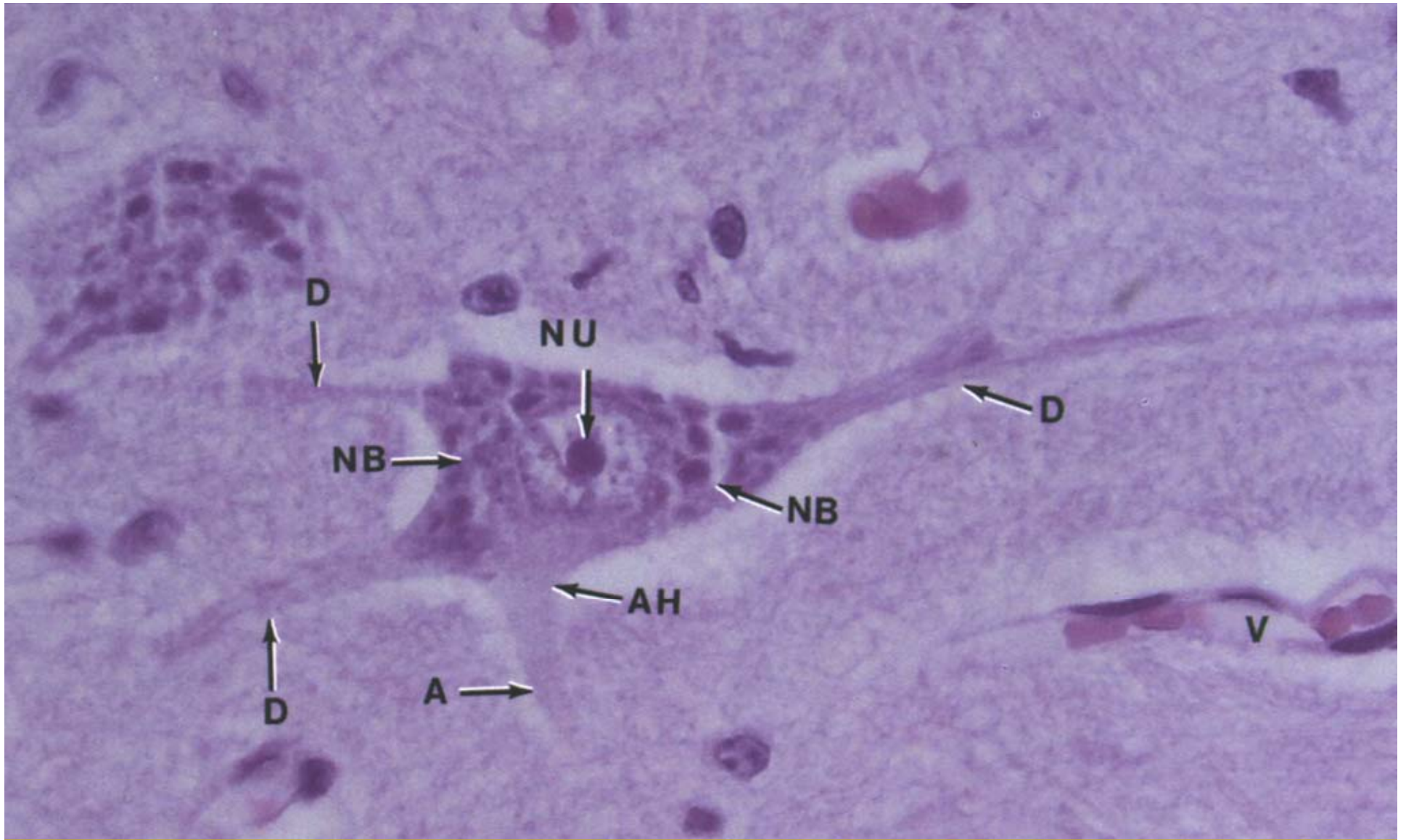
neuropil

Nissl bodies

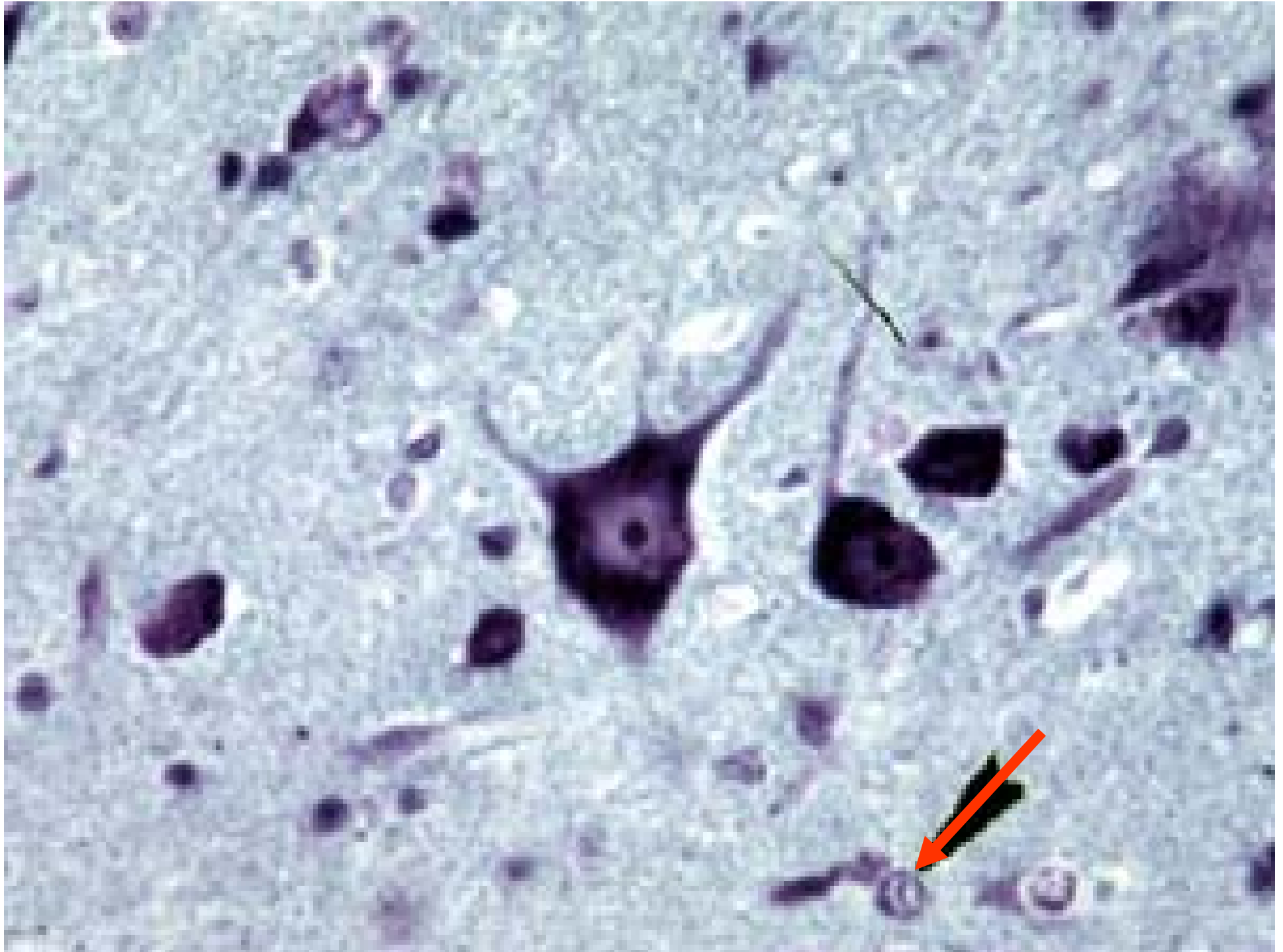
white matter





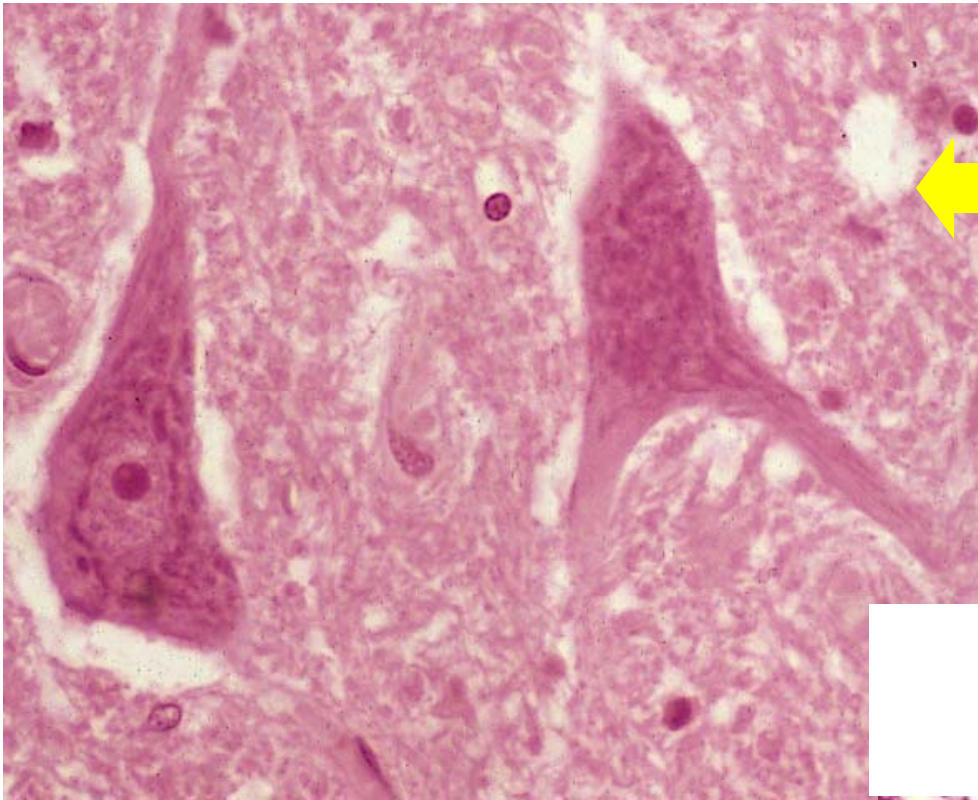


**A - axon, AH - axon hillock,
D - dendrite,
NB - Nissl bodies, NU - nucleolus**



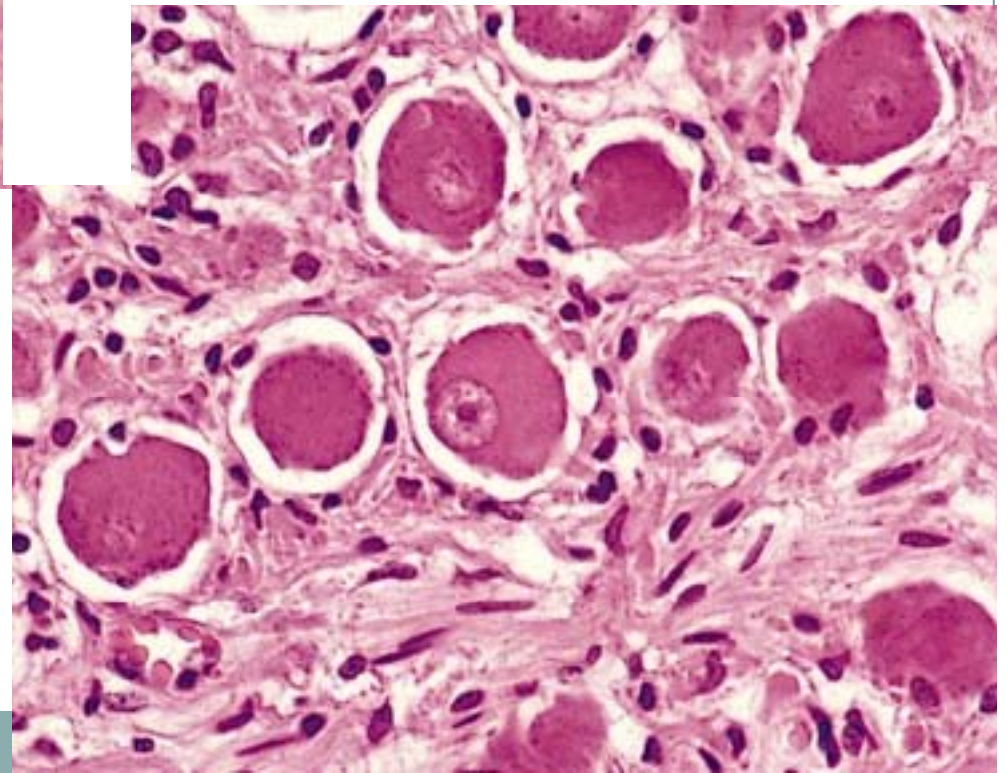
Neurons in CNS

**polygonal with
many cell processes**

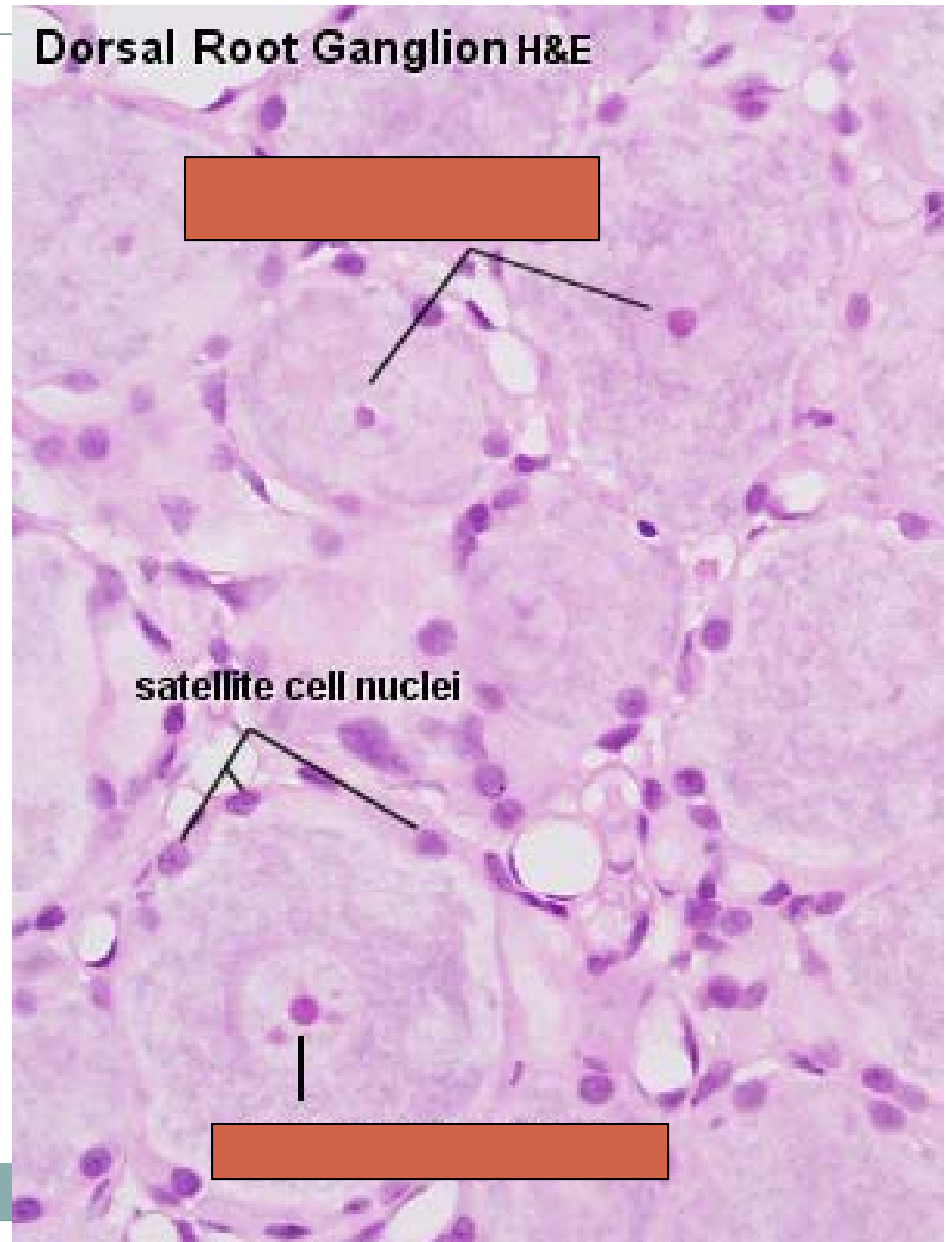


Neurons in PNS

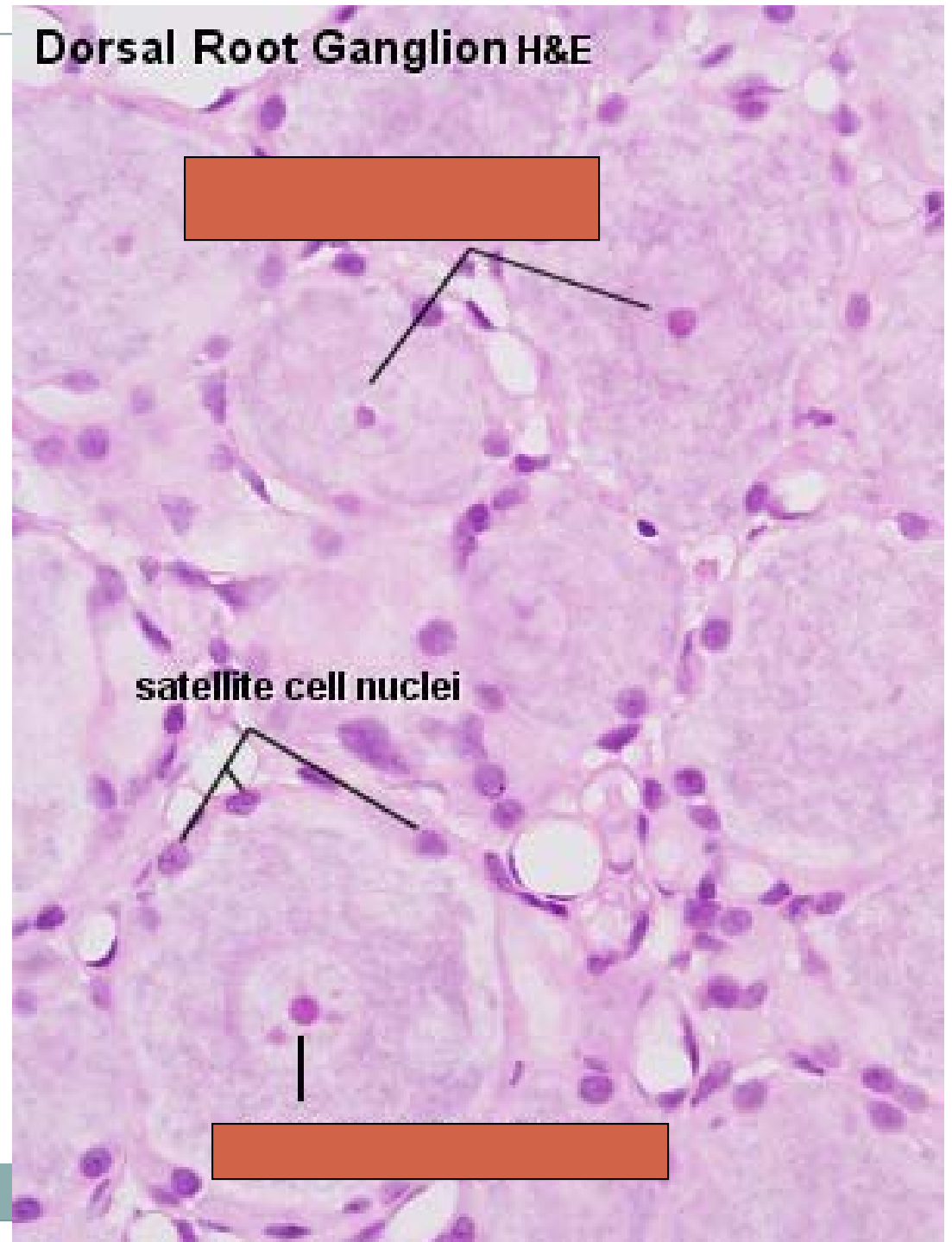
**round, usually with
single process**

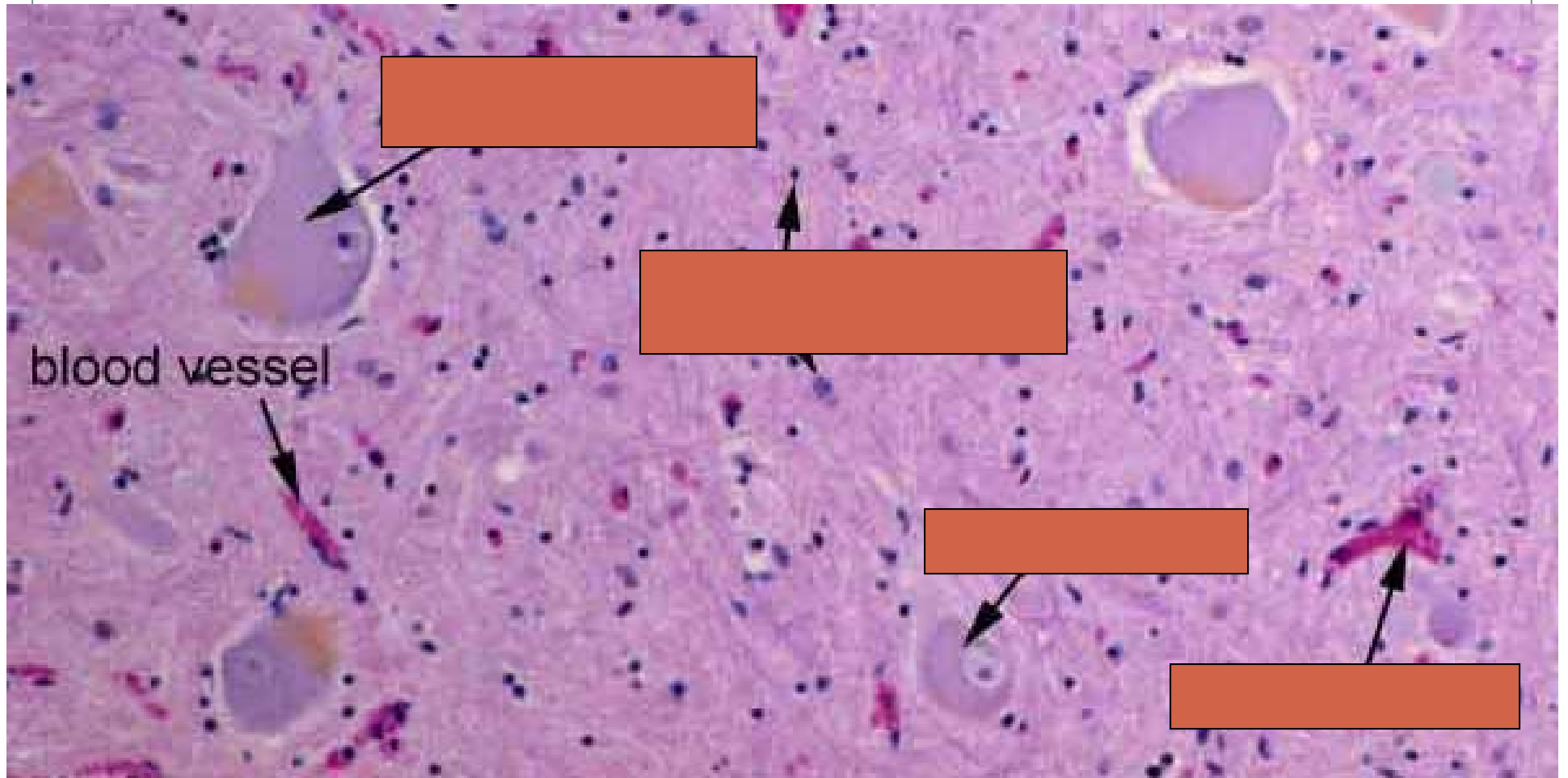


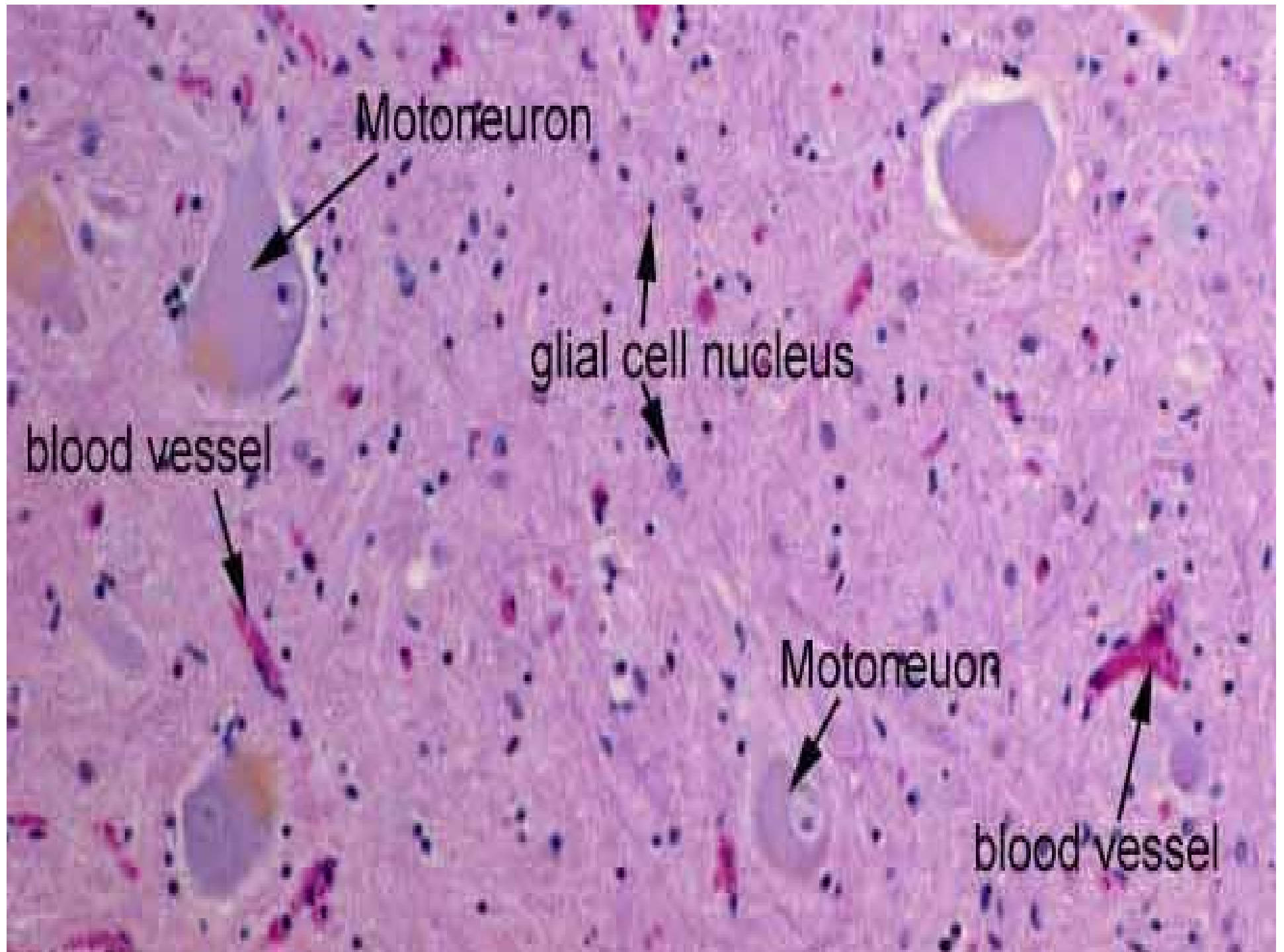
Dorsal Root Ganglion H&E

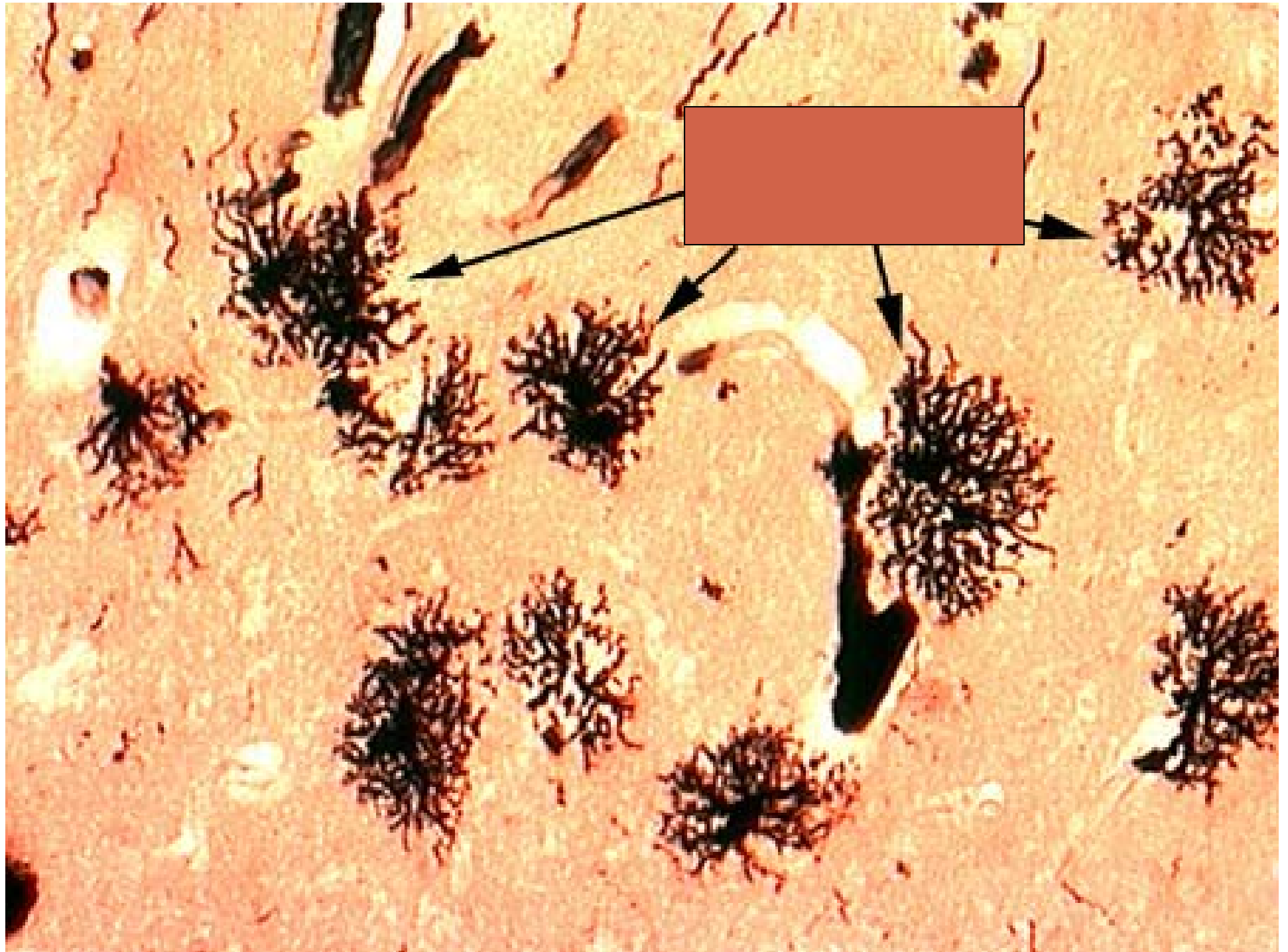


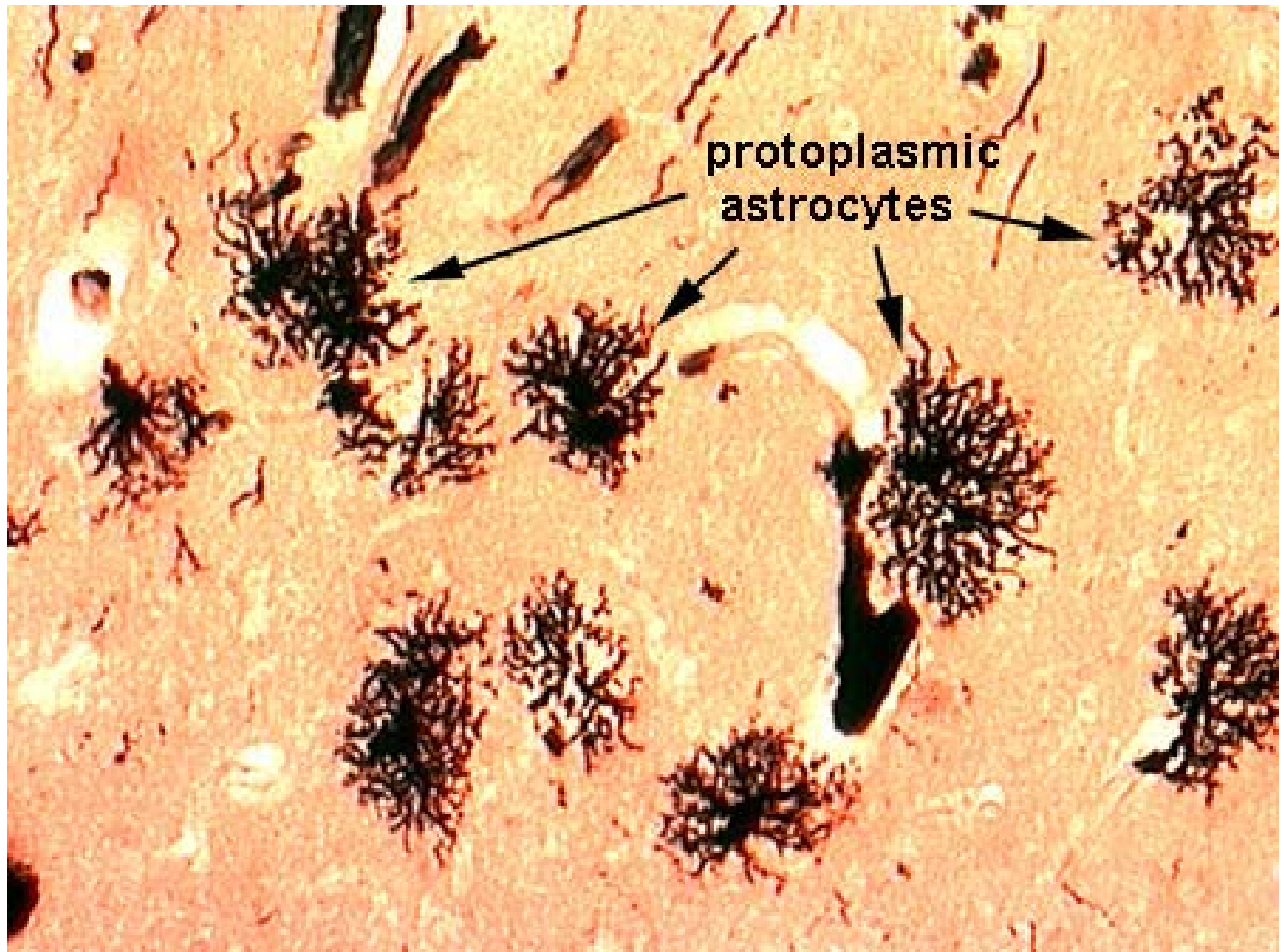
Dorsal Root Ganglion H&E

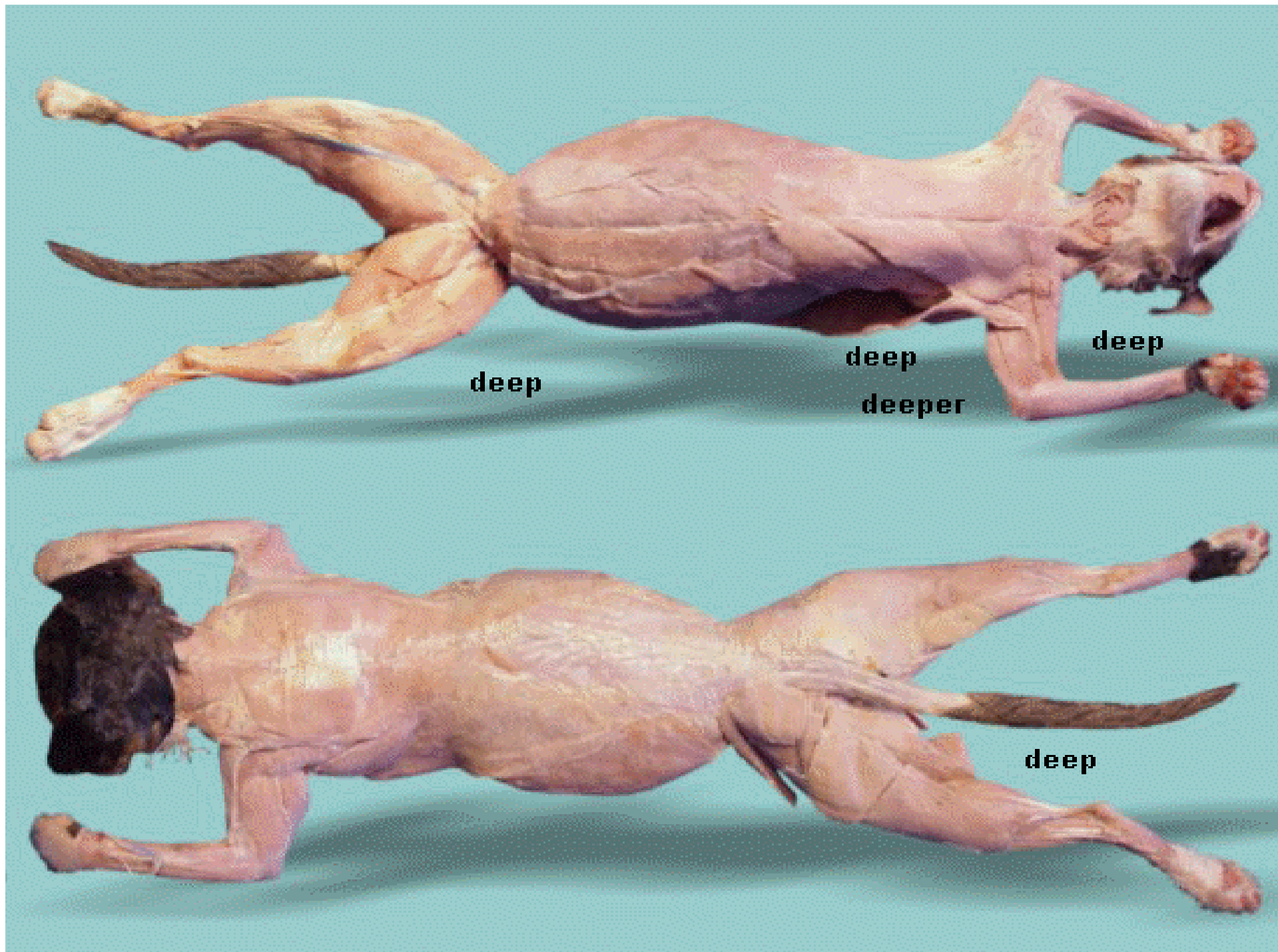




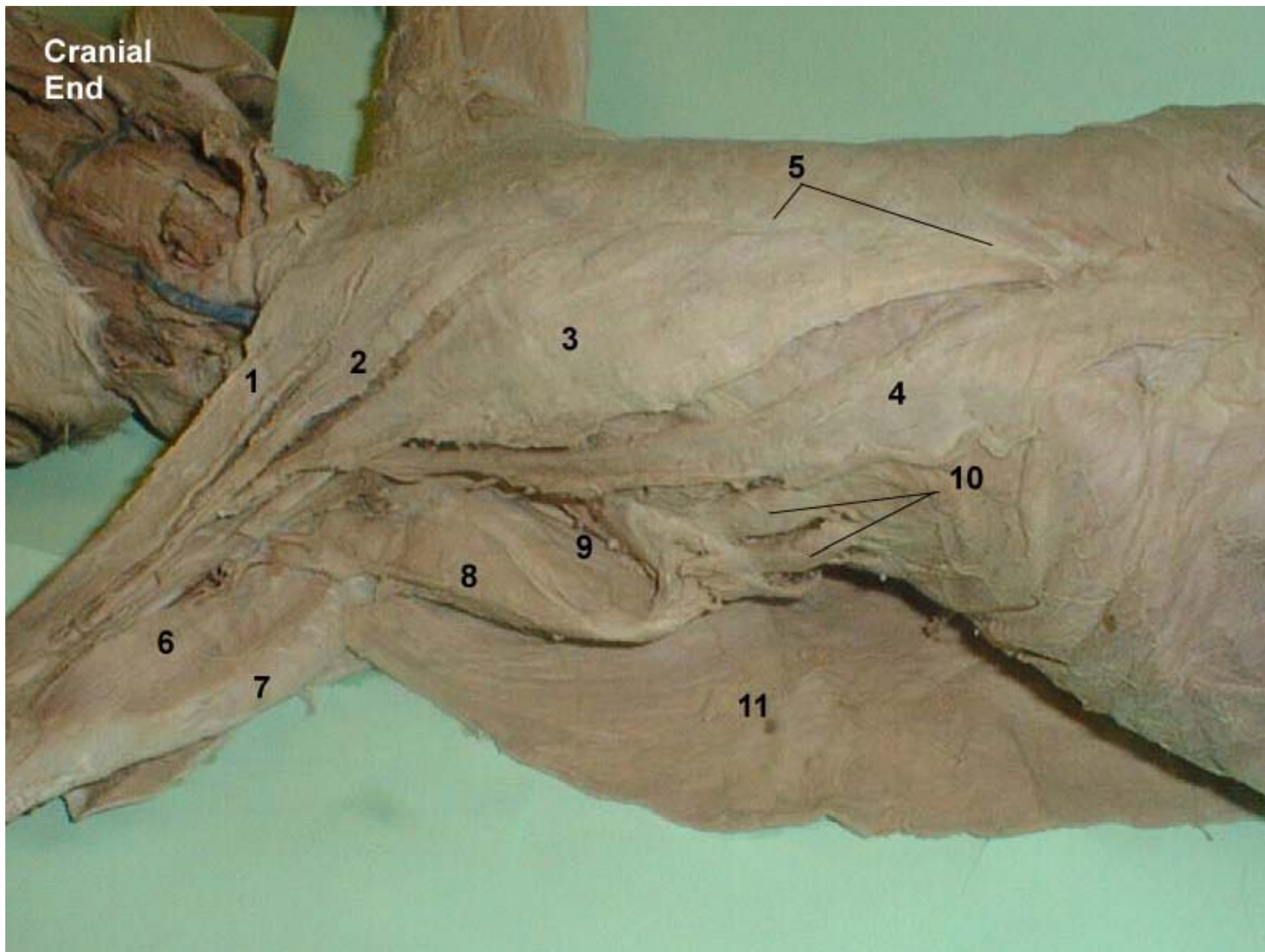


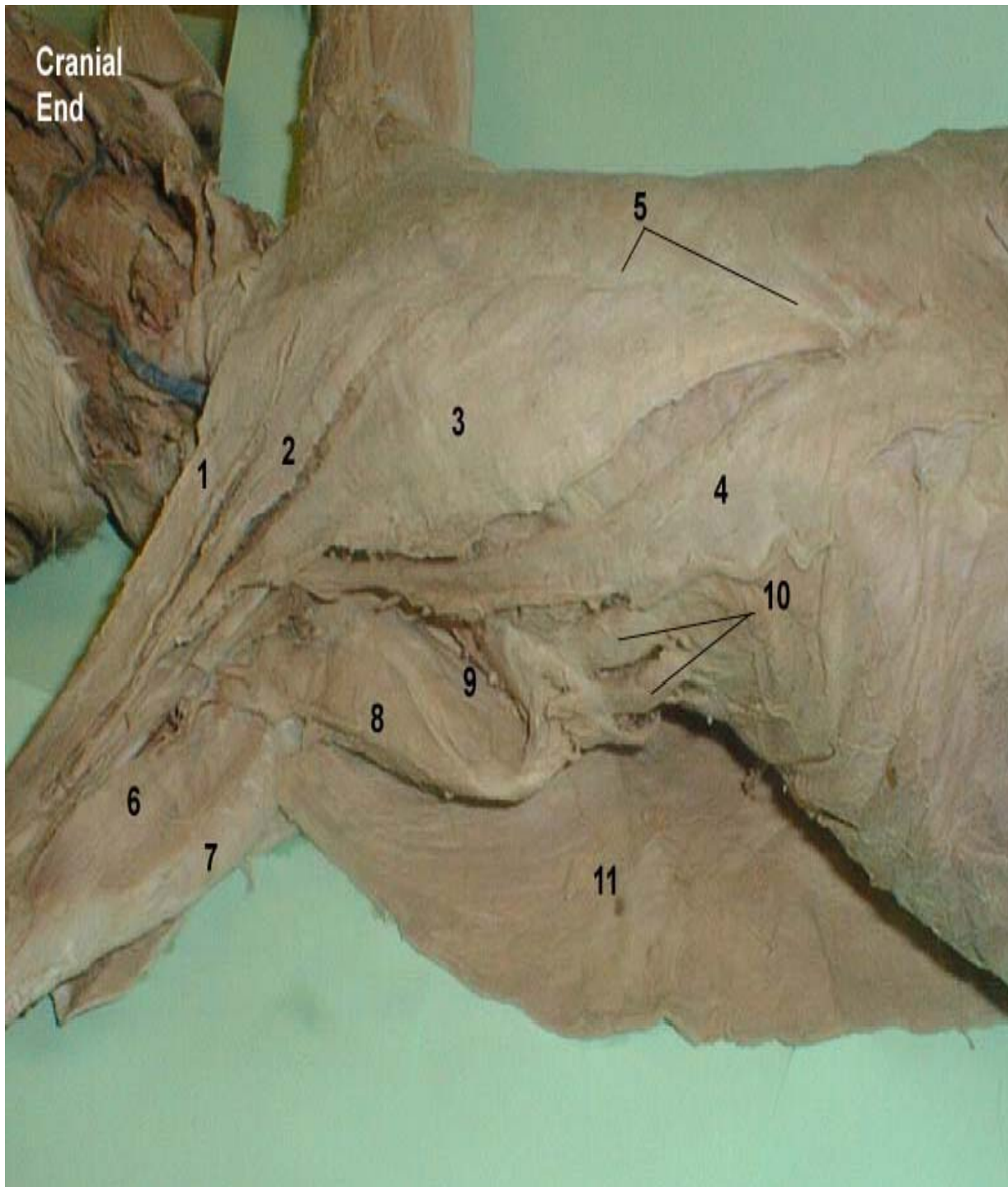




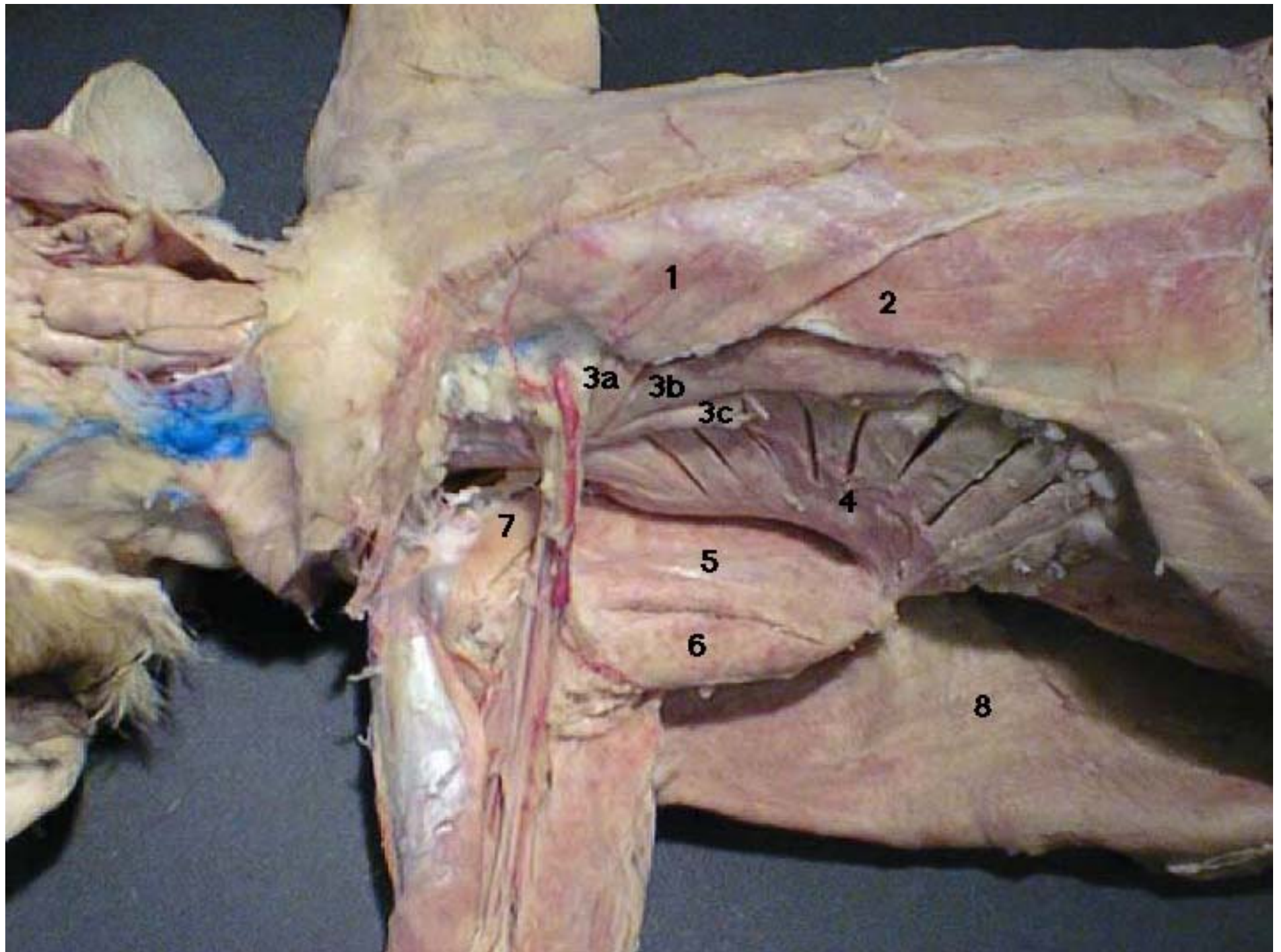


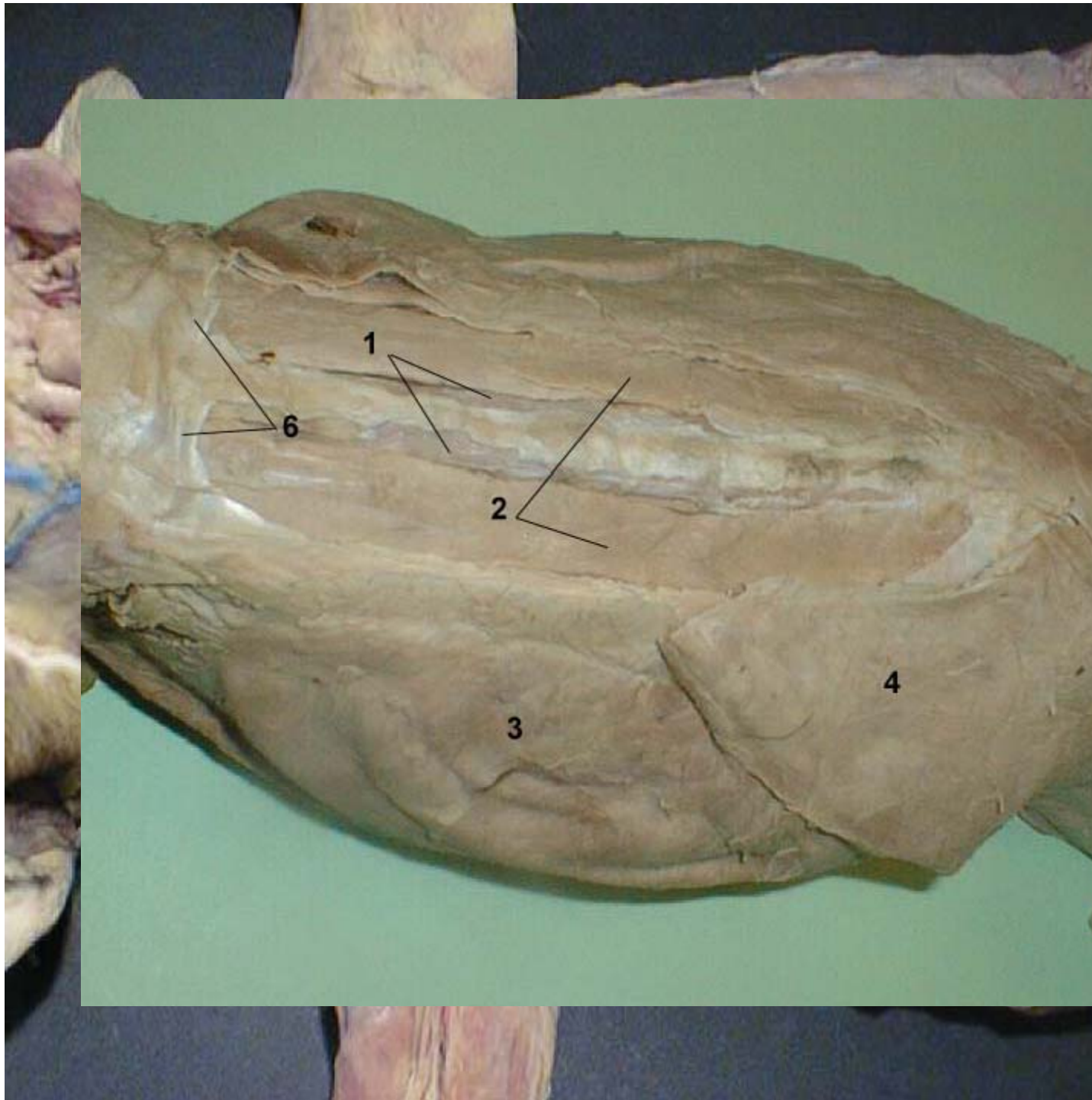
Cranial
End





1. Pectoantebrachialis
2. Pectoralis Major
3. Pectoralis Minor
4. Xiphohumeralis
5. Linea Alba
6. Epitrochlearis
7. Triceps (Long Head)
8. Teres Major
9. Subscapularis
10. Serratus Ventralis
11. Latissimus Dorsi





1. Rectus abdominis

5. External oblique

Cranial End

6. Arcuate transverse line

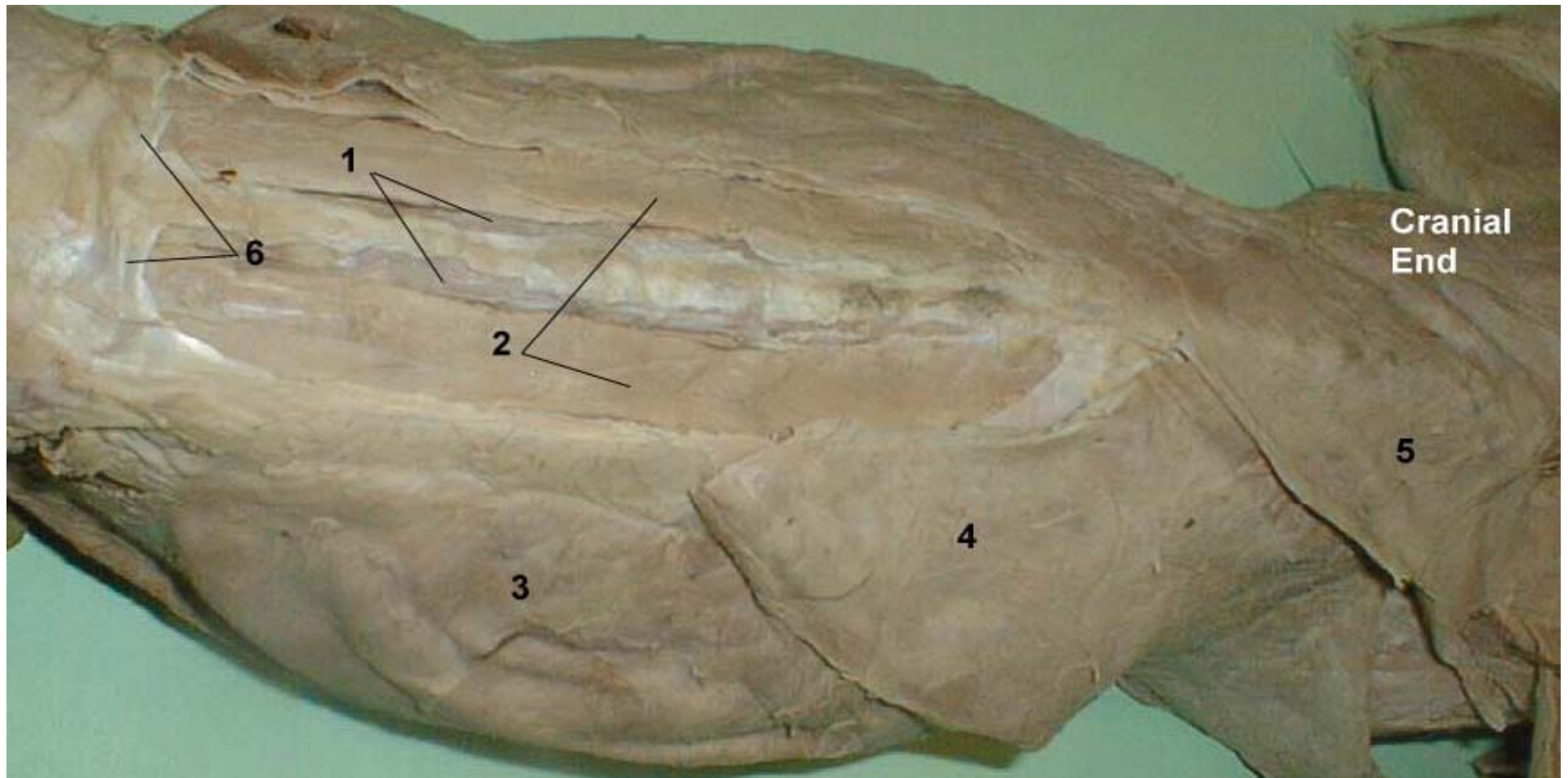
2. Arcuate line

4. Rectus abdominis

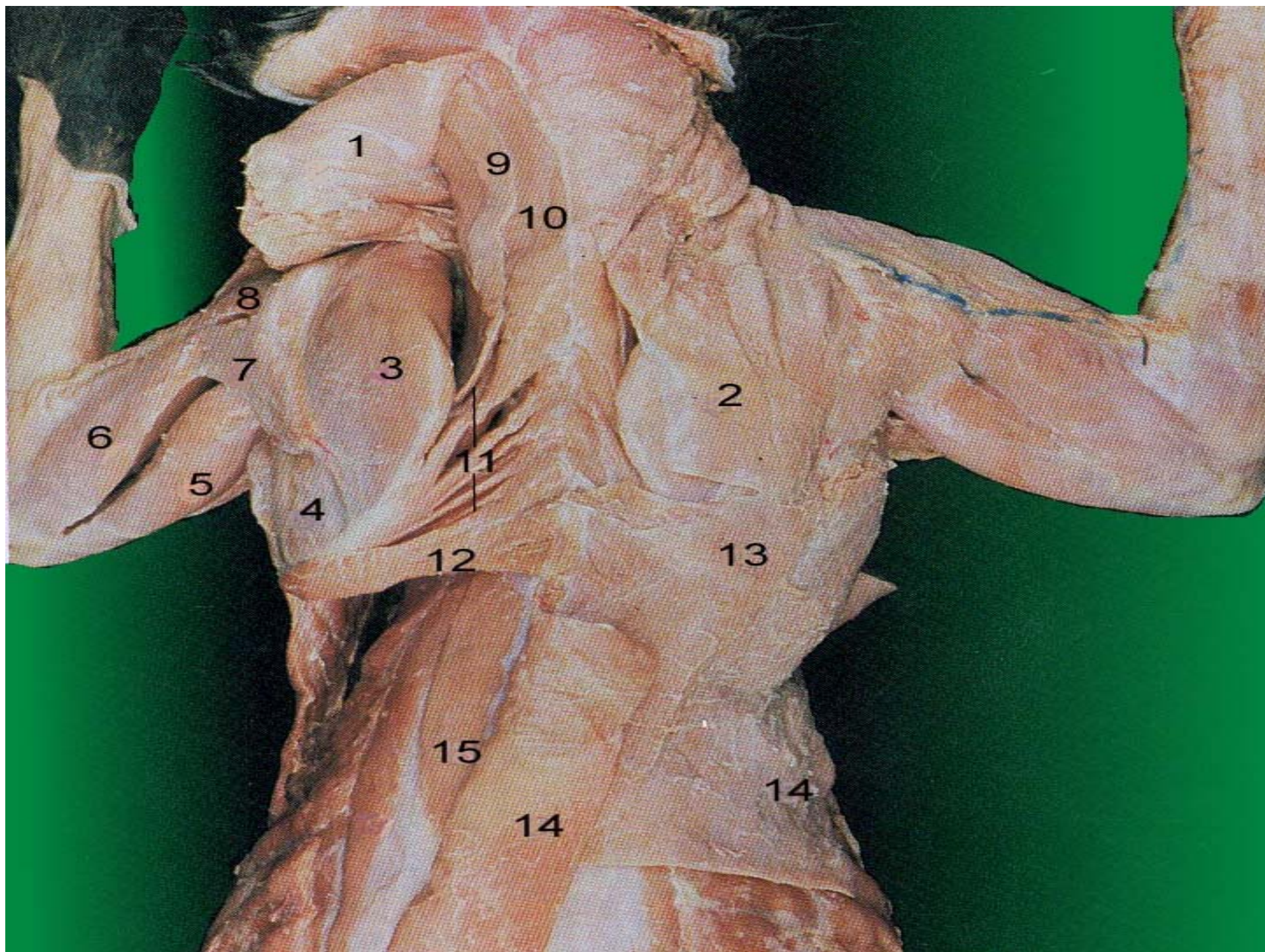
3. Rectus abdominis

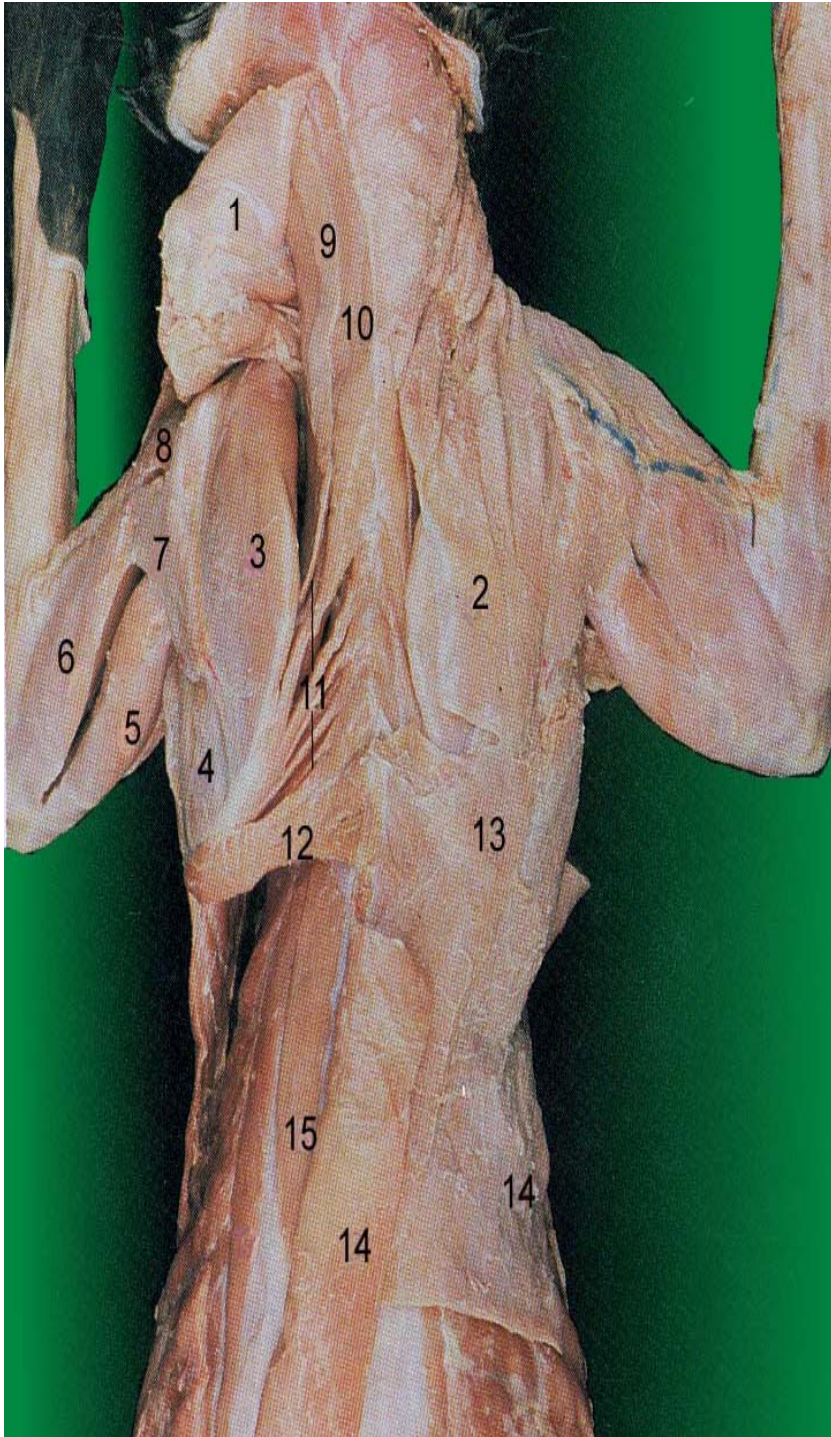
7. Coracobrachialis

hialis



1. Multifidus
2. Erector Spinae
3. External Oblique
4. Latissimus Dorsi
5. Spinotrapezius
6. Thoracolumbar Fascia (Cut)





1 Clavotrapezius
 . (Reflected)

2
 . Acromiotrapezius

3
 . Supraspinatus

4
 . Infraspinatus

5 Triceps (Long
 . Head)

6 Triceps (Lateral
 . Head)

7
 . Acromiodeltoid

8
 . Clavodeltoid

9. Rhomboideus
 Capitis

10. Splenius Capitis

11. Rhomboideus
 Minor

12. Rhomboideus Major

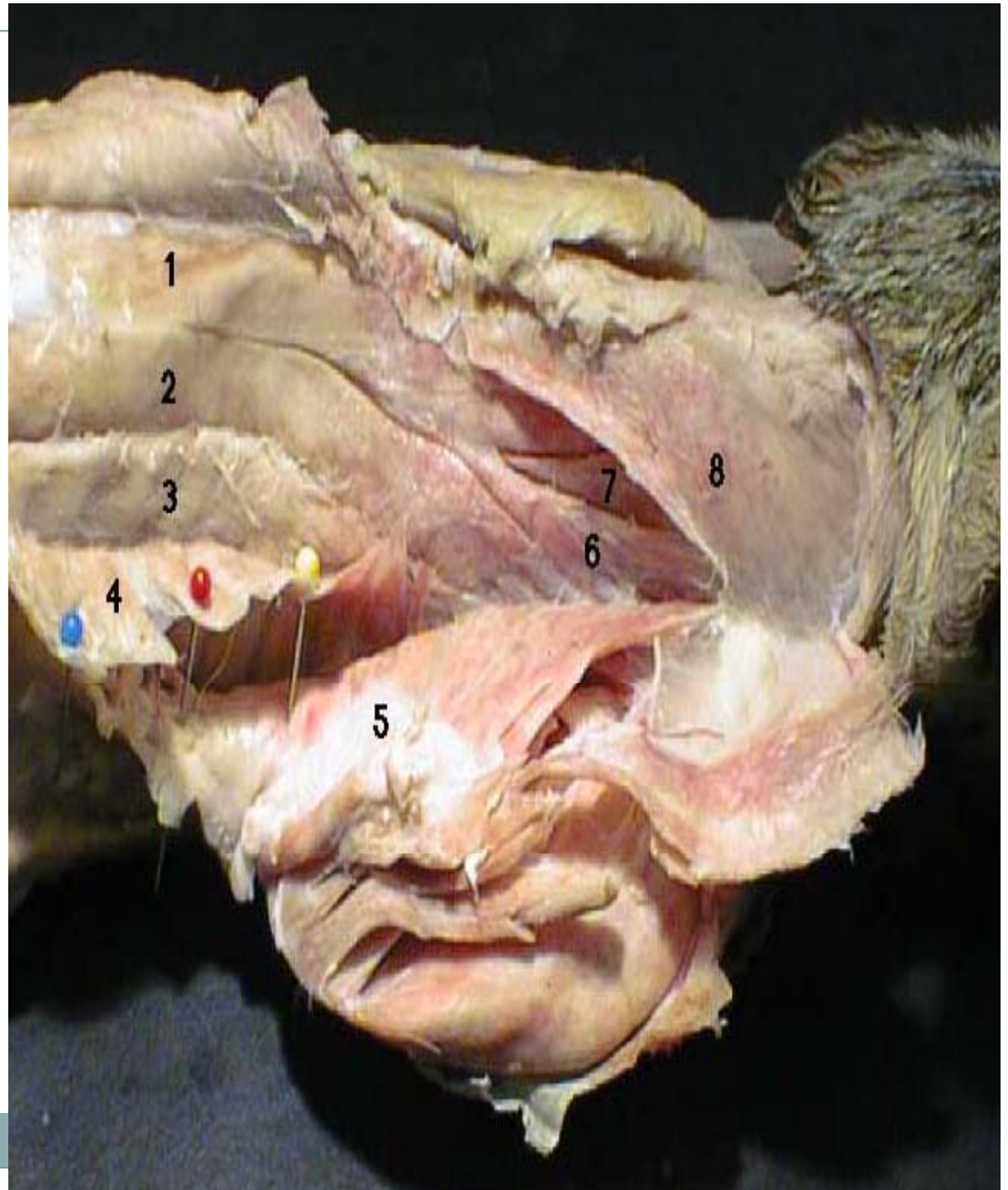
13. Spinotrapezius

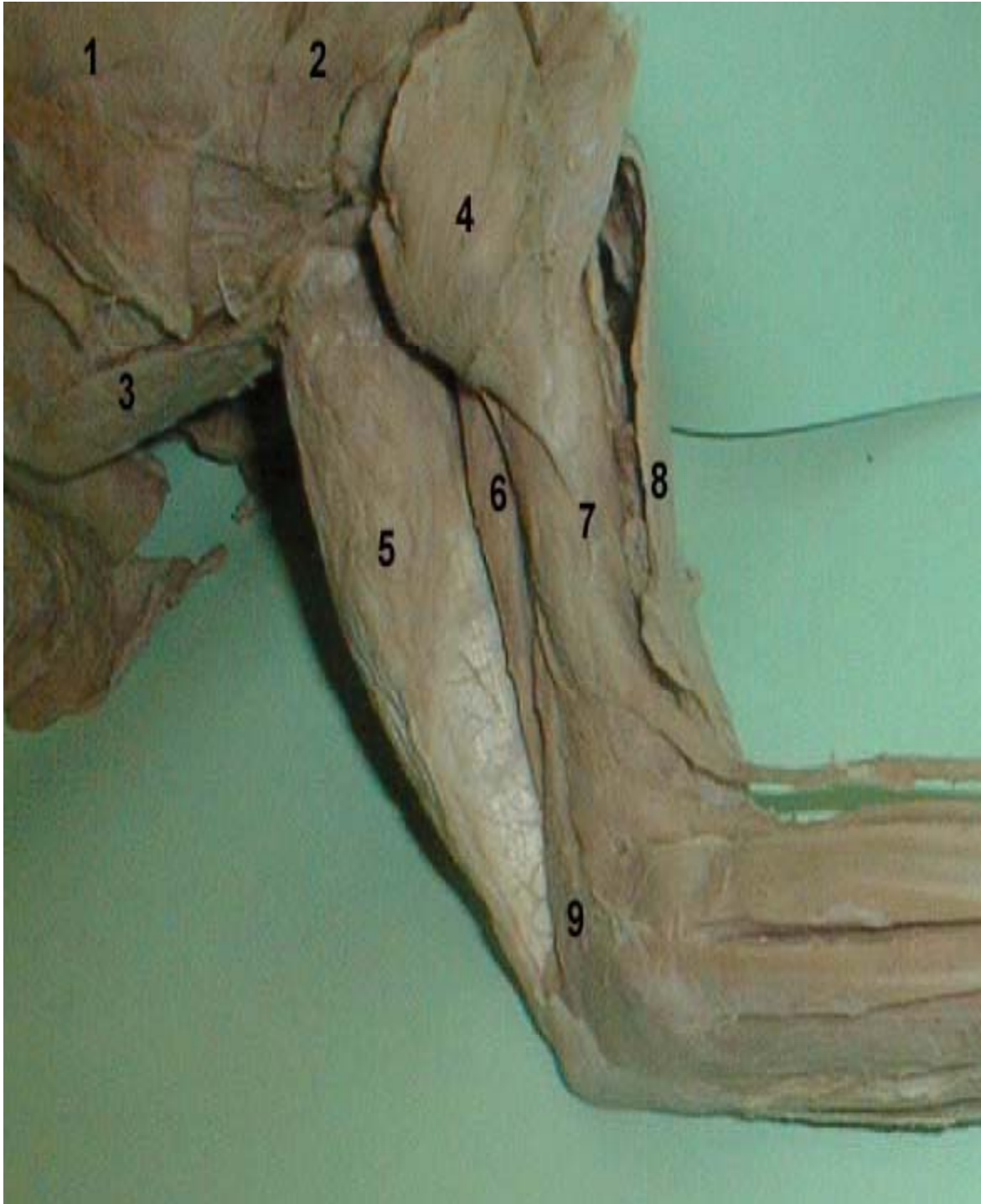
14. Latissimus Dorsi

15. Longissimus



1. Spinalis Dorsi
2. Longissimus (Thoracis)
3. Iliocostalis
4. Serratus Dorsalis (Reflected)
5. Serratus Ventralis
6. Longissimus (Cervicus)
7. Longissimus (Capitis)
8. Splenius





1. Acromiotrapezius
2. Levator Scapulae
. Ventralis
3. Teres Major
.
4. Triceps Lateral
. Head (Reflected)
5. Triceps Long
Head
6. Triceps Medial
. Head
7. Brachialis
8. Clavodeltoid
.
9. Anconeus
.



1. Clavodeltoid
2. Biceps Brachii
3. Triceps Medial Head
4. Epitrochlearis
5. Triceps Long Head

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|
| 1 | Long Head of Triceps | 7. | Extensor Digitorum Communis |
| 2 | Lateral Head of Triceps | 8. | Extensor Digitorum Lateralis |
| 3 | Brachialis | 9. | Extensor Carpi Ulnaris |
| 4 | Brachioradialis | 10. | Flexor Carpi Ulnaris |
| 5 | Extensor Carpi Radialis Longus | 11 | Anconeus |
| 6 | Extensor Carpi Radialis Brevis | | |



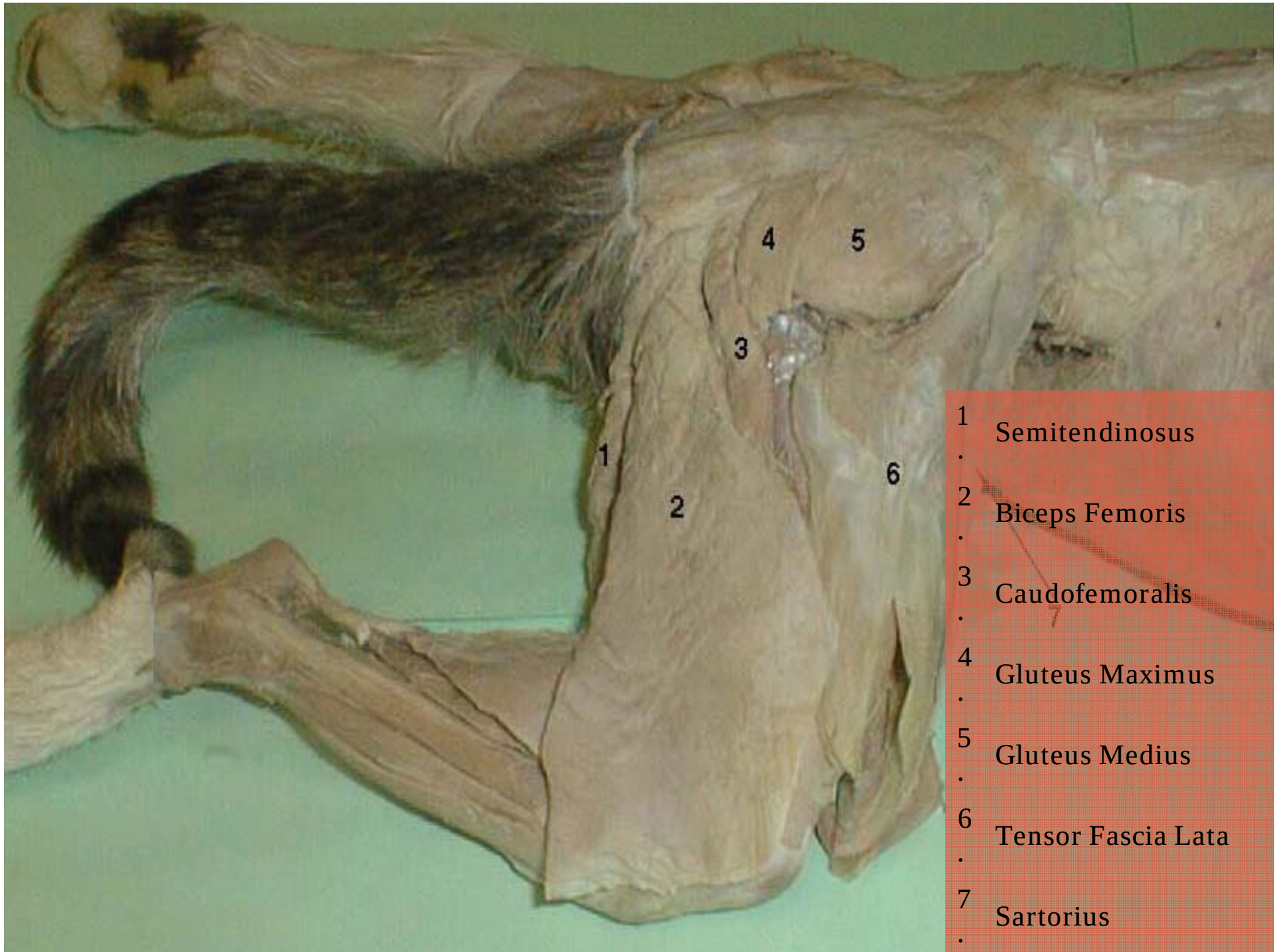
Medial Aspect
of Forearm

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 Brachioradialis | 8. Clavodeltoid |
| 2 Extensor Carpi
Radialis
Longus | 9. Biceps Brachii |
| 3 Extensor Carpi
Radialis Brevis | 10. Epitrochlearis |
| 4 Pronator Teres | 11 Long Head of
Triceps |
| 5 Flexor Carpi
Radialis | 12 Medial Head of
Triceps |
| 6 Palmaris
Longus | 13 Flexor
Digitorum
Superficialis |
| 7 Flexor Carpi
Ulnaris | |



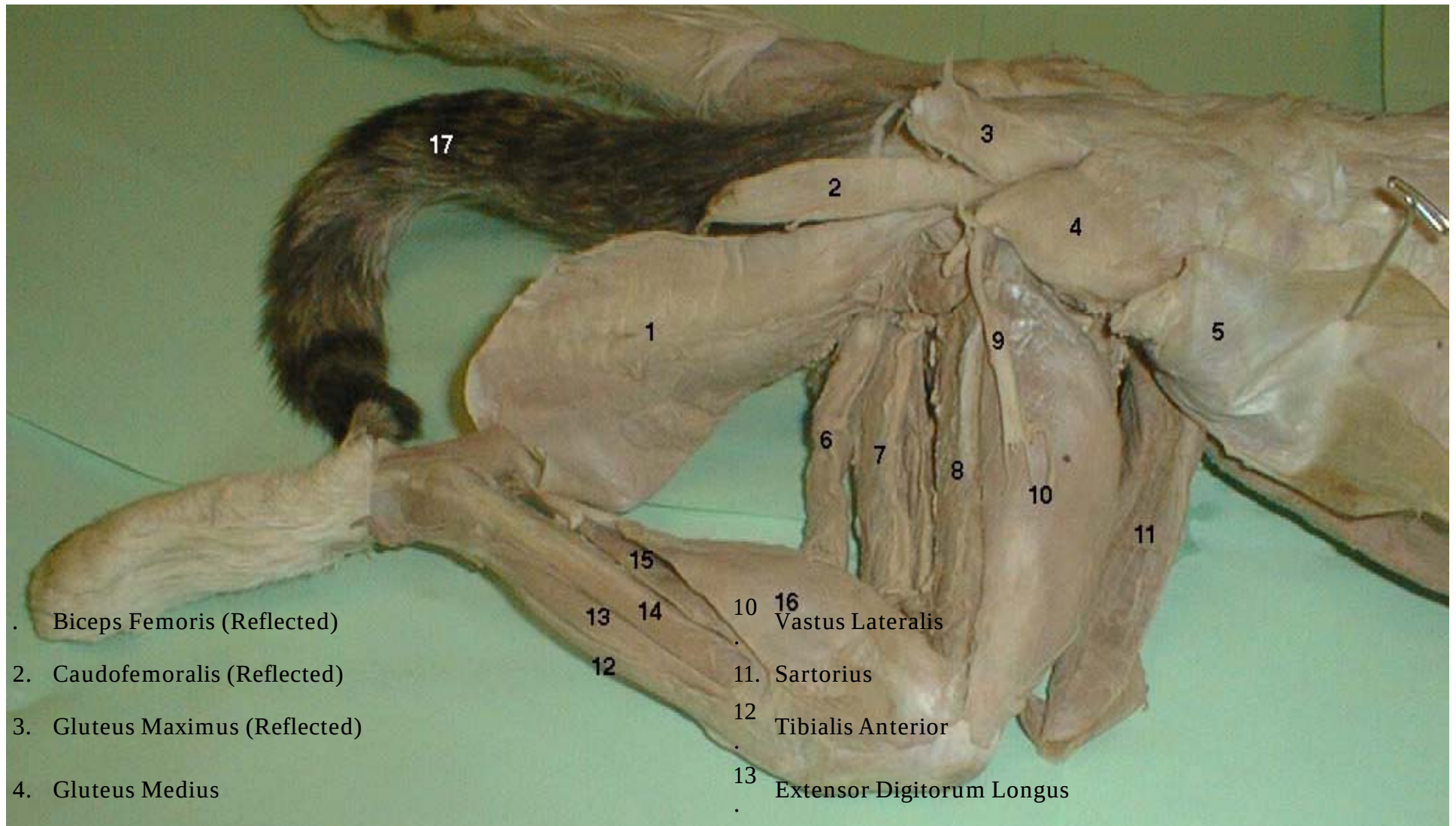
1. Aponeurosa
2. Rectus Abdominus
3. Transversus Abdominus
4. External Oblique
5. Internal Oblique





- 1 Semitendinosus
- 2 Biceps Femoris
- 3 Caudofemoralis
- 4 Gluteus Maximus
- 5 Gluteus Medius
- 6 Tensor Fascia Lata
- 7 Sartorius





1. Biceps Femoris (Reflected)

2. Caudofemoralis (Reflected)

3. Gluteus Maximus (Reflected)

4. Gluteus Medius

5. Tensor Fascia Lata (Reflected)

6. Semitendinosus

7. Semimembranosus

8. Adductor Femoris

9. Sciatic Nerve

10. Vastus Lateralis

11. Sartorius

12. Tibialis Anterior

13. Extensor Digitorum Longus

14. Peroneus Complex

15. Soleus

16. Gastrocnemius

17. Skippy's Tail

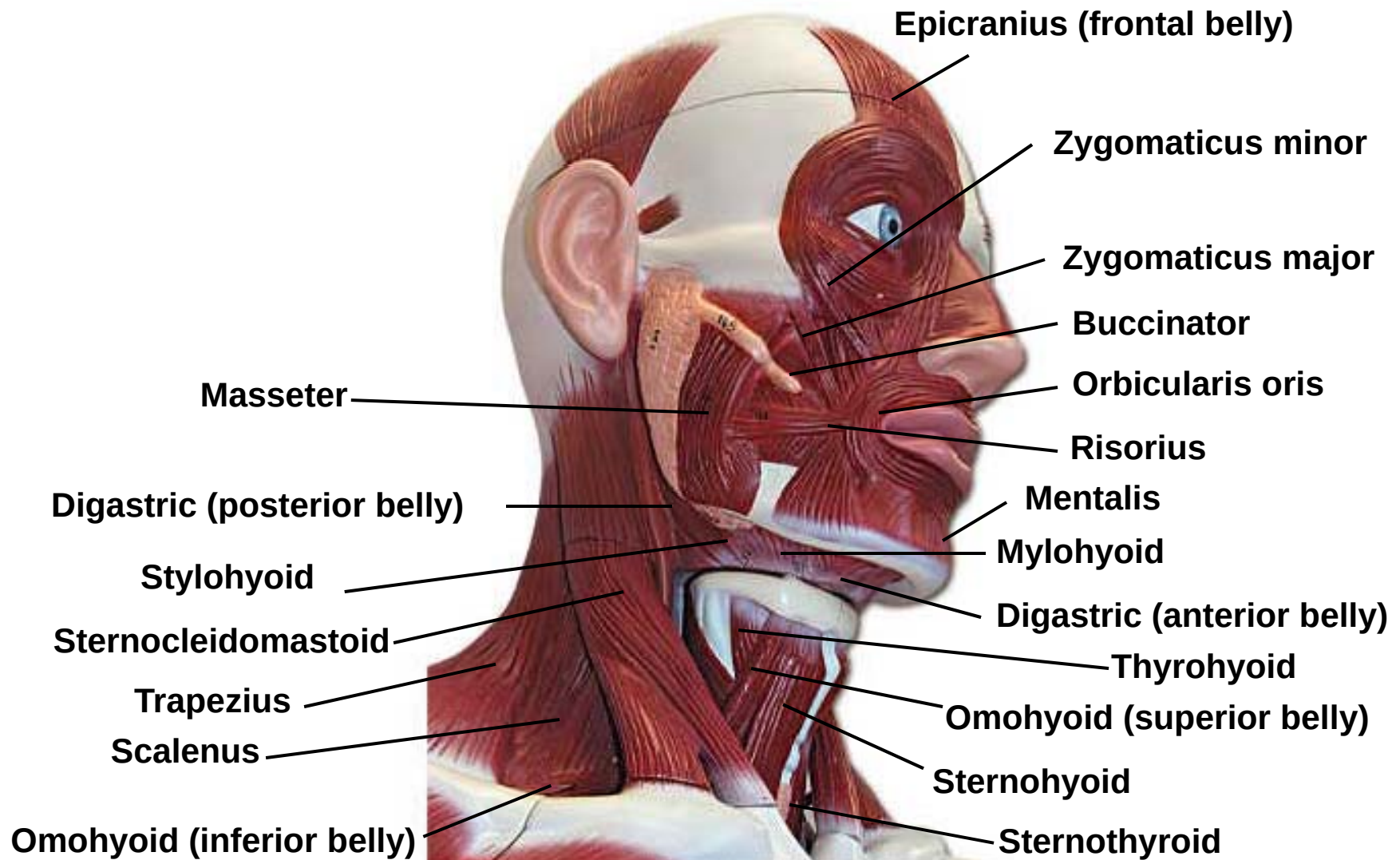
Muscles of the head and neck, anterior view



Muscles of the head, neck and trunk; lateral view

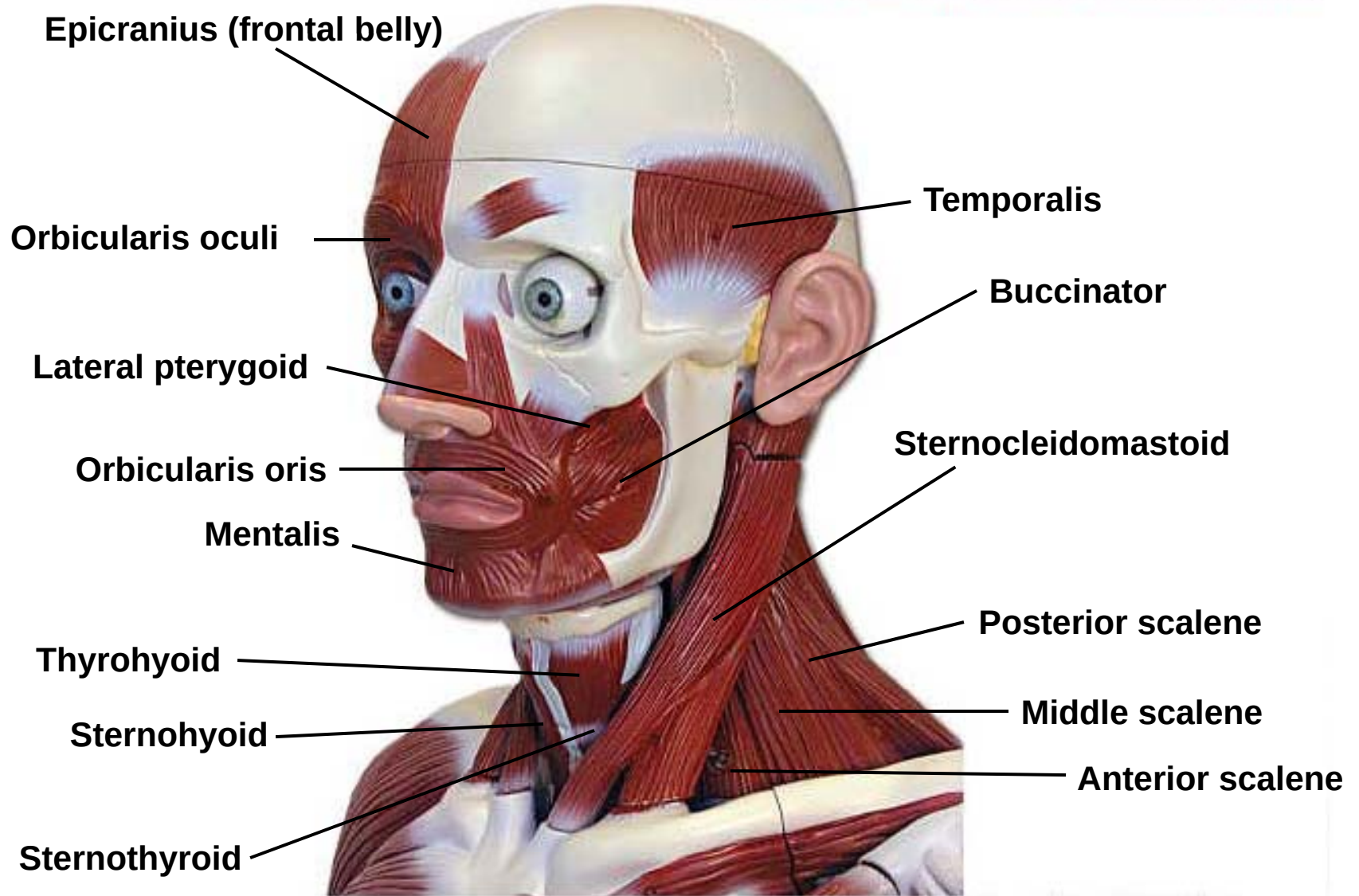


Superficial muscles of the head and neck, anterolateral view

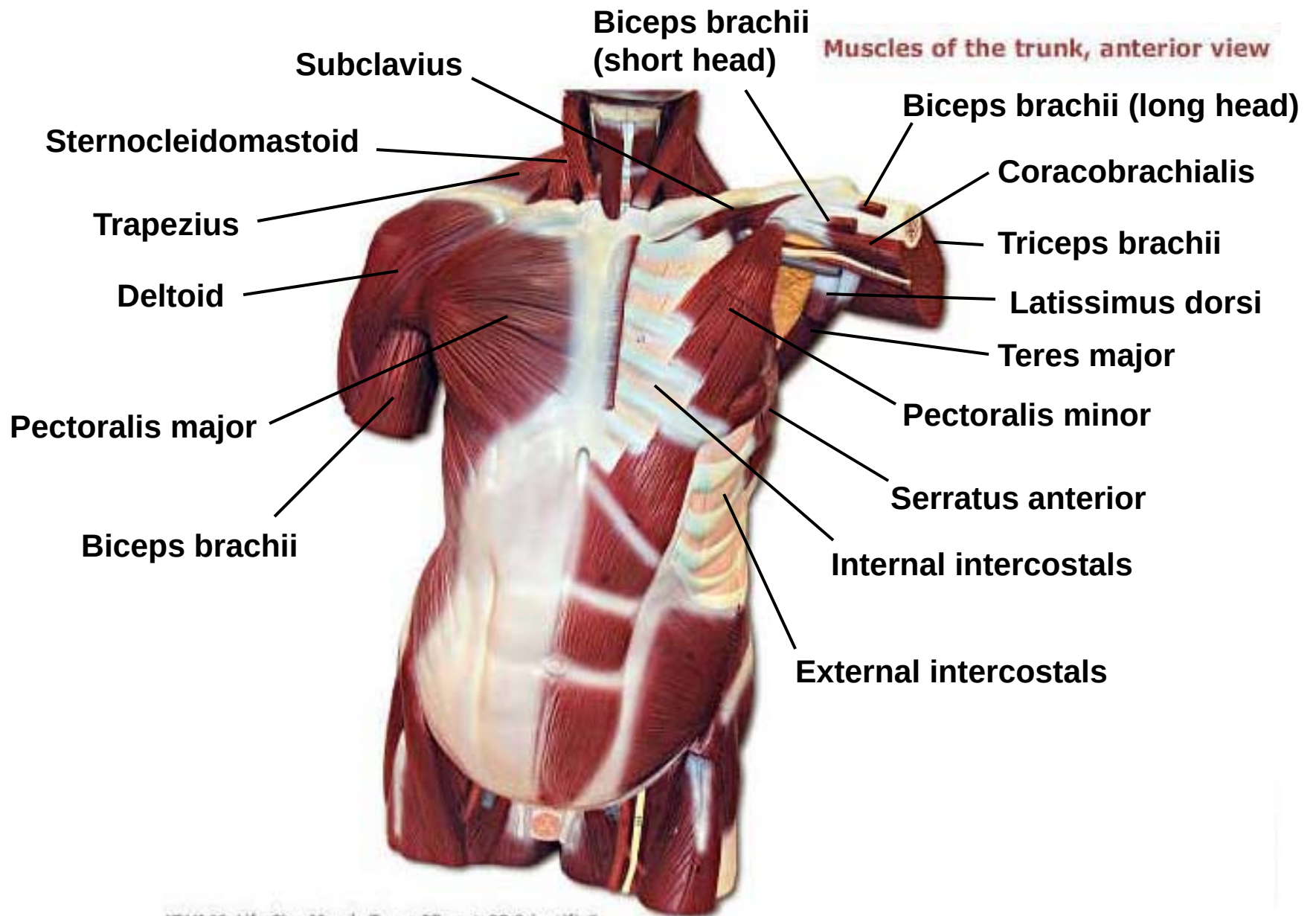


LT-VA16: Life-Size Muscle Torso, 27-part, 3B Scientific®

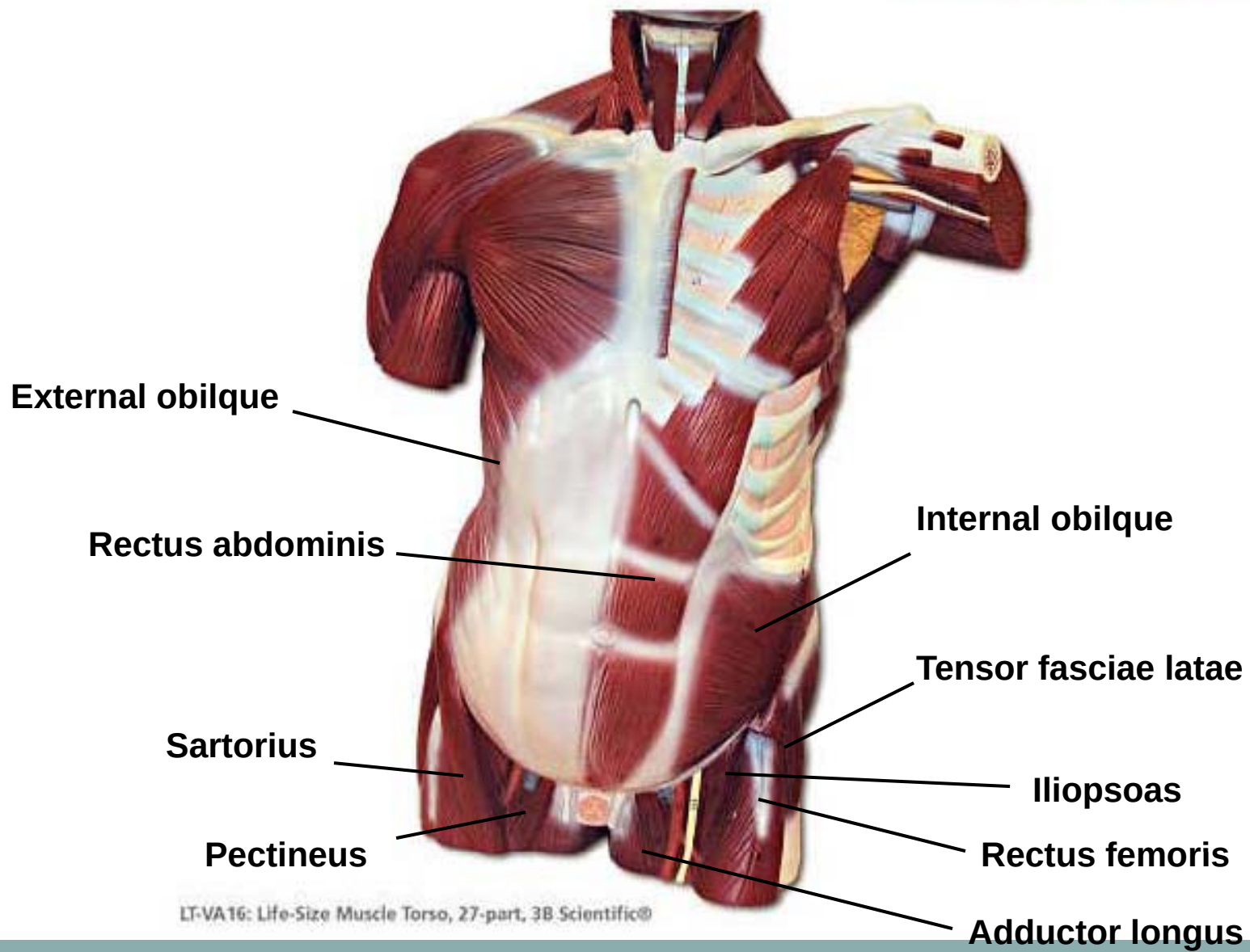
Deep muscles of the head and neck, anterolateral view



LT-VA16: Life-Size Muscle Torso, 27-part, 3B Scientific®



Muscles of the trunk, anterior view



LT-VA16: Life-Size Muscle Torso, 27-part, 3B Scientific®

Splenius capitis

Muscles of the trunk, posterior view

Levator scapulae

Supraspinatus

Epicranius (occipital belly)

Infraspinatus

Rhomboid minor

Teres minor

Trapezius

Triceps brachii (lateral head)

Rhomboid major

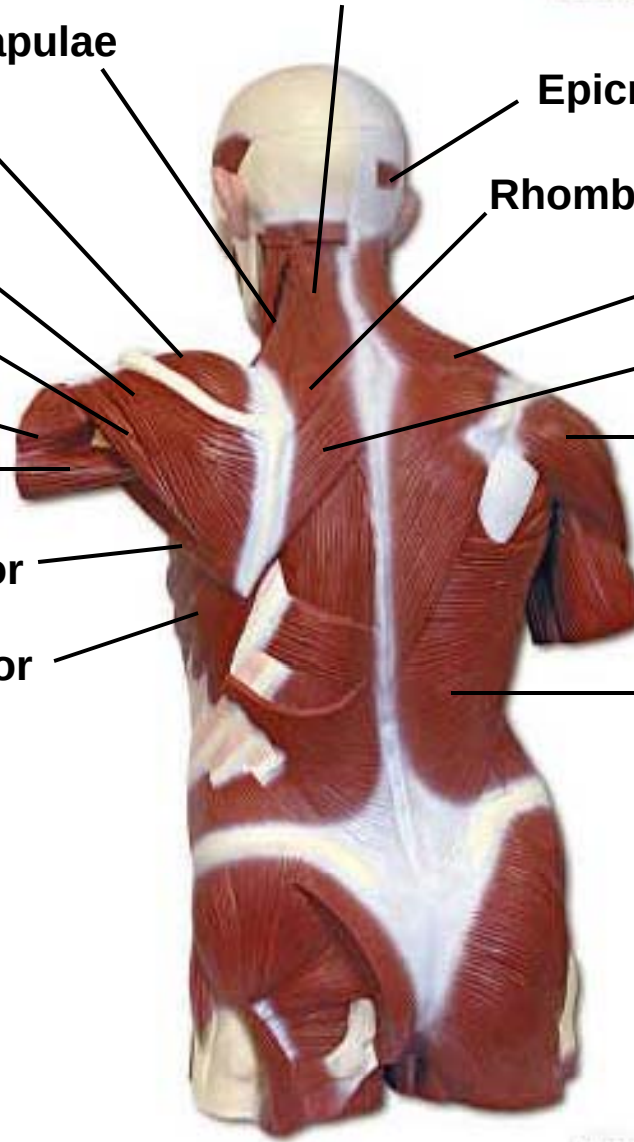
Triceps brachii (long head)

Deltoid

Teres major

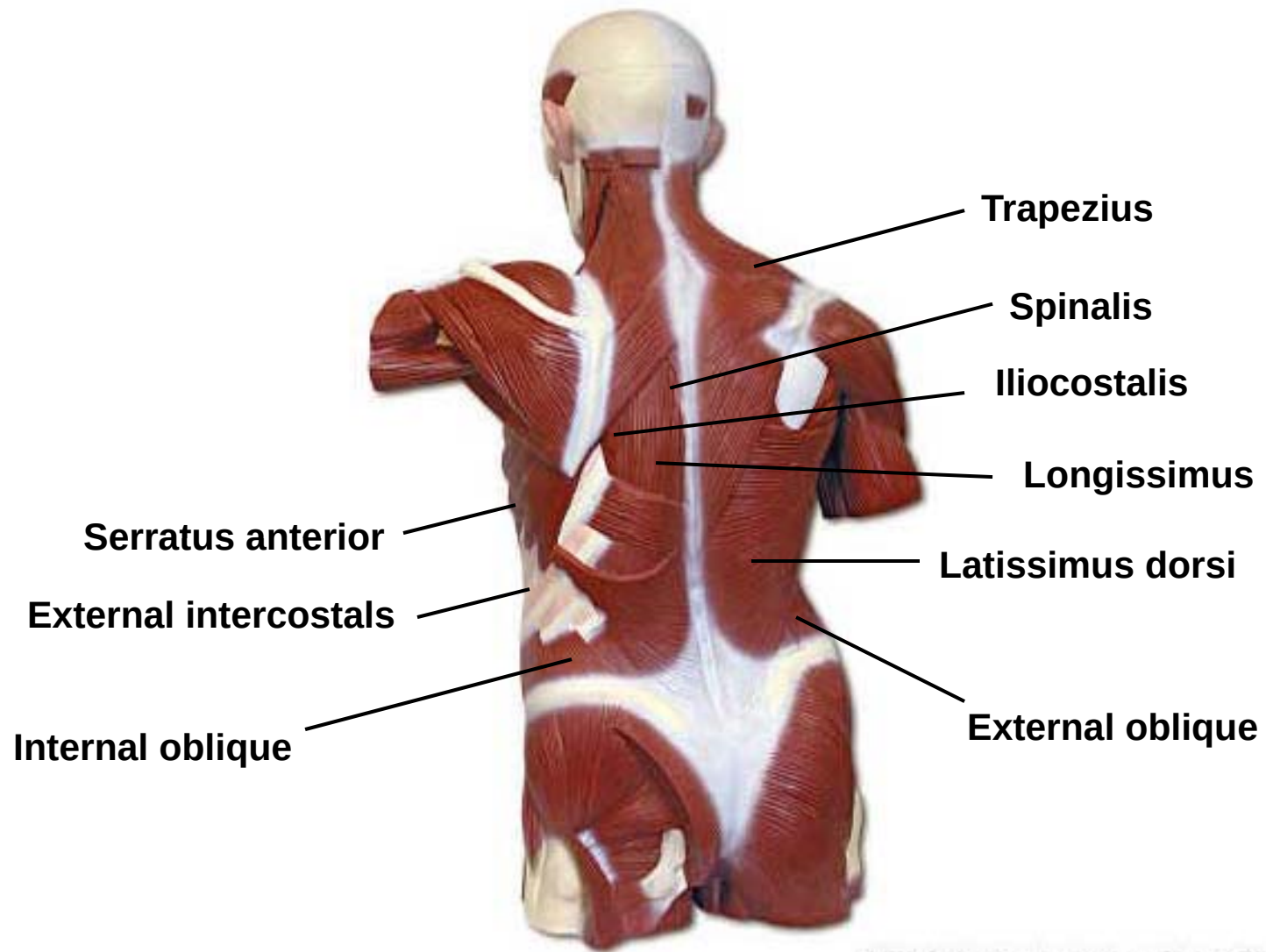
Serratus anterior

Latissimus dorsi



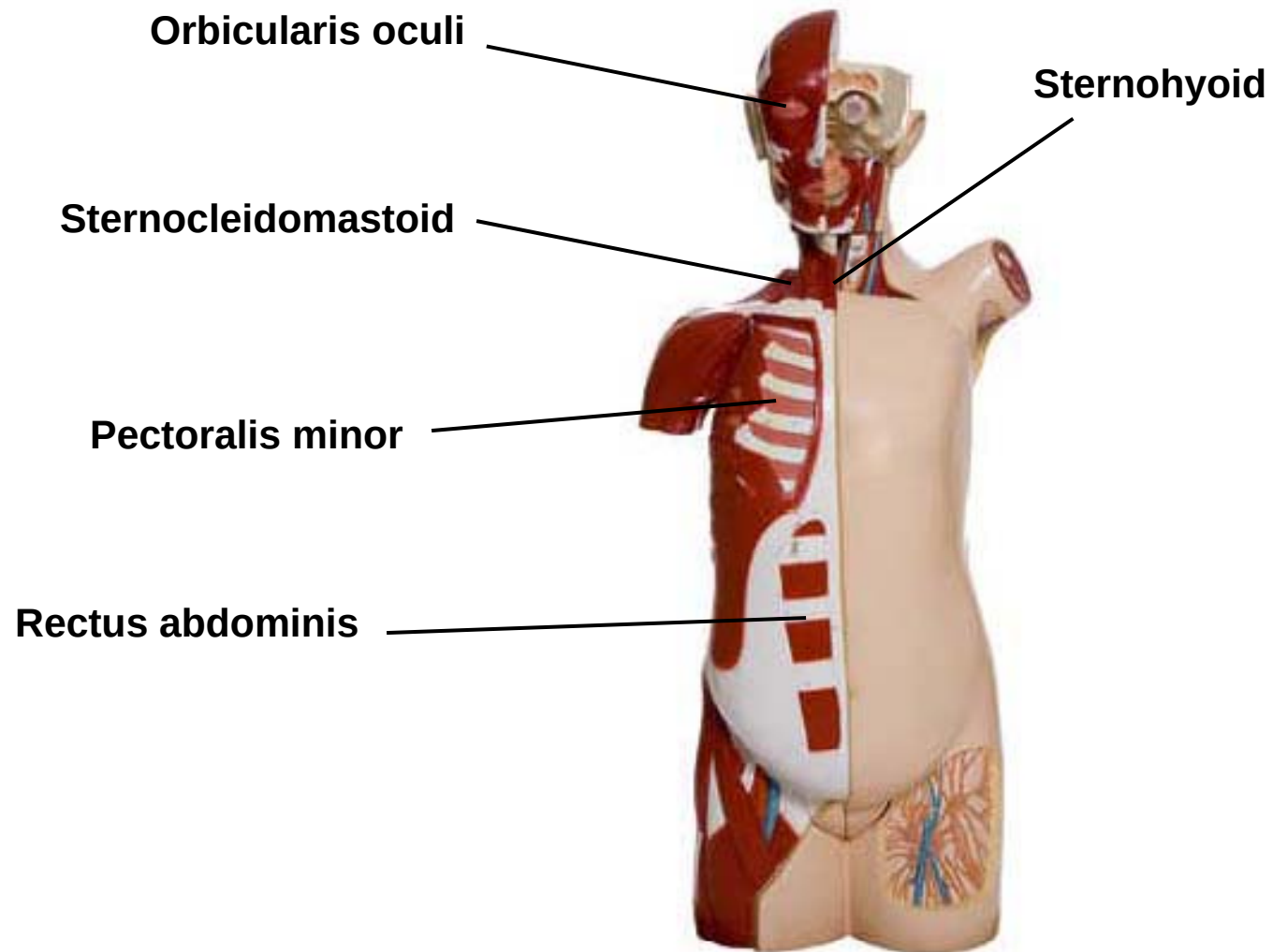
LT-VA16: Life-Size Muscle Torso, 27-part, 3B Scientific®

Muscles of the trunk, posterior view

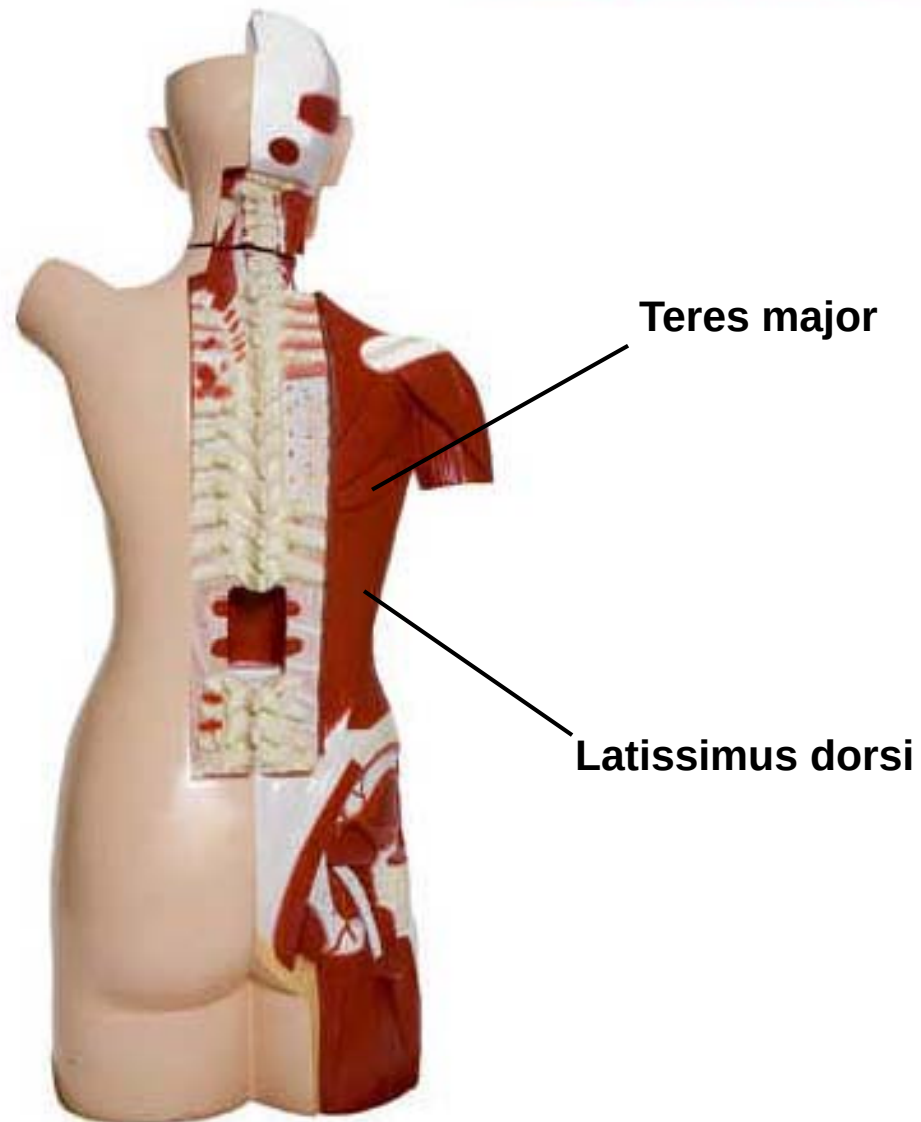


LT-VA16: Life-Size Muscle Torso, 27-part, 3B Scientific®

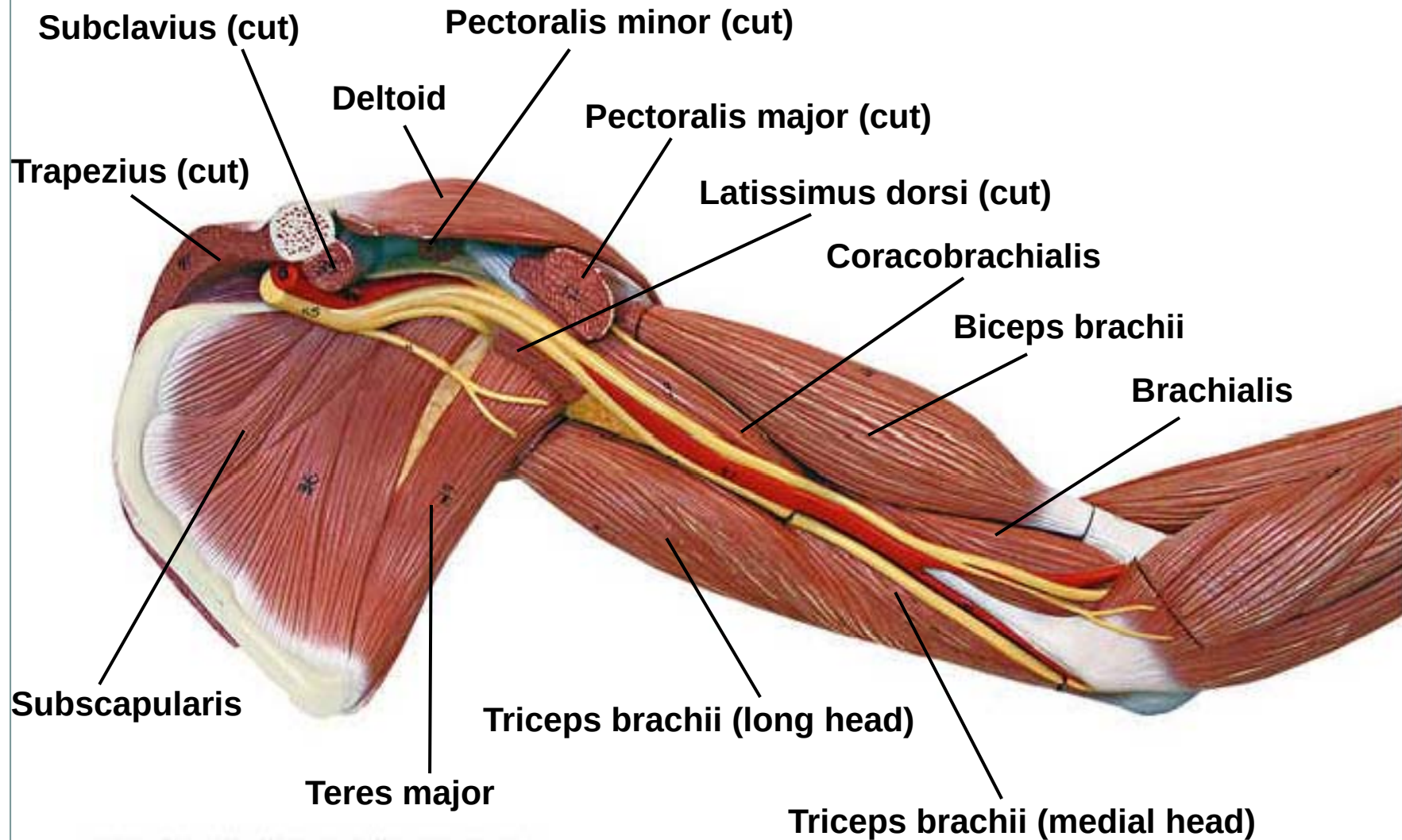
Muscles of the head, neck and trunk; anterior view



Muscles of the trunk, posterior view

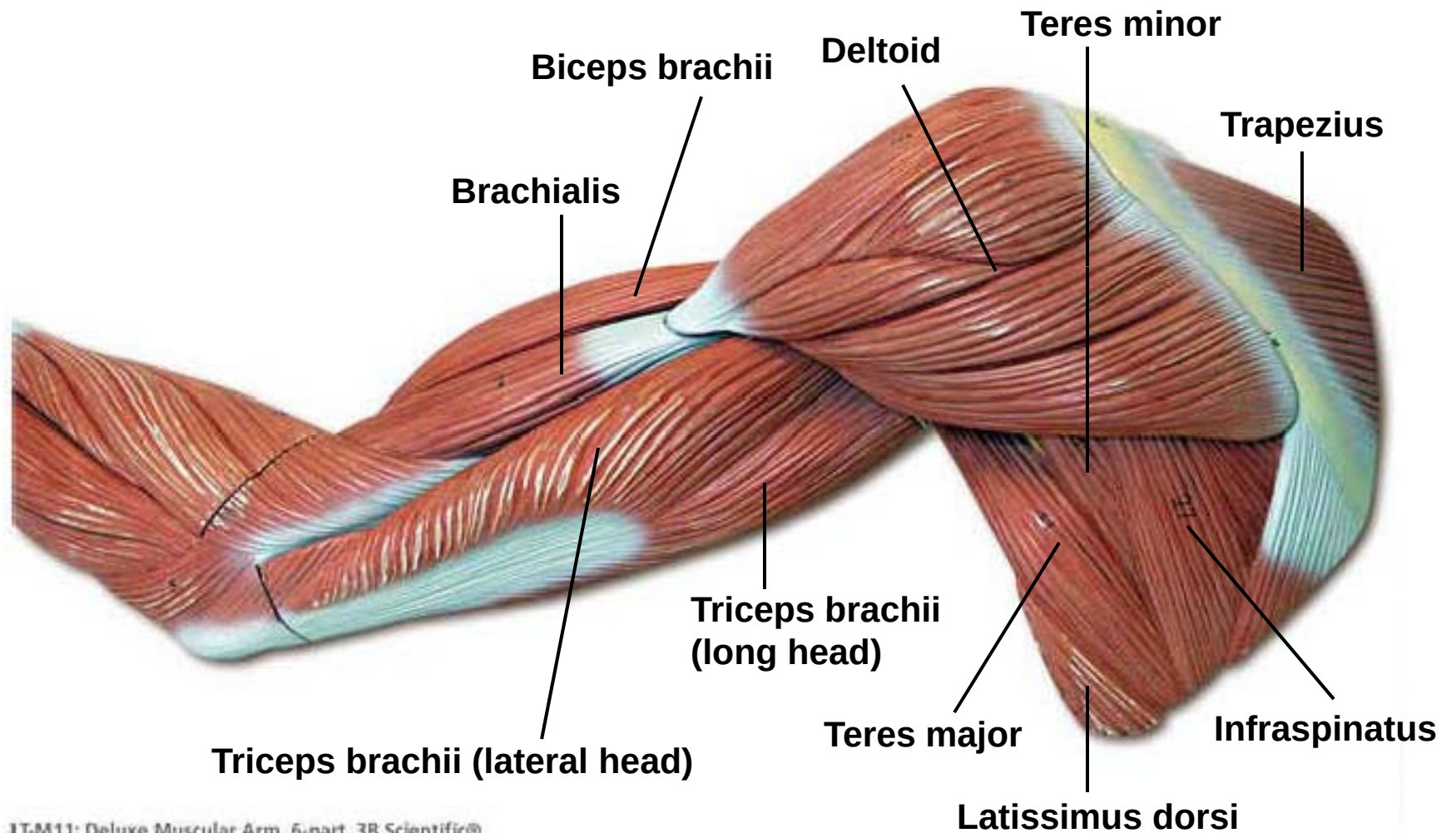


Muscles of the scapula, arm, and forearm, anterior view, left side

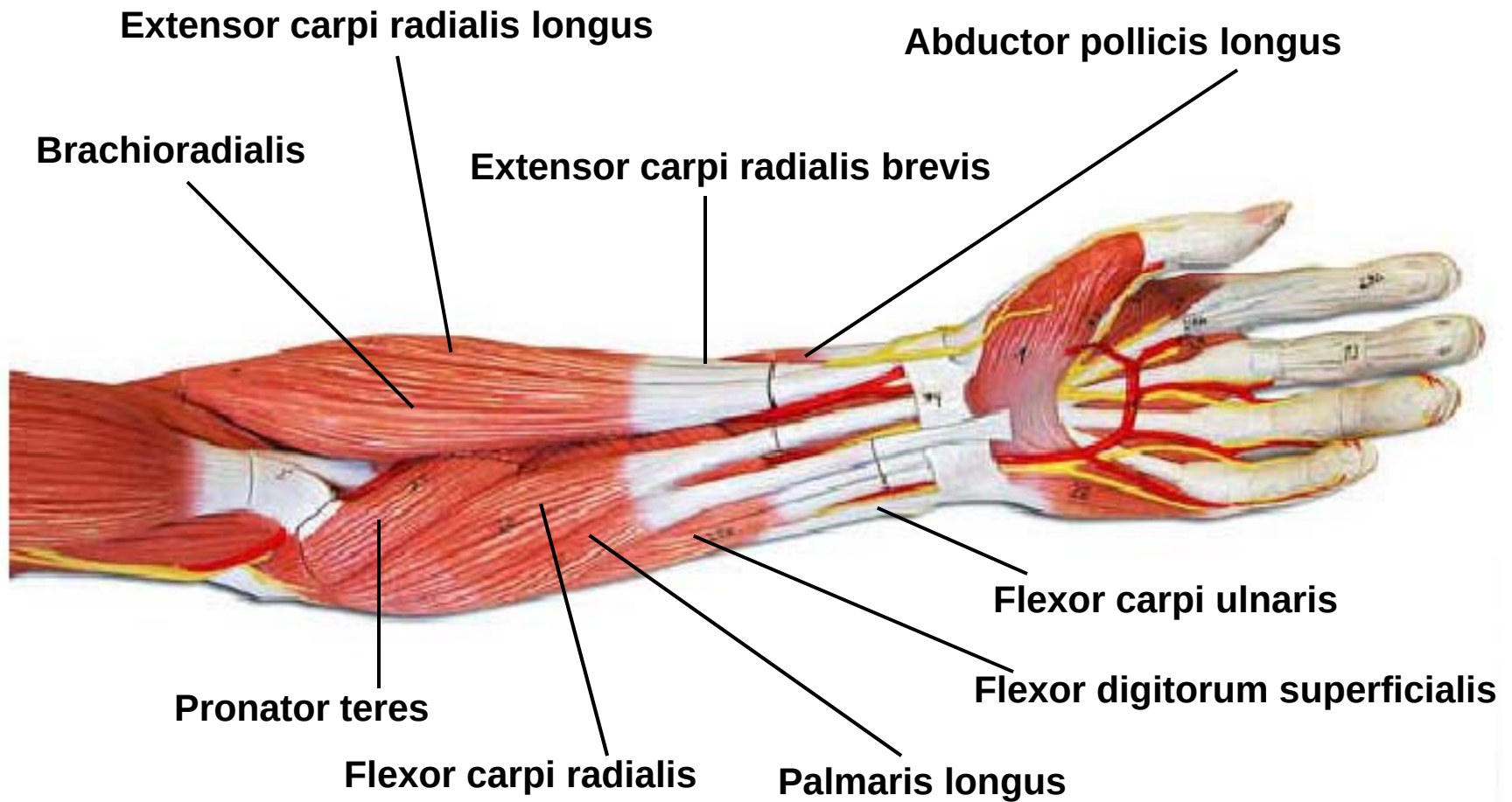


LT-M11: Deluxe Muscular Arm, 6-part, 3B Scientific®

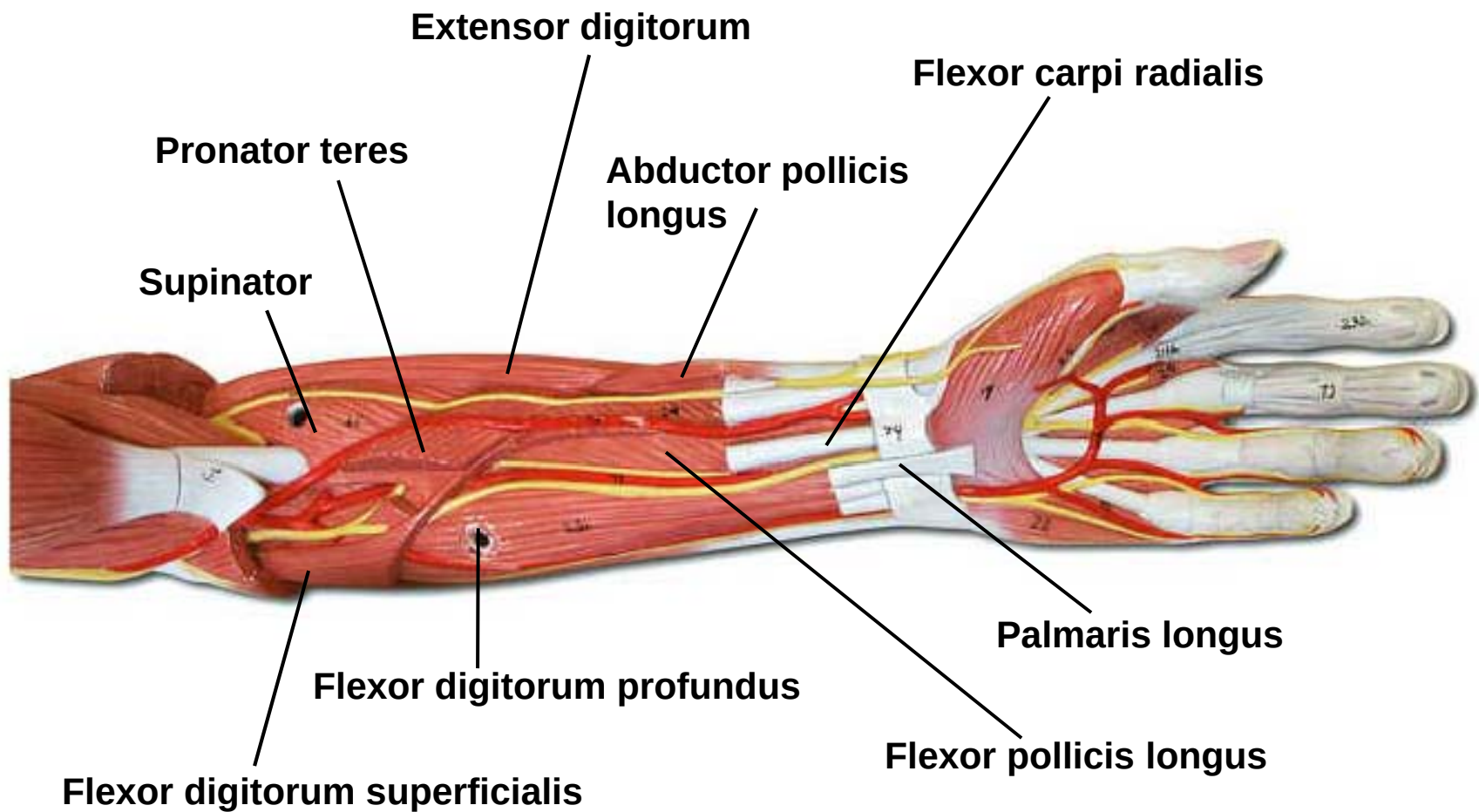
Superficial muscles of the scapula and arm, posterior view.



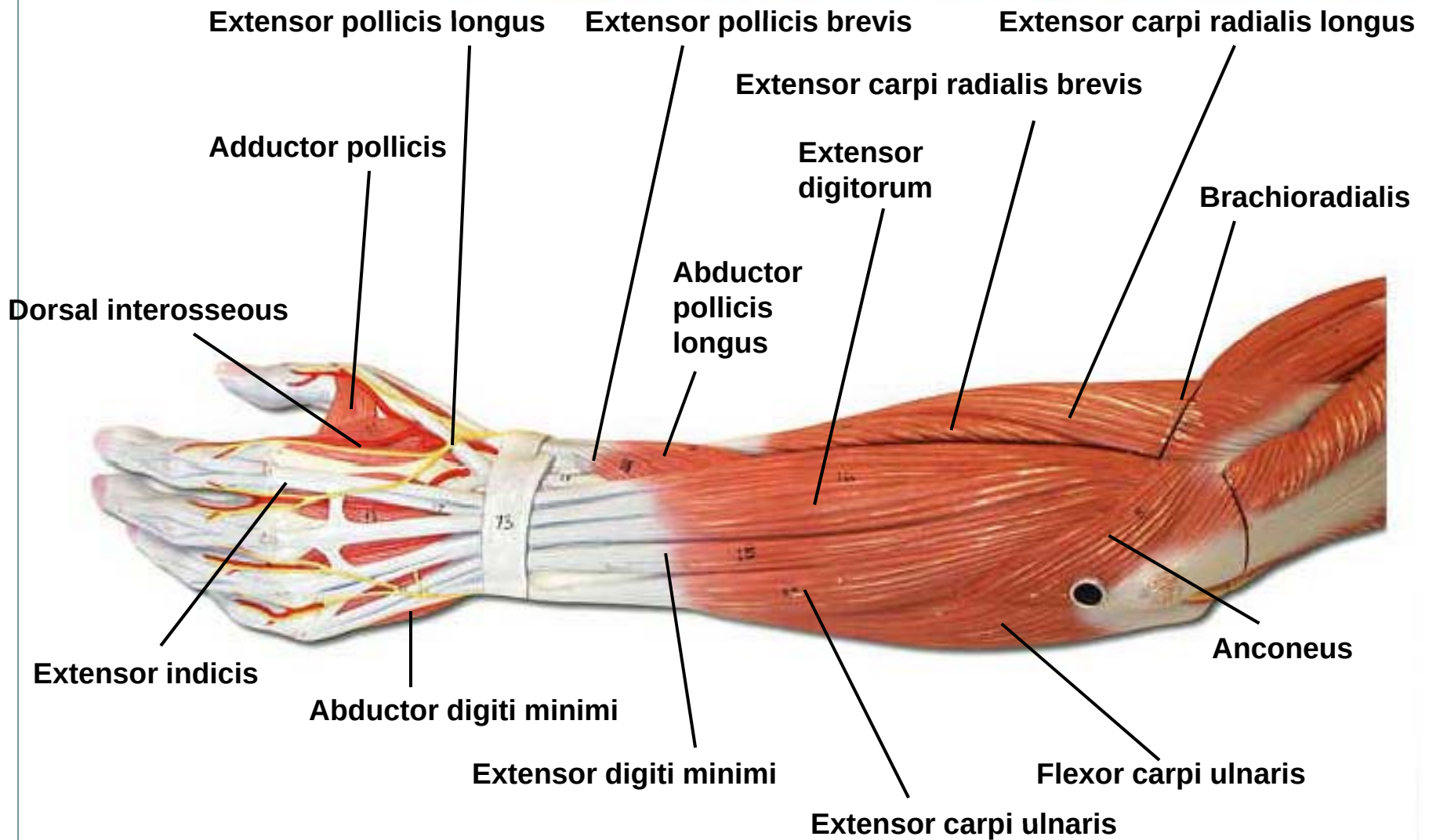
Superficial muscles of the forearm, anterior view, left side



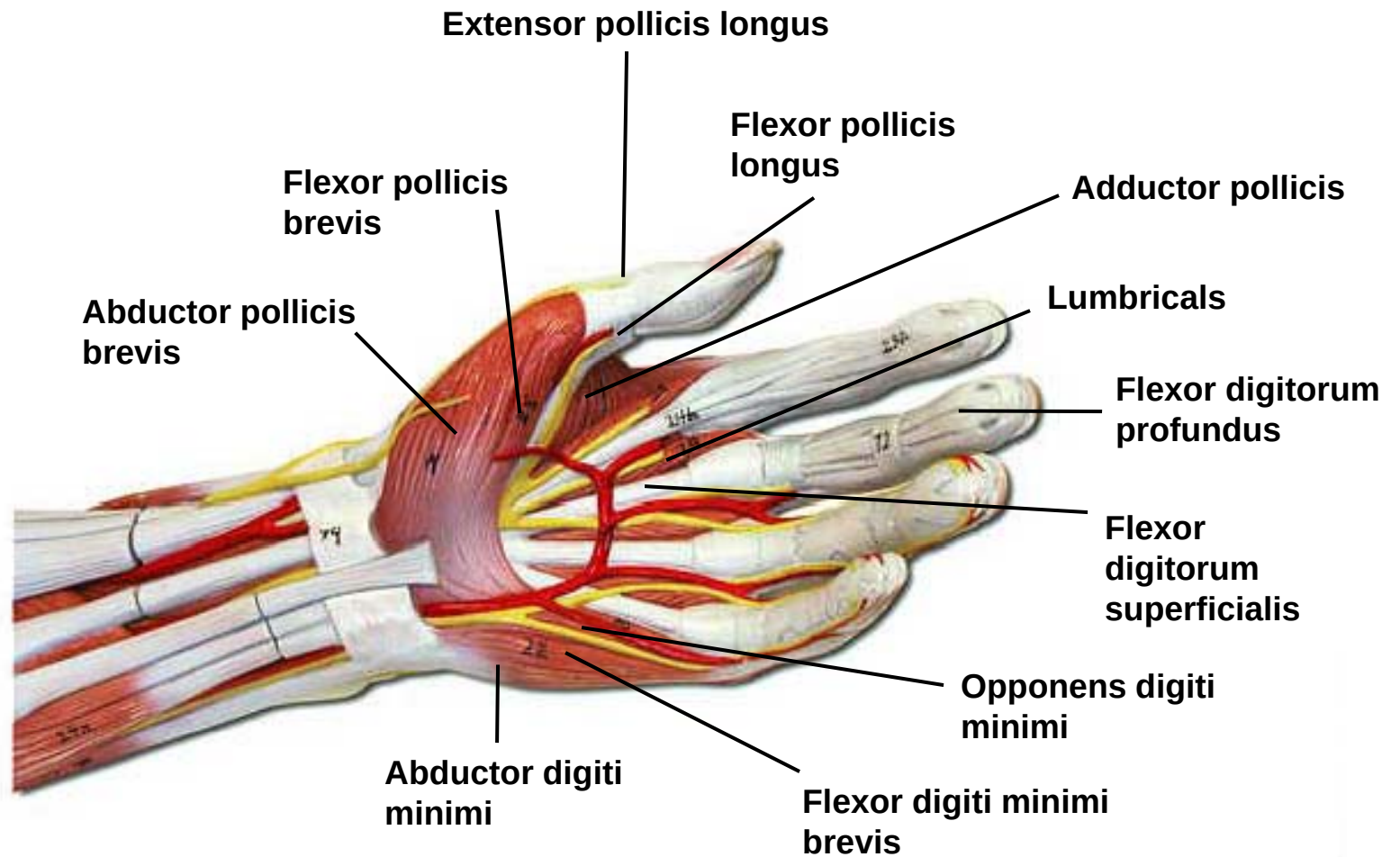
Deep muscles of the forearm, anterior view, left side



Superficial muscles of the forearm and hand, posterior view, left side



Muscles of the hand, anterior view, left side



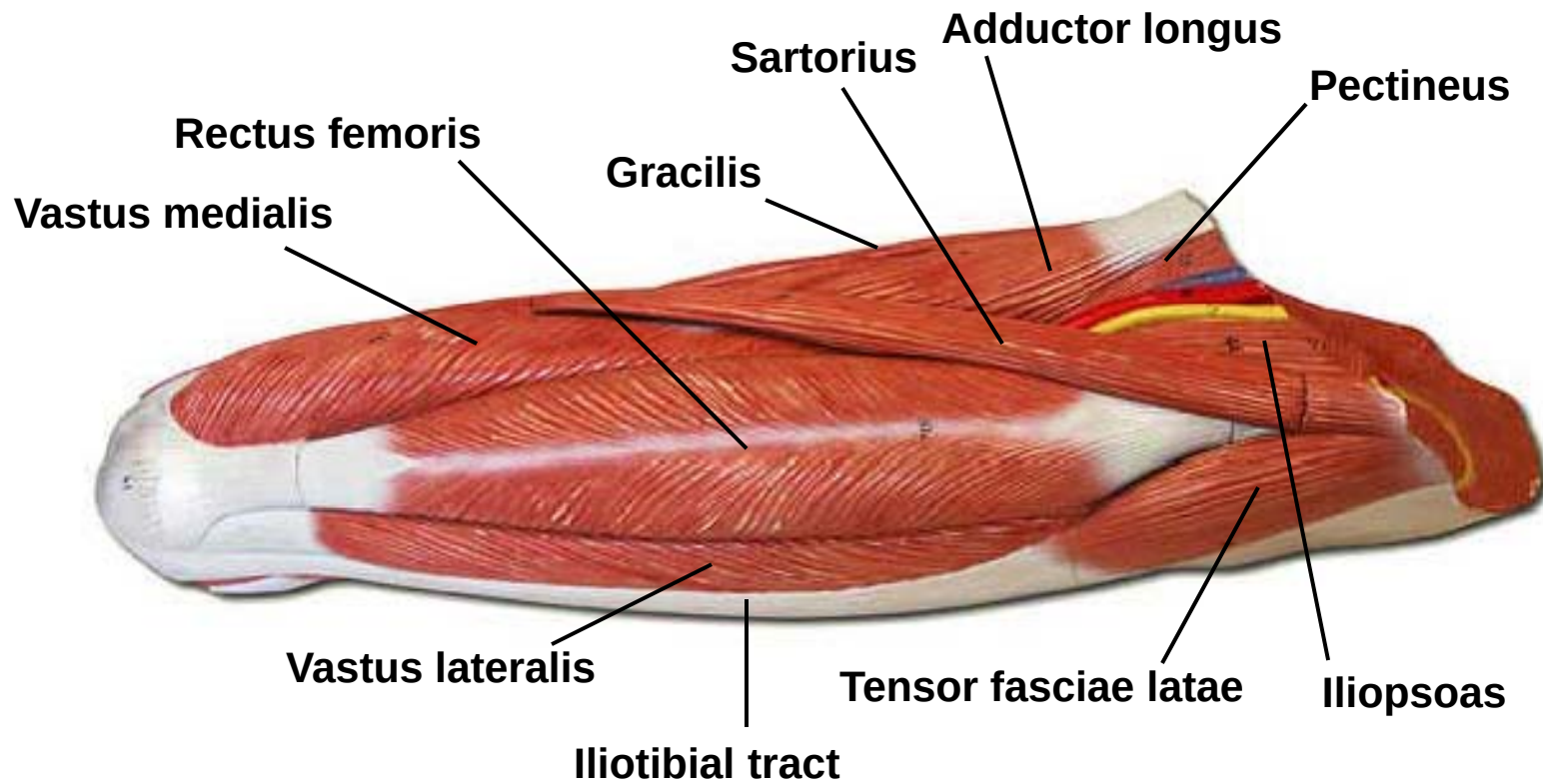
Muscles of the hand, posterior view, right side

Dorsal interosseus

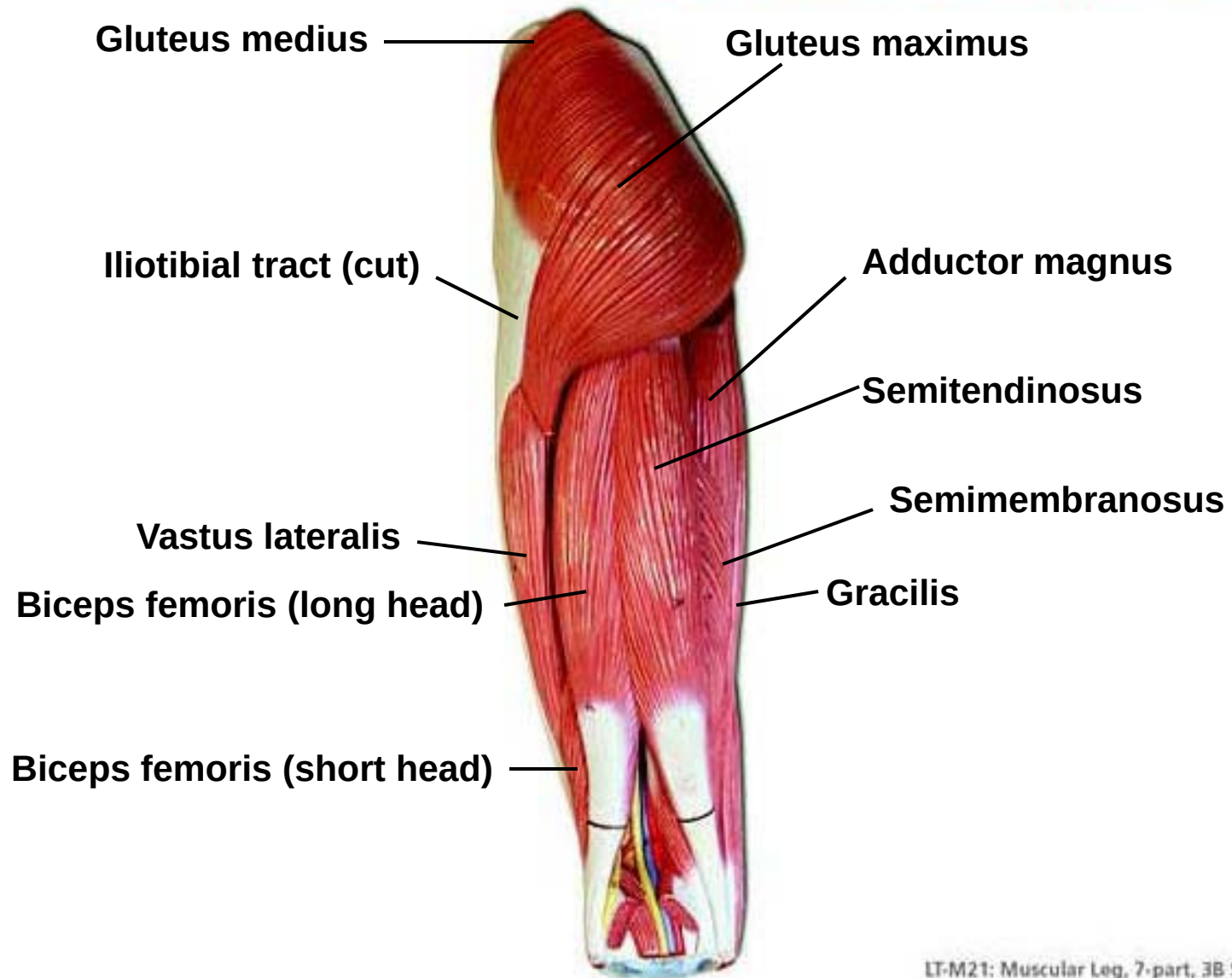
Abductor digiti minimi



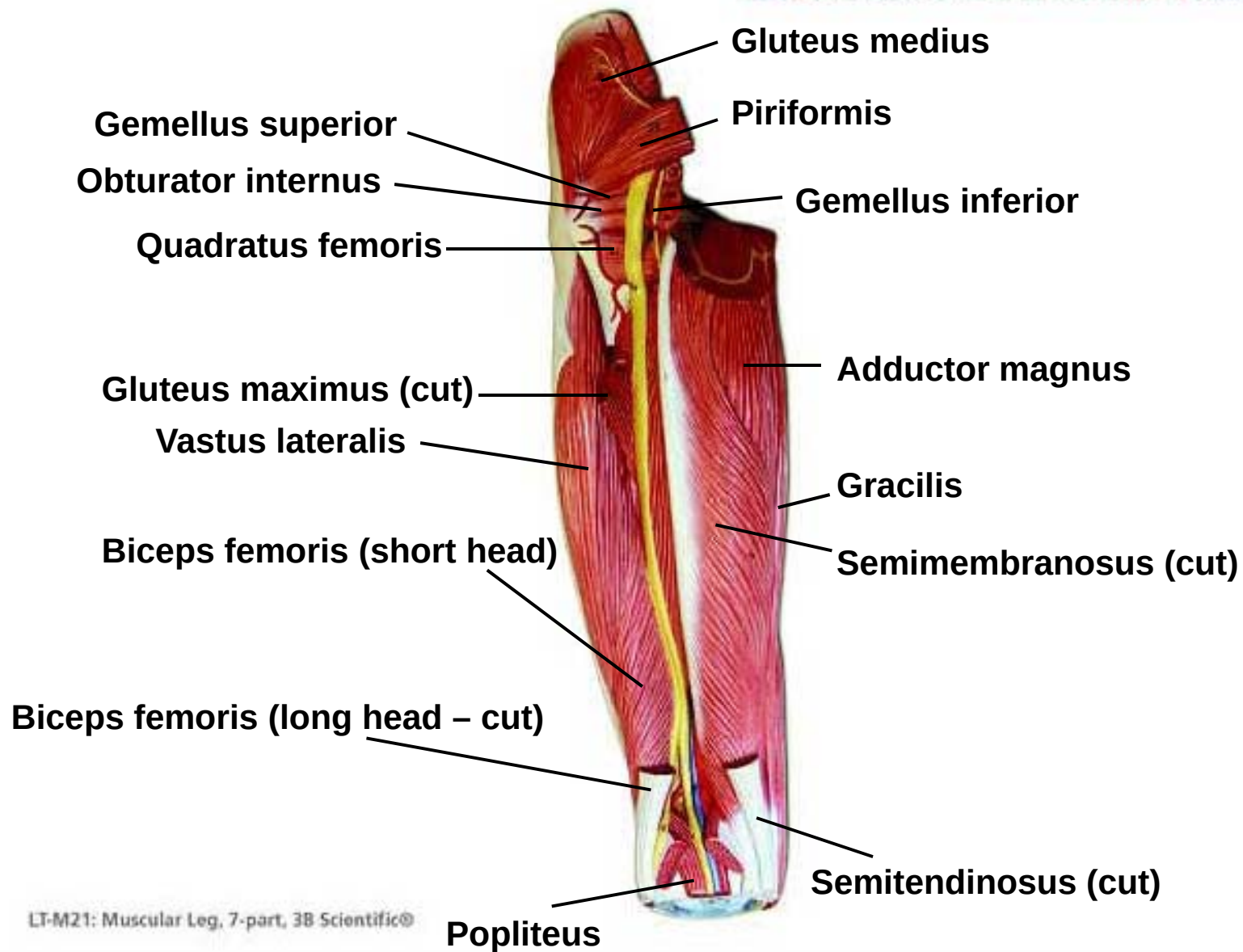
Superficial muscles of the left thigh, anterior view



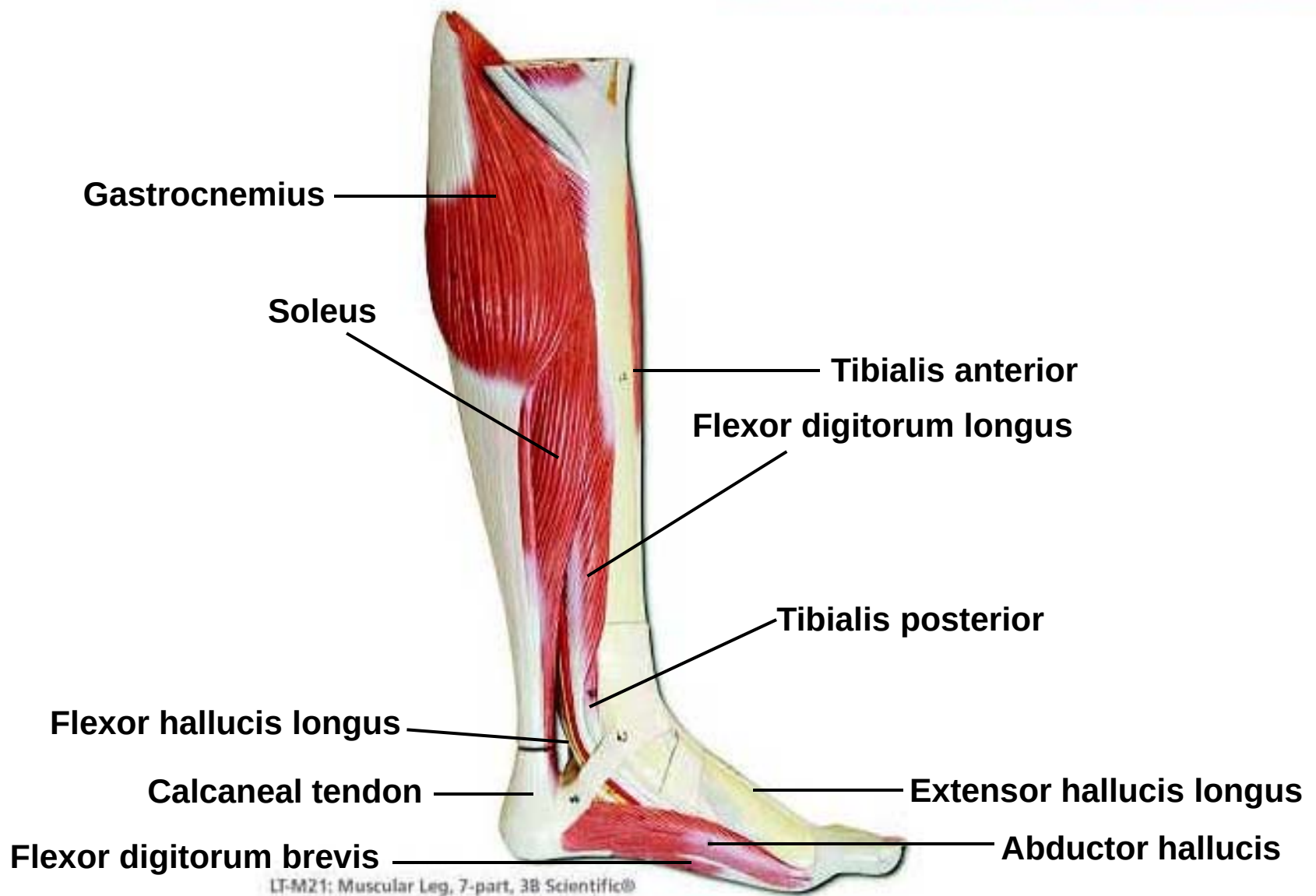
Superficial muscles of the left thigh, posterior view



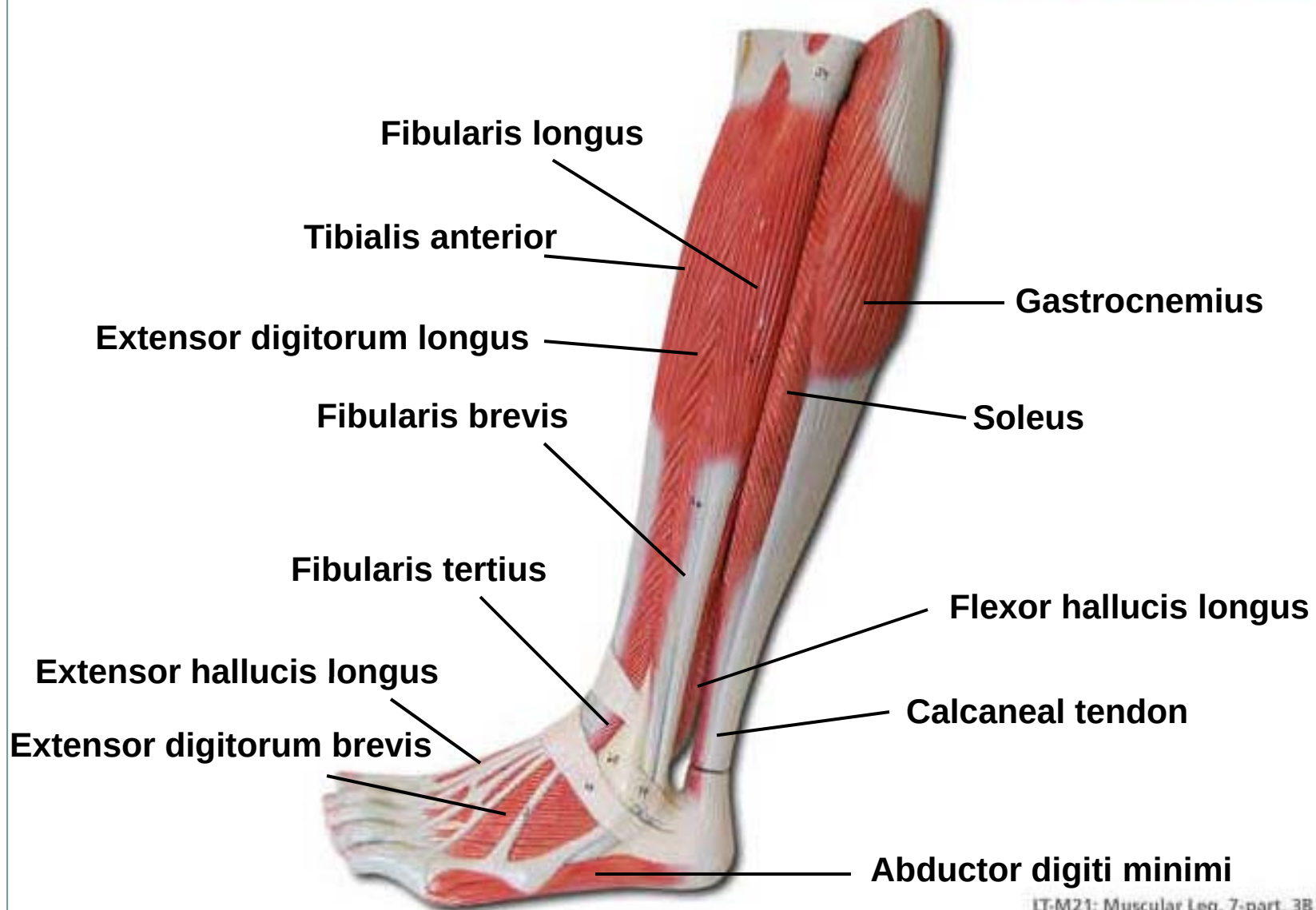
Deep muscles of the left thigh, posterior view



Muscles of the left leg and foot, medial view



Muscles of the left leg and foot, lateral view



Muscles of the leg, deep posterior view

